(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE I IN SECTION THREE)

## TÜRKİYE İHRACAT KREDİ BANKASI A.Ş.

PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AT 31 DECEMBER 2020



Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve SMMM A. Ş. Maslak Mah. Eski Büyükdere Cad. Orjin Maslak İş Merkezi No: 27 K: 2-3-4 34485 Sarıyer/İstanbul TÜRKİYE Tel: +90 212 315 3000 Fax: +90 212 230 8291

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the General Assembly of Türkiye İhracat Kredi Bankası A.Ş:

#### A) Audit of Unconsolidated Financial Statements

#### 1) Opinion

We have audited the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements of Türkiye İhracat Kredi Bankası A.Ş. (the "Bank"), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the unconsolidated financial position of the Bank as at 31 December 2020, and unconsolidated financial performance and unconsolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the "Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation" which includes the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette No. 26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and requirements of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") for the matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations.

## 2) Basis of Opinion

Our audit was conducted in accordance with "Regulation on independent audit of the Banks" published in the Official Gazette no.29314 dated 2 April 2015 by BRSA (BRSA Independent Audit Regulation) and Independent Auditing Standards ("ISA") which are the part of Turkish Auditing Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with of Code of Ethics for Independent Auditors (Code of Ethics) published by POA and have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with the code of ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## 3) Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. Key audit matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



#### **Key Audit Matter**

Financial impact of TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" standard and recognition of impairment on financial assets and related important disclosures

As disclosed in footnote VI and VII of Section 3; the Bank measured expected credit losses for financial assets by TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments Standards" in financial statements. The rationale reasons for selecting TFRS 9 implementation and impairment of financial assets as key audit subject are as follows;

- Financial assets within balance-sheet and off-balancesheet subject to TFRS 9 expected credit losses measurement have significant balance in the financial statements
- The applications TFRS 9 are complex and comprehensive
- The classification of financial instruments based on the Bank's business models and the characteristics of contractual cash flows in line with TFRS 9 and requirement of important judgments to determine this business model and the characteristics of contractual cash flows
- Risks related to the policies established by the management with the compliance and requirements of the legislation and other applications for the calculation of expected credit losses
- The complexity and intensity of the control environment in the processes designed or reorganized for TFRS 9
- Estimations and assumptions used in expected credit losses are new, important and complex
- Complex and comprehensive disclosure requirements of TFRS 9.

## How the Key Audit Matter is addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures in addition to our current audit procedures:

- Evaluation of the compliance of the accounting policies adopted with regard to TFRS 9, the Bank's past performance, and local and global practices
- Analysis and testing of processes, systems, and controls originated or re-designed in order to calculate expected credit losses by the Information Systems and Process Audit specialists
- Evaluation of the key judgments, assumptions, methods used for calculation of expected credit loss determined by the management, and whether the data source is reasonable or not, and their compliance and standard requirements in light of industry and global practices
- Testing criteria used for determining the contractual cash flows including interest payments with regard to solely principal and principal balance of financial assets on a sample basis and evaluation of Bank's business model
- Evaluation of significant increase in credit risk, definition of default, definition of restructuring, probability of default, loss given default, exposure at default and macro-economic variables, and related basic and significant estimates and assumptions determined for calculation process of expected credit loss and whether these assumptions determined by financial risk management are in line with the Bank's historical performance, legislation, and reasonableness of the estimation process regarding future performance and investigation of credit risk portfolio on a sample basis
- Evaluation of the accuracy and completeness of attributes of the data used for the calculation process of expected credit losses
- Detailed testing of mathematical verification of expected credit losses' calculation on a sample basis
- Evaluation of the assumptions and estimations used for the individually assessed financial assets based on expert judgment
- Evaluating the necessity and accuracy of the updates made or required updates after the modeling process
- Evaluating the impact of the Covid-19 outbreak, on macroeconomic variables in staging loans and calculating expected credit loss provision, together with important forward estimates and assumptions
- Auditing of disclosures related to TFRS 9.



## Key audit matter

#### **Hedge Accounting**

The Bank applies fair value hedge transactions to manage fixed interest rate risk due to securities issued at fixed rate with interest rate swap transactions.

The Bank applies cash flow hedge transactions to manage foreign currency risk due to securities issued at fixed rate and loans and advances at floating rate with cross-currency swap transactions.

 The criteria for the application of the hedge accounting include defining, documenting and regularly testing the effectiveness of the hedge accounting transactions. Due to the fact that hedge accounting has complex structure and requires technical calculations, we considered this to be one of the key audit matters.

## How the matter was addressed in our audit

The audit procedures for testing hedge accounting included below;

- To examine the documentation and appropriateness of hedging relationships of cash flow hedge and fair value hedge transactions.
- To take into account the objective of the hedge accounting and its compliance with TFRS requirements.
   To test the management's assessment of effectiveness, measuring ineffectiveness and appropriateness of accounting records.
- To understand and test the hedge accounting controls, hedging relationship, the effectiveness controls at inception and at subsequent periods.
- To evaluate the adequacy of the unconsolidated financial statement disclosures related to hedge accounting.

## 4) Other Matter

The financial statements of the Bank as at 31 December 2019 were audited by another audit firm which expressed an unqualified opinion in their reports issued on 28 February 2020.

## 5) Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Bank management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.



6) Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

In an independent audit, the responsibilities of us as independent auditors are:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with BRSA Independent Audit Regulation and ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with BRSA Independent Audit Regulation and ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. (The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.)
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## B) Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) In accordance with Article 402 paragraph 4 of the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") no 6102; no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Bank's bookkeeping activities and financial statements for the period January 1 December 31, 2020 are not in compliance with the laws and provisions of the Bank's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.
- 2) In accordance with Article 402 paragraph 4 of the TCC; the Board of Directors submitted to us the necessary explanations and provided required documents within the context of audit.

The engagement partner who supervised and concluded this independent auditor's report is Yaşar Bivas.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi

A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Yaşar Bivas, SMMM

Partner

26 February 2021 Istanbul, Turkey



## CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE NOTE 1.3 IN SECTION THREE

## THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF TÜRKİYE İHRACAT KREDİ BANKASI A.Ş. ("TÜRK EXIMBANK") AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2020

Address of the Bank's Management Center: Saray Mah. Ahmet Tevfik İleri Cad. No: 19

34768 Ümraniye / İSTANBUL

The Bank's Telephone: (216) 666 55 00 The Bank's Fax: (216) 666 55 99

The Bank's website: www.eximbank.gov.tr

E-Mail Address for Contact: info@eximbank.gov.tr

The unconsolidated financial report includes the following sections in accordance with the "Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Explanation and Notes that will be Publicly Announced" as sanctioned by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency.

- GENERAL INFORMATION
- UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- ACCOUNTING POLICIES
- INFORMATION RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK
- INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- OTHER EXPLANATIONS
- INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these financial statements which are expressed, unless otherwise stated, in thousands of Turkish lira, have been prepared and presented based on the accounting books of the Bank in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards; the related appendices and interpretations of these financial statements have been independently audited.

**Riza Tuna TURAGAY**Deputy Chairman of Board of Directors

**Ali GÜNEY** General Manager Hüseyin ŞAHİN
Deputy General Manager
Responsible for Financial
Reporting

**Taner YAVUZ**Head of Financial Affairs

Osman ÇELİK

Member of the Board of Directors / Member of the Audit Committee Nail OLPAK

Member of the Board of Directors / Member of the Audit Committee

Contact information of the personnel in charge for addressing questions about this financial report: Name-Surname/Title: Taner YAVUZ/ Head of Financial Affairs

Tel :(0216) 666 55 88 Fax No :(0216) 666 55 99

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	Explanation about the Bank's capital structure and shareholders who are in charge of the management and/or auditing of the Bank
	directly or indirectly, changes in these matters throughout the year (if any) and the group that the Bank
[.	Explanation on the board of directors, members of the audit committee, president and executive vice presidents and their shareholding
	at the Bank, if applicable
•	Brief information on the Bank's service type and fields of operation
	Short explanation about those entities subject to full consolidation or proportionate consolidation with the differences regarding the
	consolidation transactions performed in accordance with the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks
	and Turkish Accounting Standards, those deducted from the equities or not included in these three methods
[.	Existing or potential, actual or legal barriers for the immediate transfer of equities among the subsidiaries of the Bank or the
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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION ONE**

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

I. Bank's date of foundation, initial status, history regarding the changes in this status

Türkiye İhracat Kredi Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank" or "Eximbank") was established as Turkey's "Official Export Credit Agency" on 25 March 1987 with Act number 3332 as a development and investment bank and accordingly, the Bank does not accept deposits.

II. Explanation about the Bank's capital structure and shareholders who are in charge of the management and/or auditing of the Bank directly or indirectly, changes in these matters throughout the year (if any) and the group of the Bank

The Bank has implemented the registered capital system and the upper limit of registered capital of the Bank is TL 10.000.000. The total share capital of the Bank is TL 9.270.000 in the current period. The Bank's paid-in-capital committed by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance consists of 9.270.000 shares of TL 1 (full TL) nominal each.

III. Explanation on the board of directors, members of the audit committee, general manager and assistant general managers and their shareholding at the Bank, if applicable

	Name:	Academic Background:
Chairman of the Board of Directors(*):		
Dep. Chairman of the Board of Directors:	Rıza Tuna TURAGAY	Graduate
Members of the Board of Directors:	Ali GÜNEY Osman ÇELİK Fahriye Alev ARKAN Nail OLPAK Ismail GÜLLE	Undergraduate Undergraduate Undergraduate Graduate Graduate
Audit Committee:	Osman ÇELİK Nail OLPAK	Undergraduate Graduate
General Manager:	Ali GÜNEY	Undergraduate
Assistant General Managers:	Enis GÜLTEKİN Hakan UZUN Necdet KARADENİZ M. Çağrı ALTINDAĞ Erdem OKUR Hüseyin SAHİN	Graduate Graduate Graduate Undergraduate Graduate Undergraduate

<sup>(\*)</sup> As of February 3, 2021, the Chairman of the Board of Directors resigned and Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors acts as the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION ONE (Continued)**

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)**

## III. Explanation on the board of directors, members of the audit committee, general manager and deputy general managers and their shareholding at the Bank, if applicable (Continued)

Ali GÜNEY is the General Manager, Necdet KARADENİZ is the Deputy General Manager in Charge of Allocation, M. Çağrı ALTINDAĞ is the Deputy General Manager in charge of Marketing, Hüseyin ŞAHİN is the Deputy General Manager in charge of Financial Affairs/Operations/Risk Monitoring, Hakan UZUN is the Deputy General Manager responsible from Treasury/Finance, Enis GÜLTEKİN is the Deputy General Manager responsible from Insurance/International Loans and Erdem OKUR is the Deputy General Manager responsible from Technology/Support.

The Bank's chairman and members of the board of directors, the members of the audit committee, general manager and deputy general managers do not own shares of the Bank.

## IV. Information on the shareholders or entities owning control shares

Name Surname/Commercial title	Share amount	Share percentage	Paid-in capital	Unpaid portion
Ministry of Treasury and Finance	9.270.000	100%	9.270.000	-

## V. Brief information on the Bank's service type and fields of operation

The Bank has been founded to support the development of export, venture investments, foreign trade through diversification of the exported goods and services, by increasing the share of exporters and entrepreneurs in international trade, to encourage foreign investments and production and sales of foreign currency earning commodities and to create new markets for the exported commodities, to provide exporters and overseas contractors with support to increase their competitiveness.

As a means of aiding export development services, the Bank performs loan, guarantee and insurance services in order to financially support export and foreign currency earning services. While performing the above mentioned operations, in addition to its own equity, the Bank provides short, medium or long term, domestic and foreign currency lending through borrowings from domestic and foreign money and capital markets.

On the other hand, the Bank also performs fund management (treasury) operations related with its core banking operations. These operations are Turkish Lira and foreign currency capital market operations, Turkish Lira and foreign currency money market operations, foreign currency market operations and derivative transactions, all of which are approved by the Board of Directors. As a result of Decision No. 4106 dated 11 March 2011 of the Banking Regulation and Supervisory Board published in Official Gazette No. 27876, dated 16 March 2011, permission was granted to the Bank to allow it to be engaged in the purchase and sale of foreign exchange-based options. The losses due to the political risks arising on loan, guarantee and insurance operations of the Bank, are transferred to the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance according to article 4/c of Act number 3332 that was appended by Act number 3659 and according to Act regarding the Public Financing and Debt Management, No 4749, dated 28 March 2002. In addition, Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency authorized the Bank to operate in "Purchase and sale of precious metals and stones" and "purchase and sale of the transaction based on the precious metals" on 8 April 2014 and published in the Official Gazette No. 28966 within the scope of paragraphs (h) and (i) paragraph of article number 4 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

VI. Short explanation about those entities subject to full consolidation or proportionate consolidation with the differences regarding the consolidation transactions performed in accordance with the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards, those deducted from the equities or not included in these three methods

There are not any transactions of the Bank subject to consolidation.

VII. Existing or potential, actual or legal barriers for the immediate transfer of equities among the subsidiaries of the Bank or the repayment of debts

The Bank does not have any subsidiaries.

## TÜRKİYE İHRACAT KREDİ BANKASI A.Ş. BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

				Audited Current Period (31 December 2020)		(3	Audited Prior Period 1 December 20	
	ASSETS	Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		3.084.507	10.048.023	13.132.530	382.805	11.054.992	11.437.797
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents		2.962.846	8.718.584	11.681.430	339,477	9.648,741	9.988.218
1.1.1.	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(1)	268	5.005.314	5.005.582	572	7.320.280	7.320.852
1.1.2.	Banks	(4)	1.274.843	3.713.270	4.988.113	339,005	2.328.461	2.667.466
1.1.3.	Money Market Placements	` ′	1.688.243	-	1.688.243	-	-	-
1.1.4.	Expected Credit Losses (-)		508	-	508	100	_	100
1.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit/Loss		_	153.454	153.454	-	-	-
1.2.1.	Government Securities		_	74.901	74,901	_	_	_
1.2.2.	Equity Securities		_	-	_	_	_	_
1.2.3.	Other Financial Assets		_	78.553	78,553	_	_	_
1.3	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	(6)	95.532	709,777	805.309	37.822		37.822
1.3.1.	Government Securities	(-)	-	668,938	668.938		_	
1.3.2.	Equity Securities		95.532	-	95,532	37.822	_	37.822
1.3.3.	Other Financial Assets			40,839	40.839		_	
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	(3)	26,129	466,208	492.337	5.506	1.406,251	1.411.757
1.4.1.	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(-)	26.129	448.655	474.784	5.506	1.259.110	1.264.616
1.4.2	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		20.127	17.553	17.553	-	147.141	147.141
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST (Net)		18.568.676	170.324.308	188.892.984	11.261.992	138.720.525	149.982.517
2.1	Loans	(7)	16.358.694	162,676,342	179.035.036	8.739.992	134.619.923	143.359.915
2.2	Lease Receivables	(12)	-	10210701012		0	10 110151520	-
2.3	Factoring Receivables	(12)	_			-	-	
2.4	Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	(8)	2.991.111	7.647.966	10.639.077	2.989.880	4.100.602	7.090,482
2.4.1.	Government Securities	(0)	2.991.111	7,647,966	10.639.077	2.989.880	4.100.602	7.090.482
2.4.2.	Other Financial Assets		2.551.111	7.047.700	10.037.077	2.707.000	4.100.002	7.070.402
2.5	Expected Credit Losses (-)		781.129	_	781.129	467.880	_	467,880
III.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(14)	701.127		701.125	407.000		407.000
3.1	Asset Held for Resale	(14)				_	_	_
3.2	Assets of Discontinued Operations		-			_	-	-
IV.	OWNERSHIP INVESTMENTS (Net)							_
4.1	Associates (Net)	(9)						
4.1.1	Associates Consolidated Under Equity Accounting	(3)	-			-	-	-
4.1.2	Unconsolidated Associates  Unconsolidated Associates		-			_	-	-
4.1.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	(10)	-	•	-	-	-	-
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Investments in Subsidiaries	(10)	-	•	-	-	-	-
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Pinancial Investments in Subsidiaries  Unconsolidated Non-Financial Investments in Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	(11)						
4.3.1	Joint-Ventures (Net)  Joint-Ventures Consolidated Under Equity Accounting	(11)	-	•	-	-	-	-
4.3.1	Unconsolidated Joint-Ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-
V.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		16.761	-	16.761	21.485	-	21.485
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		10.787	•	10.187	7.122	-	7.122
			10.187	-	10.187	7.122	-	7.122
6.1	Goodwill Others		10.187	-	10.187	7.122	-	7.122
VII.		(12)		-	2.111		-	
	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	(13)	2.111	•		2.046	-	2.046
VIII. IX.	CURRENT TAX ASSET DEFERRED TAX ASSET		-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. X.			1 222 645	940.054	2 172 701	1 017 400	414.747	1 422 145
Α.	OTHER ASSETS		1.332.645	840.056	2.172.701	1.017.400	414.745	1.432.145
	TOTAL ASSETS		23.014.887	181.212.387	204.227.274	12.692.850	150.190.262	162.883.112

## TÜRKİYE İHRACAT KREDİ BANKASI A.Ş. BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

			(3	Audited Current Period 31 December 20		(3	119)	
	LIABILITIES	Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	DEPOSITS	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(3)	7.769.415	152.861.279	160.630.694	-	127.584.542	127.584.542
III.	MONEY MARKET FUNDS		-	1.375.566	1.375.566	-	-	-
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)		263.004	22.690.256	22.953.260	263.654	18.527.877	18.791.531
4.1	Bills		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2	Asset Backed Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3	Bonds		263.004	22.690.256	22.953.260	263.654	18.527.877	18.791.531
v.	FUNDS		13	-	13	13	-	13
5.1	Borrower Funds		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.2	Other		13	-	13	13	-	13
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT/LOSS		-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	(2)	11.443	779.685	791.128	-	106.949	106.949
7.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss		11.443	110.787	122.230	-	77.040	77.040
7.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		-	668.898	668.898	-	29.909	29.909
VIII.	FACTORING PAYABLES							
IX.	LEASE PAYABLES	(5)	6.616	5.917	12.533	8.717	8.244	16.961
X.	PROVISIONS	(6)	329.341	-	329.341	263.359	-	263.359
10.1	Restructuring Provisions		00.027	-	- 00.027	-	-	- 06.006
10.2	Reserve for Employee Rights		98.827	-	98.827	96.896	-	96.896
10.3	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		220.514	-	220.514	166.462	-	166 462
10.4	Other Provisions	(7.1)	230.514	-	230.514	166.463	-	166.463
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	(7.1)	17.700	-	17.700	18.611	-	18.611
XII. XIII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY	(7.2)	-	-	-	-	-	-
AIII.	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)							
13.1	Asset Held for Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.1	Related to discontinued operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIV.	SUBORDINATED LOANS		2.998.128	1.465.448	4.463.576	2.996.129	1.029.725	4.025.854
14.1	Borrowings		2.550.120	1.465.448	1.465.448	2.550.125	1.029.725	1.029.725
14.2	Other Debt Instruments		2.998.128	1.405.440	2.998.128	2.996.129	1.029.723	2.996.129
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES	(4)	129.541	2.110.465	2.240.006	51.437	2.943.631	2.995.068
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(8)	11.347.773	65.684	11.413.457	9.031.225	48,999	9.080.224
16.1	Paid-in Capital	(0)	9.270.000	05.004	9.270.000	7.160.000	40.777	7.160.000
16.2	Capital Reserves		9.270.000	_	9.270.000	7.100.000	-	7.100.000
16.2.1	Share Premium		_	_	-	-	-	-
16.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		_	_	_	_	_	_
16.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		_	_	_	_	_	_
16.3	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items not to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss		(16.094)	_	(16.094)	(16.300)	_	(16,300)
16.4	Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss		83.612	65.684	149.296	28.658	48,999	77.657
16.5	Profit Reserves		498.867	05.004	498.867	427.232	.0.,,,,	427.232
16.5.1	Legal Reserves		494.199	_	494.199	422.618	_	422.618
16.5.2	Status Reserves		.,,	_	.,,	.22.010	_	.22.010
16.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		4,668	_	4.668	4.614	_	4.614
16.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		-	_	-	-	_	-
16.6	Profit/Loss		1.511.388	_	1.511.388	1.431.635	_	1.431.635
16.6.1	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss		-	_	-	-	_	-
16.6.2	Current Period's Net Profit/Los		1.511.388	_	1.511.388	1.431.635	_	1.431.635
			-	_	-			
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		22.872.974	181.354.300	204.227.274	12.633.145	150,249,967	162.883.112

## TÜRKİYE İHRACAT KREDİ BANKASI A.Ş. STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

			(31	Auditied urrent Period December 20	20)	(31	Audited Prior Period December 20	
		Notes	TL	FC	TOTAL	TL	FC	TOTAL
<b>A.</b> <b>I.</b> 1.1	OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III) GUARANTEES AND SURETIES Letters of guarantee	(1.2)		133.965.688 11.853.257 11.040		4.147.298	118.466.125 10.891.326	
1.1.1 1.1.2	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		-	-	-	-	-	
1.1.3	Other Letters of Guarantee		-	11.040	11.040	-		
1.2	Bank Acceptances		-	-	-	-	-	
1.2.1	Import Letter of Acceptance Other Bank Acceptances		-	:	-	-	:	
1.3	Letters of Credit		-	-	-	-	-	
1.3.1	Documentary Letters of Credit Other Letters of Credit		-		-	-		
1.4	Prefinancing Given as Guarantee		-	-	-	-	-	
.5 .5.1	Endorsements Endorsements to the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	
1.5.2	Other Endorsements		-		-	-	-	
1.6 1.7	Securities Issue Purchase Guarantees Factoring Guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	
1.8	Other Guarantees		137.621	11.842.217	11.979.838		10.891.326	10.891.32
1.9	Other sureties			-	-	-		
II. 2.1	COMMITMENTS Irrevocable Commitments		4.372.643	<b>62.390.704</b> 1.147.391	<b>66.763.347</b> 1.147.391	3.914.283	<b>43.811.392</b> 20.879	<b>47.725.67</b> 20.87
2.1.1	Asset Purchase and Sale Commitments		-	18.109	18.109	-	19.988	19.98
2.1.2	Deposit Purchase and Sales Commitments Share Capital Commitments to Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	
2.1.3	Loan Granting Commitments		-		-	-		
2.1.5	Securities Issue Brokerage Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	
2.1.6 2.1.7	Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements Commitments for Cheques		-	:	-	-	:	
2.1.8	Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	
2.1.9 2.1.10	Commitments for Credit Card Limits Commitments for Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions				-			
	Receivables from Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities		-	-	-	-		
	Payables for Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities		-	1 120 202	1 120 202	-	- 001	00
2.1.13 2.2	Other Irrevocable Commitments Revocable Commitments		4.372.643	1.129.282 61.243.313	1.129.282 65.615.956	3.914.283	891 43.790.513	89 47.704.79
2.2.1	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		4.372.643			3.914.283		47.704.79
2.2.2 III.	Other Revocable Commitments DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		709.566	59.721.727	60.431.293	233.015	63.763.407	63.996.42
3.1	Hedging Derivative Financial Instruments		-	54.957.237	54.957.237	233.013	49.664.792	49.664.79
	Transactions for Fair Value Hedge		-	40.242.242		-	34.990.664	34.990.66
3.1.2	Transactions for Cash Flow Hedge Transactions for Foreign Net Investment Hedge		-	14.714.995	14.714.995	-	14.674.128	14.674.12
3.2	Trading Transactions		709.566	4.764.490	5.474.056	233.015	14.098.615	14.331.63
	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy		46.352 21.814	42.987 22.800	89.339 44.614	-	-	
	Prorward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell		24.538	20.187	44.725	-	-	
	Swap Transactions Related to Foreign Currency and Interest Rates Foreign Currency Swap-Buy		663.214 172345	4.721.503 2.475.233	5.384.717 2.647.578	233.015	14.098.615 3.254.071	14.331.63 3.254.07
	Professin Currency Swap-Buy		490.869	2.246.270	2.737.139	233.015		3.260.56
	Interest Rate Swap-Buy		-	-	-	-	3.908.495	3.908.49
	Interest Rate Swap-Sell Foreign Currency, Interest rate and Securities Options		-	-		-	3.908.495	3.908.49
3.2.3.	Foreign Currency Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	
	Proreign Currency Options-Sell Interest Rate Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	
	Hnterest Rate Options-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	
	Securities Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	
	Securities Options-Sell Foreign Currency Futures		-	-	-	-	-	
	Foreign Currency Futures-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	
	Proreign Currency Futures-Sell Interest Rate Futures		-		-			
3.2.5.	Interest Rate Futures-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	
	Enterest Rate Futures-Sell Other		-	-	-	-	-	
5.2.0 <b>B.</b>	CUSTODY AND PLEDGES RECEIVED (IV+V+VI)		21.385.750	312.775.010	334.160.760	5.238.105	165.284.715	170.522.82
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		-	-	-	-	-	
4.1 4.2	Customer Fund and Portfolio Balances Investment Securities Held in Custody		-	:	-		:	
4.3	Cheques Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	
4.4 4.5	Commercial Notes Received for Collection Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-		
4.6	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-	-		
4.7 4.8	Other Items Under Custody Custodians		-	-	-	-	-	
4.8 V.	PLEDGES RECEIVED		711.778	3.216.024	3.927.802	741.704	4.105.147	4.846.85
5.1	Marketable Securities		-	49.493	49.493	-	39.923	39.92
5.2 5.3	Guarantee Notes Commodity		-	:	:	-	-	
5.4	Warranty		-	-	-	-		
5.5	Real Estates Other Pladged Items		692.488	2.999.818	3.692.306	713.434 28.270		4.638.44 168.48
5.6 5.7	Other Pledged Items Pledged Items-Depository		19.290	166.713	186.003	28.270	140.211	108.48
VI.	CONFIRMED BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND SURETIES		20.673.972	309.558.986	330.232.958	4.496.401	161.179.568	165.675.96
	TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (A+B)		26,605 580	446.740.698	473,346,279	9.385 402	283.750.840	293 136 24
	TOTAL OTT-DALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (ATD)		40.003.360		713.370.410	7.303.403	203.730.040	2/3.130.24

# TÜRKİYE İHRACAT KREDİ BANKASI A.Ş. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

	GELÎR VE GÎDER KALEMLERÎ	Dipnot	Auditied Current Period (31 December 2020)	Audited Prior Period (31 December 2019)
	INTERST INCOME	(1)	5.011.400	4.056.150
I.		(1)	5.011.499	4.856.159
1.1	Interest Income On Loans Interest Income On Reserve Deposits		4.229.188	4.341.340
1.3	Interest Income On Reserve Deposits  Interest Income On Banks		126,794	158,958
1.3	Interest Income On Money Market Transactions		72.387	3.407
1.5	Interest Income On Securities Portfolio		571.717	348.816
1.5.1	Financial Assets Measured At Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		20.614	346.610
1.5.1	Financial Assets Measured At Fair Value Reported in Other Comprehensive Income		25.163	-
1.5.2	Financial Assets Measured At Amortised Cost		525.940	348.816
1.6	Financial Lease Income		323.940	340.010
1.7	Other Interest Income		11.413	3.638
II.	INTEREST EXPENSE	(2)	3.788.554	3.741.609
2.1	Interest On Deposits	(2)	3.766.334	3.741.009
2.2	Interest On Europeans Interest On Funds Borrowed		2.084.517	2,255,608
2.3	Interest On Money Market Transactions		2.064.317	2.233.008
2.4	Interest On Notice Market Transactions Interest On Securities Issued		1.682.468	1.450.960
2.5	Financial Lease Interest Expenses		2.481	3.024
2.6	Other Interest Expenses		18.937	29.934
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II)		1.222.945	1.114.550
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES		224.416	175.162
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		573,966	428.486
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans			428.480
4.1.1	Other		21 573.945	428.486
4.1.2	Fees and Commissions Paid			(253.324)
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		(349.550)	(233.324)
4.2.1	Other		(349.550)	(253.324)
4.2.2 V.				(233.324)
V. VI.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(2)	89 844.842	
	NET TRADING INCOME/LOSSES (Net)	(3)		627.029
6.1	Trading Account Income/Losses		10.003	38
6.2	Income/Losses From Derivative Financial Instruments		(1.549.818)	1.133.364
6.3 VII.	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(4)	2.384.657	(506.373)
VII. VIII.	TOTAL OPERATING PROFIT (III+IV-V+VI+VII+VIII)	(4)	14.766 2.307.058	7.789 1.924.600
IX.	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-)	(5)	369.469	132.997
X.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	(6)	14.281	422
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)	(0)	260.866	225.572
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(6)	151.054	133.974
XIII.	NET OPERATING EXPENSES (-) NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (IX-X-XI)	(0)	1.511.388	1.431.635
XIII.	INCOME RESULTED FROM MERGERS		1.511.566	1.431.033
XV.	INCOME RESULTED FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING		-	-
XVI.	GAIN/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-
XVII.	OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES (XI++XIV)		1.511.388	1.431.635
XVII. XVIII.	PROVISION FOR TAXES OF CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(7)	1.511.566	1.431.033
18.1	Current Tax Charge	(1)	-	-
18.2	Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)		-	-
			-	-
18.3 XIX.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-) NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES (XVI±XVII)		1,511,388	1.431.635
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		1.511.566	1.431.035
20.1	Income From Assets Held For Sale		-	-
20.1			-	-
	Income From Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		-	-
20.3	Others  EVENENCES EDOM DISCONIENTED OPER ATTIONS ( )		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1	Expenses On Assets Held for Sale		-	-
21.2	Expenses On Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		-	-
21.3	Others  PROPERTY OF PEROPE TA MES ON DISCONTENUED OPEN ATMONS		-	-
XXII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
	(XVIII-XIX)		-	-
XXIII.	PROVISION FOR TAXES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-
23.1	Current Tax Charge		-	-
23.2	Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)		-	-
23.3	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-)		-	-
XXIV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX±XXII)			-
XXV.	NET PROFIT / LOSS (XVII+XXII)	(8)	1.511.388	1.431.635
	Earnings per Share		0,20593	0,21609

## TÜRKİYE İHRACAT KREDİ BANKASI A.Ş. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

			Audited Current Period (31 December	Audited Prior Period (31 December
	1	Notes	2020)	(31 December 2019)
I.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS		1.511.388	1.431.635
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		71.845	9.120
2.1	Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss		206	(8.022)
2.1.1	Revaluation Surplus on Tangible Assets		-	-
2.1.2	Revaluation Surplus on Intangible Assets		-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Plans' Actuarial Gains/Losses		206	(8.022)
2.1.4	Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss		-	-
2.1.5	Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss		-	-
2.2	Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss		71.639	17.142
2.2.1	Translation Differences		-	-
2.2.2	Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial Assets			
	Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		87.621	17.376
2.2.3	Gains/losses from Cash Flow Hedges		(15.982)	(234)
2.2.4	Gains/Losses on Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations		-	-
2.2.5	Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss		-	-
2.2.6	Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income to be Recycled to Profit or Loss		-	-
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)		1.583.233	1.440.755

## TÜRKİYE İHRACAT KREDİ BANKASI A.Ş. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

	STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	Notes				Other Comprehensi Recyc	ve Income/Expense I led to Profit or Loss			nsive Income/Expens cled to Profit or Loss					
		Paid-in Capital	Share Premium	Share Cancellation Profit	Other Capital Reserve	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss		Total Equity
	Current Period (31 December 2020)														
ſ.	Balances at Beginning of Period	7.160.000	-		-	-	(9.793)	(6.507)	-	28.658	48.999	427.232	1.431.635		9.080.224
П.	Correction made as per TAS 8	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.1	Effect of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.2	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
III.	Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II)	7.160.000	-		-	-	(9.793)	(6.507)	-	28.658	48.999	427.232	1.431.635		9.080.224
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	-	-		-	-	206	-	-	87.621	(15.982)	-	-	1.511.388	1.583.233
V.	Capital Increase in Cash	750.000	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		750.000
VI.	Capital Increase from Internal Sources	1.360.000	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.360.000)	-		
VII.	Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Paid-in Capital	-	-					-			-				
VIII.	Convertible Bonds	-	-					-			-				
IX.	Subordinated Liabilities	-	-					-			-				
X.	Gain or Loss related to Other Changes	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.431.635	(1.431.635)		
11.1.	Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
11.2.	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.431.635	(1.431.635)		
11.3.	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Balances at end of the period	9,270,000	-		-		(9.587)	(6,507)	-	116,279	33.017	498.867	-	1.511.388	11.413.457

<sup>1</sup> Accumulated Revaluation Increase/Decrease of Fixed Assets

<sup>2</sup> Accumulated Remeasureme nt Gain/Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan

<sup>2</sup> Accumulated Remeasurement Guan Loss of Detrined Benefit Pension Prain
3 Other (Shares of Investments) Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)
4 Foreign Currency Translation Differences
5 Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income
6 Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss

## TÜRKİYE İHRACAT KREDİ BANKASI A.Ş. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

	STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	Notes				Other Comprehensi Recyc	ve Income/Expense I led to Profit or Loss			sive Income/Expense led to Profit or Loss					
		Paid-in Capital	Share Premium	Share Cancellation Profit	Other Capital Reserve	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss	Total Equity
	Prior Period (31 December 2019)														
I.	Balances at Beginning of Period	6.350.000	-				(1.771)	1.762	-	11.282	49.233	401.743	841.802	-	7.654.051
II.	Correction made as per TAS 8	-	-				-	(8.269)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8.269)
2.1	Effect of Corrections	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.2	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8.269)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8.269)
III.	Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II)	6.350.000	-		-		(1.771)	(6.507)		11.282	49.233	401.743	841.802		7.645.782
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	-	-		-		(8.022)	-		17.376	(234)				9.120
v.	Capital Increase in Cash	-	-		-			-		-					
VI.	Capital Increase from Internal Sources	810.000	-		-			-		-		(810.000)			
VII.	Capital Reserves from Inflation Adjustments to Paid-in Capital	_						-	-	-	-	-			
VIII.	Convertible Bonds	_						-	-	-	-	-			
IX.	Subordinated Liabilities	_						-	-	-	-	-			
X.	Gain or Loss related to Other Changes	_						-	-	-	-	-		1.431.635	1.431.635
XI.	Profit Distribution	_						-	-	-	-	835.489	(841.802)		(6.313)
11.1.	Dividends	_	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	(6.313)		(6.313)
11.2.	Transfers to Reserves	_	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	835.489	(835.489)		
11.3.	Other	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
	Balances at end of the period	7.160.000	-				(9.793)	(6.507)		28.658	48,999	427,232	-	1,431,635	9.080.224

<sup>1</sup> Accumulated Revaluation Increase Decrease of Fixed Assets
2 Accumulated Remeasurement Gain Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan
3 Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

A Country Care Country

# TÜRKİYE İHRACAT KREDİ BANKASI A.Ş. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

		Notes	Audited Current Period (31 December 2020)	Audited Prior Period (31 December 2019)
Α.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		4.502.676	3.664.999
1.1.1	Interest received		4.836.662	4.531.480
1.1.2	Interest paid		(2.080.658)	(2.056.622)
1.1.3	Dividend received		89	70
1.1.4	Fees and commissions received		495.331	369.200
1.1.5 1.1.6	Other income Collections from previously written-off loans and other receivables	(7.9.2)	944.189 364.459	441.492 353.257
1.1.7	Payments to personnel and service suppliers	(1.7.2)	(284.584)	(225.572)
1.1.8	Taxes paid		(218.329)	(196.212)
1.1.9	Other		445.517	447.906
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities		(3.180.113)	6.323.910
1.2.1 1.2.2	Net (increase) decrease in financial assets measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Net (increase) decrease in due from banks		(109.077)	-
1.2.2	Net (increase) decrease in due from banks Net (increase) decrease in loans		(35.670.373)	(13.475.985)
1.2.4	Net (increase) decrease in other assets		(1.198.790)	144.918
1.2.5	Net increase (decrease) in bank deposit		-	-
1.2.6	Net increase (decrease) in other deposits		-	-
1.2.7	Net increase (decrease) in financial liabilities measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		-	-
1.2.8	Net increase (decrease) in funds borrowed		33.096.987	18.651.072
1.2.9 1.2.10	Net increase (decrease) in matured payables Net increase (decrease) in other liabilities		701.140	1.003.905
I.	Net cash flow from banking operations		1.322.563	9.988.909
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net cash flow from investing activities		(2.444.985)	(3.765.370)
2.1	Cash paid for purchase of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		_	_
2.2	Cash obtained from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures			_
2.3	Purchases of tangible asset		(3.427)	(3.080)
2.4	Sales of tangible assets		-	154
2.5	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets measured at Fair Value through Other			
	Comprehensive Income		(712.532)	-
2.6	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets measured at Fair Value through Other			
2.7	Comprehensive Income	(0.4)	(1.724.460)	(4.022.405)
2.7 2.8	Cash paid for purchase of financial assets measured at amortised cost Cash obtained from sale of financial assets measured at amortised cost	(8.4) (8.4)	(1.724.460)	(4.032.405) 271.492
2.9	Others	(6.4)	(4.566)	(1.531)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III.	Net cash flow from financing activities		(851.423)	(1.885.505)
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued		-	3.873.329
3.2	Cash used for repayment of funds borrowed and securities issued		(1.592.373)	(5.744.331)
3.3	Equity instruments issued		-	-
3.4	Dividends paid		(0.050)	(6.313)
3.5 3.6	Payments for financial leases Others		(9.050) 750.000	(8.190)
IV.	Effect of translation differences on cash and cash equivalents		3.655.583	1.416.351
v.	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1.681.738	5.754.385
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		9.988.318	4.233.933

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

VII. STATEMENT OF PROFIT DISTRIBUTION	Current Period 31 December 2020(*)	Prior Period 31 December 2019
I. DISTRUBUTION OF PROFIT		
LDISTRUBUTION OF PROFIT		
1.1. Current Year Income	1.542.233	1.460.852
1.2 Taxes And Duties Payable (-)	30.845	29.217
1.2.1 Corporate Tax (Income tax)	-	-
1.2.2 Income withholding tax	-	
1.2.3 Other taxes and duties	30.845	29.217
A. NET INCOME FOR THE YEAR (1.1-1.2)	1.511.388	1.431.635
.3 Prior Year Losses (-)		-
.4 First Legal Reserves (-)	-	71.582
.5 Other Statutory Reserves (-)	-	-
B. NET INCOME AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION [(A-(1.3+1.4+1.5)]	-	1.360.053
.6. First Dividend To Shareholders (-)		
.6.1 To Owners Of Ordinary Shares	-	-
.6.2 To Owners Of Privileged Shares	- -	
.6.3 To Owners Of Preferred Shares	_	
.6.4 To Profit Sharing Bonds	_	
.6.5 To Holders Of Profit And Loss Sharing Certificates	_	
.7. Dividends To Personnel (-) (**)	<u>-</u>	
.8. Dividends To Board Of Directors (-)	<u>-</u>	
.9. Second Dividend To Shareholders (-)	<u>-</u>	
.9.1 To Owners Of Ordinary Shares	-	
.9.2 To Owners Of Privileged Shares	-	
.9.3 To Owners Of Preferred Shares	-	
.9.4 To Profit Sharing Bonds	-	
.9.5 To Holders Of Profit And Loss Sharing Certificates	_	
.10 Second Legal Reserves (-)	_	
.11 Statutory Reserves (-)	_	
.12 Extraordinary Reserves	_	1.360.053
.13 Other Reserves	-	
.14 Special Funds	-	
I. DISTRIBUTION OF RESERVES	-	-
11. Ammonioted Personal		
2.1 Appropriated Reserves 2.2 Second Legal Reserves (-)	-	-
.2 Second Legal Reserves (-) .3 Dividends To Shareholders (-)	-	-
.3.1 To Owners Of Ordinary Shares	-	•
.3.2 To Owners Of Privileged Shares	_	
.3.3 To Owners Of Preferred Shares		
3.4 To Profit Sharing Bonds	_	
3.5. To Holders Of Profit And Loss Sharing Certificates	_	
.4 Dividends To Personnel (-)	_	
.5 Dividends To Board Of Directors (-)	-	
II. EARNINGS PER SHARE	-	-
1. To Common Of Ordinary Change	0.00==	0.00
3.1 To Owners Of Ordinary Shares	0,2059	0,2161
3.2 To Owners Of Ordinary Shares ( % )	20,59	21,61
<ul> <li>To Owners Of Privileged Shares</li> <li>To Owners Of Privileged Shares (%)</li> </ul>	-	
V. DIVIDEND PER SHARE	-	
.1 To Owners Of Ordinary Shares	-	-
7.2 To Owners Of Ordinary Shares ( % )	-	-
3.3 To Owners Of Privileged Shares	-	-
.4 To Owners Of Privileged Shares ( % )	-	-

(\*) As of the date of the report, distributable net profit for the period has not been shown, as no decision has been made on the distribution of profits for 2020.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### SECTION THREE

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### I. Basis of presentation

## 1. The preparation of the financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on the Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents

The Bank prepares its legal records, financial statements and underlying documents in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS"), other explanations and circulars on accounting and financial reporting principles announced by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") (all together "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation"). Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") consist of Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS"), standards and interpretations as the names of TAS interpretations and TFRS interpretations published by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") of Turkey, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards.

Accounting policies applied and valuation methods used in the preparation of the unconsolidated financial statements are expressed in detail below.

Amounts in the financial statements and related explanations and disclosures are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements are prepared in TL in accordance with the historical cost basis except for the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, derivative financial assets and liabilities.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires the Bank management to use of certain make assumptions and estimates on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent liabilities as of the balance sheet date. These estimates are reviewed regularly and, when necessary, corrections are made and the effects of these corrections are reflected to the statement of Profit or Loss.

#### 2. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of the financial statements

The accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of the financial statements are determined and applied in accordance with the principles of TFRS. These accounting policies and valuation principles are explained in Notes II to XXIII below.

Coronavirus epidemic, which has recently emerged in China, spread to various countries around the world affects global economic conditions negatively, as well as causing malfunctions in operations, especially in countries exposed to the epidemic. As a result of the spread of COVID-19 throughout the world, various measures have been taken in Turkey as well as in the world and still continue to be taken in order to prevent the transmission of the virus. In addition to these measures, economic measures are also taken to minimize the economic impact of the virus outbreak on individuals and businesses in our country and worldwide. The necessary measures are evaluated by the bank management to keep the negative effects that may arise under control and to live at the minimum level.

#### 3. Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

The differences between accounting principles, as described in the preceding paragraphs, and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries, in which the accompanying financial statements are to be distributed, and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), may have significant influence on the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

## II. Strategy for use of financial instruments and foreign currency transactions

The Bank uses derivatives to balance its foreign currency asset/liability positions for managing its exposure to currency risk.

Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated with the exchange rates of the Bank prevailing at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising from such transactions are recognized in the statement of profit or loss under the account of "foreign exchange gains/losses".

As of 31 December 2020, the exchange rates used in translation of foreign currency denominated balances into Turkish Lira are TL 7,3647 for US Dollar, TL 9,0512 for Euro, TL 7,1401 for 100 JPY and TL 10,0521 for GBP.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION THREE (Continued)**

## **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### III. Explanations on forward transactions, options and derivative instruments

The Bank uses derivative financial instruments in order to avoid exposure to foreign currency and interest rate risks.

As of the balance sheet date, there are outstanding currency and interest rate swap purchase and sales contracts and forward transactions in TL and foreign currency.

Derivatives are initially recorded with their fair values and related transaction costs as of the contract date are recorded in profit or loss. The following periods of initial reporting, they are measured at their fair values. The result of this assessment, offsetting debit and credits stemming from each contract debit and credits are reflected to the financial statements as a contract-based single asset and liability. The method of accounting gain or loss changes according to related derivative transaction whether to be held for cash flow hedges or not and to the content of hedge account.

The derivative financial instruments are presented under two headings in the Bank's financial statements.

- a.) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss
- a.1.) Derivative financial assets held for trading

Derivative financial instruments other than derivative instruments intended for the fair value hedging and cash flow hedge purposes of the Bank are accounted for as "trading purpose", economically providing effective protection against risks for the Bank. Liabilities and receivables arising from derivative transactions are recorded in off-balance sheet accounts at contractual amounts. Derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value in subsequent periods and if the fair value is positive, they are classified under "derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss". If fair value is negative derivative transactions are classified under "derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss". After valuation, differences of changes in fair value are reflected in the statement of profit or loss.

## a.2.) Derivative financial assets held for hedging purpose

The Bank notifies in written the relationship between hedging instrument and related account, risk management aims of hedge and strategies and the methods used to measure the hedge effectiveness. The Bank evaluates the method of hedge whether to be effective on the expected changes in fair values in this process or not or each result of hedge effectiveness whether to be between the range of 80% and 125%.

Changes in fair values of derivative transactions under fair value hedges are recorded in profit or loss together with changes in hedging asset or liability. The difference in current values of derivative transactions fair value hedge is shown in "Trading Gains/Losses on derivative financial instruments" account. In the balance sheet, change in fair value of hedged asset or liability during the hedge accounting to be effective is shown with the related asset or liability. In case of inferring hedge accounting, adjustments made to the value of hedged item using straight-line amortization method within the days to maturity are reflected to "Income/losses from derivative financial instruments" account in the statement of profit or loss.

- b.) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income
- b.1.) Derivative financial instruments held for hedging

The Bank is hedged with cross currency swaps against cash flow risks arising from foreign currency and Turkish currency floating rate liabilities. In this context, the effective part of the fair value change of the hedging instrument is recorded in the relevant accounts under equity. In the periods when the cash flows of the hedged item affect the profit or loss statement, the profit / loss of the related hedging instrument is also deducted from equity and reflected in the statement of profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION THREE (Continued)**

## **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

## III. Explanations on forward transactions, options and derivative instruments (Continued)

- b.) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income
- b.1.) Derivative financial instruments held for hedging

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires, is exercised, sold or no longer effective. While expiring, sale, discontinuing cash flow hedge accounting or when no longer effective the cumulative Gains/Losses recognised in shareholders' equity and presented under hedging reserves are continued to be kept in this account. When the cash flows of hedged item incur, the gain/losses accounted for under shareholders' equity, are transferred to statement of profit or loss.

In cash flow hedge accounting, the effective portion of the changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument is accounted for under "accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified to profit or loss" in shareholders' equity. Effectiveness tests are performed at the beginning of the hedge accounting period and at each reporting period. Hedge accounting is applied as long as the test results are between the range of 80%-125% of effectiveness.

TFRS 9 permits to defer application of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continue to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 as a policy choice. Accordingly, the Bank continues to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 in this context.

## IV. Explanations on interest income and expenses

Interest income is accounted by applying the effective interest rate to the gross value of the financial asset according to the effective interest method determined in TFRS 9.

The interest amount is calculated over the net value of the non-performing loan and is accounted in the related interest income accounts.

## V. Explanations on fee and commission income and expenses

All fees and commission income/expenses are recognized on an accrual basis, except for certain commission income and fees for various banking services which are recorded as income at the time of collection.

Fees and commissions other than those that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of financial instruments are accounted in accordance with TFRS 15 Standard.

### VI. Explanations on financial assets

The Bank recognises its financial assets as "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss", "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" or "Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost". Such financial assets are recognized or derecognized according to third section relating to classification and measurement of TFRS 9 Financial Instruments published in the Official Gazette No. 29953 dated 19 January 2017 by the POA.

During the initial recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by the Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION THREE (Continued)**

## **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

## VI. Explanation on financial assets (Continued)

#### a.) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed with the other business model other than the business model that aims to collect the contractual cash flows and the business model that aims to collect and sell the contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets, do not result in cash flows that include interest payments arising only from the principal and principal balance at specific dates; are financial assets that are acquired in order to generate profits from fluctuations in prices and similar factors in the short term in the market or are part of a portfolio aimed at achieving profit in the short term regardless of the reason for the acquisition.

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at cost in the financial statements. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized at the settlement date.

The government bonds and treasury bills recognized under financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss which are traded on Borsa İstanbul AŞ ("BIST") are valued with weighted average prices settled on BIST as of the balance sheet date; and those government bonds and treasury bills traded on BIST but which are not subject to trading on BIST as of the balance sheet date are valued with weighted average prices at the latest trading date.

The financial assets classified under trading financial assets and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are carried at amortized cost using the effective yield method. The difference between the purchase cost and the amortized cost at the selling date is recorded as interest income.

If the selling price of a financial asset measured at fair value through profit/loss is above its amortized cost as of the sale date, the positive difference between the selling price and the amortized cost is recognized as income under trading gains on securities and if the selling price of a trading security is lower than its amortized cost as of the sale date, the negative difference between the selling price and the amortized cost is recognized as expense under trading losses on securities.

## b.) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

If a financial asset is acquired under both of the following conditions, the change in fair value is measured by reflecting to other comprehensive income:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets,
- Its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income are valued at fair value in the periods subsequent to their acquisition. If the underlying fair value is not realized in the active market conditions, it is accepted that the fair value is not determined reliably and the fair value is determined by using the discounted value of other comprehensive income and reflected at amortized cost, are accounted for by rediscount.

Unrealized gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of securities that are at fair value through other comprehensive income and which reflect the difference between the amortized cost of securities and their fair value are classified in the "Other Comprehensive Income/Expense Items to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss" under equity.

However, the Bank may, at initial recognition, irrevocably choose the method of reflecting changes in fair value to other comprehensive income for specific investments on equity instruments that would normally be measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION THREE (Continued)**

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

## VI. Explanation on financial assets (Continued)

#### c.) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if both of the conditions shown below are met:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows,
- Its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the transaction costs which reflect the fair value of those instruments and subsequently recognized at amortized cost by using "effective interest rate method (Internal rate of return)". Interest income obtained from financial assets measured at amortized cost is accounted in statement of profit or loss.

Purchase and sale transactions of these financial assets are recorded and derecognised according to the "delivery date". The Bank's financial assets measured at amortized cost portfolio includes government bonds and eurobonds which is issued abroad by the Ministry of Turkish Republic Treasury and Finance.

#### d.) Loans

Loans are financial assets created by providing money, goods or services to the debtor. Such loans are measured at amortized cost using the effective yield (internal rate of return) method.

## VII. Explanations on impairment of financial assets

"The Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for the Classification of Loans and Provisions to be Set Aside for this Purpose" has entered into force from 1 January 2018, however, the Bank has taken additional time from the BRSA until 1 January 2019; from this date the Bank started to calculate expected credit loss according to TFRS 9 provisions.

In this context, as of 31 December 2018, the loan provision allocation method, which is allocated within the framework of BRSA's related legislation, has been amended by applying the expected credit loss model with the implementation of TFRS 9. The expected credit loss model is applied to financial assets, such as banks, loans and securities, as well as financial leasing receivables, contractual assets and financial guarantee agreements, at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income.

At each reporting date, it is evaluated whether there is a significant increase in the credit risk since the initial recognition of the financial instrument. When making this evaluation, the change in the expected default risk of the financial instrument is used.

The guiding principle of the expected credit loss model is to reflect the overall appearance of an increase or recovery in the credit risk of financial instruments. The amount of the loss provision depends on the degree of the increase in the credit risk from the first issue of the loan. Although the expected credit loss is an estimate of the expected losses from the loan during the life of a financial instrument, the following points are important for the measurement.

- Weighted and unbiased amount according to the probabilities determined by considering possible results,
- Time value of money,
- Reasonable and supportable information on past events, current circumstances and forecasts for future economic conditions that can be obtained at the reporting date without excessive cost and effort.

## **Calculation of Expected Credit Loss**

The main principle of the expected credit loss model is to reflect the general outlook of deterioration or improvement in the credit quality of financial instruments. The allowance for loan losses, which is known as loss reserve or provision, depends on the degree of increase in credit risk.

There are two measurements according to the general approach:

- -12-month Expected Credit Loss (Stage 1) applies to all assets unless there is a significant deterioration in credit quality.
- Lifetime Expected Loss Provision (Stage 2) applies when a significant increase in credit risk occurs.
- Lifetime Expected Loss Provision (Stage 3) is applied when the impairment loss occurs.

These financial assets are divided into three categories mentioned below depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION THREE (Continued)**

## **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

## VII. Explanations on impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Calculation of 12-month expected credit losses (Stage 1)

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk is recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses. Applies to all assets unless there is a significant deterioration in credit quality. 12-month expected loss values are part of the estimated life expectancy loss (within 12 months after the reporting date or within a shorter period if the life of a financial instrument is less than 12 months).

#### Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. For stage 1 loans expected loss (provision) amounts are calculated for 1-year and for Stage 2 loans expected loss (provision) is calculated for the remaining life of the loan. The main criteria taken into consideration in determining the credit risk of the financial asset to be significantly increased and transferred to the second stage are the close monitoring, the number of delay days exceeding 30 days and the Bank's internal early warning system note.

Based on the decision of BRSA numbered 8948 dated 17 March 2020, 90 days delay for the classification of non-performing loans in the scope of the fourth and fifth articles of Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans can be applied for 180 days until 31 December 2020 for loans that classified in stage 1 and stage 2 within the board of decision as of 17 March 2020 due to disruptions in economic and commercial activities resulting from the COVID-19. In addition, in the decision of the BRSA dated 27 March 2020 and numbered 8970, it was decided to apply the 30-day delay period for the classification of loans in the stage 2 can used 90 days until 31 December 2020 due to the COVID-19 outbreak, and continue to calculate Expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9. The Bank applies these decisions of the board. The relevant issue will be valid until 30 June 2021, according to the decision of the BRSA dated 8 December 2020 and numbered 9312. In this context, receivables that cannot be collected for up to 180 days can be classified in the Second Group.

## Non-performing loans (Stage 3 / Specific provision)

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized. The Bank considers that there is a default on the relevant debt in the following two cases:

- Objective Default Definition: It means that the debt is overdue by more than 90 days.
- Subjective Default Definition: It means that it is determined the debt will not be paid off. If the borrower deemed to be unable to fulfill the debt obligations, borrower should be considered as defaulted whether there is an overdue payment or number of days. Collective assessment of financial instruments is based on homogeneous group assets based on portfolio segmentation based on similar credit risk and product characteristics. This section provides an overview of the risk parameter estimation methods associated with the expected loss calculation approach on a common basis for each phase.

Loans with different types of cash flows or other loans with different characteristics may be subject to individual evaluation rather than collective assessment. Individual assessments, staging, multiple scenario analysis and expected loss estimation principles are carried out in accordance with TFRS 9 requirements. Total cash flows are discounted based on the interest rate of the amount. The net present value of these cash flows is compared with unpaid amounts for each scenario. The expected loss provision estimates are weighted according to the probability of the scenario in order to obtain the final impairment value. The expected credit loss can be defined as the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and the expected cash flows discounted with original effective interest rates. The following situations are taken into account when estimating cash flows:

- All contractual terms of the financial instrument during the life of the financial instrument,
- Cash flows expected to be obtained from collateral sales.

The main parameters used in the calculation of expected credit loss are the probability of default, the exposure at default and loss given default.

The probability of default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. In the probability of default models, segmentation is based on the sector information for the corporate portfolio and product information for the retail portfolio.

The exposure at default of an instrument is the anticipated outstanding amount owed by the obligor at the time of default.

In case of default of the borrower, Loss Given Default has been calculated as dividing expected credit loss to exposure at default. In other words, it refers to the ratio of net loss due to a defaulted loan to the balance at the time of default.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION THREE (Continued)**

## **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

## VII. Explanations on impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Macroeconomic expectations: While macroeconomic information is included, models and estimates reflecting the relationships between model risk parameters and macroeconomic variables are taken into consideration. The main macroeconomic indicators of these estimation models are the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth rate and the consumers price index rate. Macroeconomic estimation models include more than one scenario and the related scenarios are taken into account in the expected credit loss calculations.

**Behavioral Maturity Calculation Methodology:** Expected Loss Provision; For loans in stage 1 with a remaining maturity of less than one year, loans with a maturity of more than one year are calculated as one-year for loans with a remaining maturity of more than one year and in stage 2 for lifetime of loans (up to maturity date). In this calculation, the remaining maturity information of the loan is taken as basis for each loan. While this information is used for products with real maturity information, behavioral maturity is calculated by analyzing historical data for products with no real maturity. Expected loss reserve are calculated based on these maturities depending on the type of loan.

## VIII. Explanations on offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Otherwise, there is no netting of financial assets and liabilities.

## IX. Explanations on sales and repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions

Funds given against securities purchased under agreements ("Reverse repo") to resell are accounted under "Money market placements" on the balance sheet. The difference between the purchase and determined resell price is accrued over the life of repurchase agreements using the "effective interest method". The Bank has no securities lending transactions.

## X. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued explanations on liabilities related with these assets

According to the TFRS 5 "Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", a tangible asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) classified as "asset held for sale" is measured at lower of carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. These assets are shown separately on the balance sheet. In order to classify an asset as an asset held for sale, the related asset (or the group of assets to be disposed of) should be able to be sold immediately and the probability of sale for such assets (or group of assets to be disposed of), should be high under current conditions. In order for the sale to be highly probable, a plan should have been made by the suitable management for the sale of the asset (or group of assets to be disposed of) and an active program should have been started to determine the buyers and to carry out the plan.

Furthermore, the asset (or group of assets to be disposed of) should be actively marketed at a price consistent with its fair value. Various events and conditions may extend the period for the completion of the sales process to more than a year. If there is sufficient evidence that the related delay has occurred beyond the Bank's control and that the Bank's plans for selling the related asset (or group of assets to be disposed of) is still in progress, the related assets are continued to be classified as assets held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a division of a bank that is either disposed or held for sale. Results of discontinued operations are presented in the statement of profit or loss separately. The Bank has no discountinued operations.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION THREE (Continued)**

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

## XI. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets

Goodwill and other intangible assets are recorded at cost in accordance with "TAS 38" "Intangible Assets". Intangible assets consist of computer software licenses. Intangible assets result in net book value as of the balance sheet date by deducting their acquisition cost to accumulated amortization. Intangible assets are amortized by the straight-line method, considering their useful life and amortization rates published by Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance. During the current year, there has been no change in the depreciation method. The Bank does not expect any changes in accounting estimates, useful lives, depreciation method and residual value during the current and the following periods.

As of 31 December 2020, and 31 December 2019, the Bank does not have any goodwill in its accompanying financial statements.

Implemented yearly amortization rates as follows;

Licence : 6,66% Software : 33,33%

## XII. Explanations on tangible assets

All property and equipment are initially recognized at cost model in accordance with TAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment". Subsequently acquired property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation at the balance sheet date. Depreciation is calculated over the cost of property and equipment using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life. There has been no change in the depreciation method during the current period.

Implemented yearly amortization rates as follows;

Buildings : 2%
Furniture, fixtures and vehicles : 6-33%

The depreciation charge for items remaining in property and equipment for less than an accounting period at the balance sheet date is calculated in proportion to the period the item remained in property and equipment. Gains and losses on the disposal of property and equipment are booked to the income statement accounts for the period at an amount equal to the book value. Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated "Recoverable amount", it is written down to its "Recoverable amount" and the provision for the diminution in value is charged to the income statement. Expenditures for the repair and renewal of property and equipment are recognized as expense. The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase the future benefit of the asset are capitalized over the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components that increase the useful life, capacity of the asset or quality of the product or that decrease the costs.

There are not any pledges, mortgages or any other contingencies and commitments over property and equipment that restrict their usage. The Bank does not expect any changes in accounting estimates that will have a material impact in future periods in relation with the property and equipment.

## XIII. Explanations on investment property

Investment properties consist of assets held to obtain rent and/ or unearned increment profit. Investment properties are initially recognized at cost model in accordance with TAS 40 "Investment Property". These properties are carried on accompanying unconsolidated financial statements at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Investment properties are depreciated in accordance with the useful life principles with straight-line depreciation method. Gains and losses resulted from disposal of investment properties or withdrawn from service of a tangible asset are determined as the difference between sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and included in the statement of profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION THREE (Continued)**

## **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### XIV. Explanations on leases

"TFRS 16 Leases" standard has been published in the Official Gazette No. 30393 dated 16 April 2018, and is effective from 1 January 2019. This standard specifies the principles of recognition of leases into the financial statements, measurement, presentation and explanation of leases. Purpose of the standard is to show the tenant and leasers these procedures in a true manner and to provide appropriate information. As of 1 January 2019 the Bank has started to apply related standard. Mixed method has been used in the application of the standard.

At the beginning of a contract, the Bank evaluates whether the contract is defined as a lease or does include lease transaction. In the event that the contract is transferred for a certain period of time to control the use of the asset defined for a price, this contract is a lease transaction. The Bank, considers the following conditions when assesing whether a contract has transferred its right to control the use of a defined asset for a specified period:

- a) The contract includes defined assets; An entity is generally defined in the contract clearly. However, an asset can be defined as tacit when it is made available to the customer.
- b) In the event that the supplier has an essential right to substitute the asset for the period of use, the entity is not defined.
- c) Customer has the right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits obtained from the use of the asset for the period of use to control the use of a defined asset.
- d) The right to obtain nearly all of the economic benefits that will be derived from the use of the asset identified.
- e) The right to manage the use of the defined asset. The Bank has the right to manage the use of the asset in the following cases:
  - i. The Bank has the right to operate the asset during its use (or directing others to operate the asset in the way they set their own) and the supplier does not have the right to change these operating instructions or the Bank has designed the asset (or certain characteristics of the asset) in advance to determine how and for what purpose the asset will be used during its useful life.
  - ii. The Bank has the right to manage how and for what purpose the asset will be used during its usage period. (Being able to change how the asset will be used for the duration of its use)

The Bank reflects a right-of use asset and a lease liability into the financial statements at the effective date of the lease.

Right-of use asset

The Bank initially measures the right-of-use asset applying a cost model in the financial statements and it includes the following:

- a) Lease liabilities in the balance sheet, initially measured at the present value,
- b) All lease payment amount before or at the commencement date
- c) All initial direct costs beared by the Bank

When applying the cost method, the right-of use asset:

- a) Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation at the restated cost.

The Bank applies the depreciation terms of TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment standard when depreciating the right-of use. The Bank depreciates the right-of asset according to the shorter of its useful life or the lease term, starting from its effective date of lease.

Lease liability

At the commencement date, the Bank measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the alternative borrowing interest rate in case of implicit interest rate cannot be defined easily. These rates applied to TL and USD lease liabilities are 24,05% and 8,5% respectively.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION THREE (Continued)**

## **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

## XIV. Explanations on leases (Continued)

At the commencement date, the lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable,
- b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date,
- c) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, the Bank measures the lease liability as indicated below:

- a) Measures the lease liability by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability,
- b) Measures the lease liability by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made
- c) It measures the book value to reflect re-evaluations and restructurings, or to reflect the revised essence of fixed lease payments.

The interest on the lease liability for each period of the lease term, is the amount calculated by applying a fixed periodic interest rate to remaining amount of the lease liability. Periodic interest rate, in the case of easily identifiability, is the implied interest rate of lease. The Bank, uses the alternative borrowing interest rate, in the absence of easily identifiability.

After the effective date of lease, the Bank re-measures its lease liability to reflect changes in lease payments. The Bank reflects the re-measured amount of the lease liability as adjustment in right-of use asset in its financial statements.

The Bank determines the revised lease payments related to the remaining lease term according to the revised contractual payments. In this case, the Bank uses an unchanged discount rate.

Leases with a period equal or less than twelve months are evaluated in the scope of the exception given by the standard and payments made according to related contracts are still being accounted as expense in the period of the payments.

On June 5, 2020, KGK made changes in TFRS 16 "Leases" standard by publishing the Concessions Granted in Lease Payments - "Amendments to TFRS 16 Leases" in relation to COVID-19. With this change, tenants are exempted from the concessions granted to tenants due to COVID-19 in their lease payments, not to assess whether there is a change in lease. The change did not have a significant impact on the financial status or performance of the Bank.

## XV. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions and contingent liabilities except for the expected credit loss recognized for loans and other receivables are accounted in accordance with TAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. The provision for contingent liabilities arising from past events should be recognized in the same period of occurrence in accordance with the "Matching principle". When the amount of the obligation cannot be estimated reliably it is considered that a "Contingent" liability exists. When the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably and when there is a high possibility of an outflow of resources from the Bank, the Bank recognizes a provision for such liability.

As of the balance sheet date, there is not any contingent liability based on past events for which there is a possibility of an outflow of resources and whose obligation can be reliably estimated.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION THREE (Continued)**

#### ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### XVI. Explanations on obligations related to employee rights

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Bank is required to pay a specific amount to employees who have retired or whose employment is terminated other than for the reasons specified in the Turkish Labor Law.

Obligations related to employee termination and vacation rights are calculated for in accordance with TAS 19 "Employee Benefits".

Revised TAS 19 is effective being published on the Official Gazette dated 12 March 2013 by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority. According to revised TAS 19, once the Actuarial Gains and Losses occur, they are recorded under equity and are not associated with the statement of profit or loss. Benefit costs arising interest cost due to being 1 year more closer to the payment of benefit and service cost as a result of given service by employee are required to be shown in statement of profit or loss.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount ratio	12,50%	12,10%
Inflation	8,75%	8,20%
Salary increase rate	8,75%	9,20%

As of 31 December 2020, the calculated employment termination obligation amount is TL 26.332 (31 December 2019: TL 30.076). For the period ended 31 December 2020, the Bank also allocated provisions for vacation pay liabilities relating to prior periods amounting to TL 15.995 (31 December 2019 TL 16.420).

The Bank has allocated a provision amounting to TL 35.000 (31 December 2019: TL 31.878) based on the success premium to be paid in January 2021 for the second half of the year and a provision amounting to TL 21.500 (31 December 2019: TL 17.994) for the dividend payable to the employees in 2021 from the profit of 2020.

## XVII. Explanations on taxation

According to Act number 3332 and article 4/b of Act number 3659, dated 25 March 1987 and 26 September 1990, respectively, the Bank is exempt from Corporate Tax. Due to the 3<sup>rd</sup> Article of the same act; the above mentioned exemption became valid from 1 January 1988. In accordance with clause 9 of the Provisional Article 1 of Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, which states "The provision of Article 35 shall not apply to exemptions, allowances and deductions included in other laws in relation to Corporation Tax prior to the effective date of the Law No. 5520", the exemption from Corporation Tax continues. Accordingly, deferred tax asset or liability is not recognized in these financial statements.

### XVIII. Additional explanations on borrowings

Derivative instruments are measured at their fair values and other financial liabilities including debt securities issued are measured at "Amortized cost" using the "Effective interest method".

The Bank has issued six bonds.

- In September 2014, the Bank issued bonds amounting USD 500 million (TL 3.682.350 TL). The bond is subject to annual fixed interest payment of 5,000% every six months and the total maturity is seven years.
- In February 2016, the Bank issued a bond with a maturity of five years and a fixed rate of 5,375% amounting to USD 500 million (TL 3.682.350 TL).
- In October 2016, the Bank issued a bond with a maturity of seven years and a fixed rate of 5,375% amounting to USD 500 million (TL 3.682.350 TL).
- In September 2017, the Bank issued a bond with a maturity of five years and a fixed rate of 4,250% amounting to USD 500 million (TL 3.682.350 TL).
- In May 2018, the Bank issued a bond with a maturity of six years and a fixed rate of 6,125% amounting to USD 500 million (TL 3.682.350 TL).
- In January 2019, the Bank issued a bond with a maturity of five years and a fixed rate of 8,250% amounting to USD 500 million (TL 3.682.350 TL).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION THREE (Continued)**

## **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

## XVIII. Additional explanations on borrowings(Continued)

Also the Bank has applied hedge accounting relating to the measurement of derivative financial instruments for its securities issued stated above, and has recognized the amounts calculated in this context.

In September 2018, the Bank issued a domestic subordinated debt instrument amounting TL 2.901.759 with a maturity of ten years with an early redeem option after fifth year of the date of issue.

In April 2019, the Bank issued Tier II capital amounting EUR 150 million (TL 1.357.680) with an early redeem option after fifth year of the date of issue.

In September 2019, the Bank has issued a bond with a maturity of three years and floating interest rates amounting to TL 256.247.

#### XIX. Explanations on issuance of share certificates

As the Bank's total paid-in capital is owned by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance, there is no cost related to share issuance. The dividend distribution in the Bank is made by the decision of the General Assembly. Dividend distribution for 2019 was carried out in 2020 by the decision of the General Assembly.

## XX. Explanations on avalized drafts and acceptances

The Bank keeps its guarantee bills and acceptances in the off-balance liabilities.

## XXI. Explanations on government grants

The Bank benefits from the government incentive provided by the Ministry of Trade as of 31 December 2020. In accordance with the decision of the Ministry of Economy Money-Credit and Coordination Board dated 2016/8, the interest expense of bank which is corresponding with difference between the bank interest rate and reference commercial interest rate is supported on investment good through exports medium-long-term buyer's loans. These incentives are recognized by adopting an income approach in accordance with TAS 20 "Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance".

## XXII. Explanations on segment reporting

The Bank emphasizes the scope of business method for segment reporting by considering the Bank's main source and characteristics of risks and earnings. The Bank's activities mainly concentrate on corporate and investment banking.

## XXIII. Explanations on other issues

The Bank does not accept deposits. The Bank has been mandated to export loan operations, export loan insurance and export grants. On the other hand, the Bank also performs domestic and foreign currency money, capital and FX market operations within the context of Treasury operations.

The Bank engages in derivative transactions, currency and interest rate swaps, forward and option transactions and obtains funds by means of syndicated loans, subordinated loans, bond issuance and bank borrowings

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR**

#### INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK

## I. Information about shareholders' equity items

Based on the announcement of BRSA as of 23 March 2020 banks are entitled to use the 2019 year-end exchange rates in calculating of the amount of subject to credit risk while calculation on amounts valued in accordance with TAS and the related specific provision except of monetary and non-monetary items in foreign currency measured in terms of the historical cost in accordance with Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of and if the net valuation differences of the securities owned by the banks before 23 March 2020 in the portfolio of "Fair value through other comprehensive income" are negative, these negative differences may not be taken into account of calculation in accordance with the Regulation on Banks' Equity and used for capital adequacy ratio due to the fluctuations in the financial markets as a result of the COVID-19 epidemic. The Bank takes into account the possibility of using the year-end foreign exchange buying rate, it has not taken into account the other possibility in its calculations dated December 31, 2020

Equity amount and capital adequacy standard ratio are calculated within the framework of "Regulation Regarding Equities of Banks" and "Regulation Regarding Measurement and Evaluation of Banks' Capital Adequacy". As of 31 December 2020, the shareholders' equity of the Bank is TL 16.144.583 (31 December 2019: TL 13.152.003) and the capital adequacy standard ratio is 20,02% (31 December 2019: 19,06%).

	Current Period Amount	Amount as per the regulation before 1/1/2014 <sup>(*)</sup>
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL	11.403.271	
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	9.270.000	
Share Premium	-	
Reserves	492.361	
Other Comprehensive Income according to Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS")	149.296	
Profit	1.511.388	
Net Current Period Profit	1.511.388	
Prior Period Profit	-	
Bonus Shares from Associates, Affiliates and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	-	
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	11.423.045	
Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	19.774	
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the article 9. (i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital	-	
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-)	_	
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	_	
Goodwill Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities		
Other Intangible Assets Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	10.187	
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	
Differences arise when assets and liabilities not held at fair value, are subjected to cash flow hedge accounting	_	
Total credit losses that exceed total expected loss calculated according to the Regulation on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	
Securitization gains	-	
Unrealized gains and losses from changes in bank's liabilities' fair values due to changes in creditworthiness	_	
Net amount of defined benefit plans	9.587	
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Shares Obtained against Article 56, Paragraph 4 of the Banking Law (-)	-	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding		
the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Core Capital Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital		
Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	<u> </u>	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

	Current Period Amount	Amount as per the regulation before 1/1/2014 <sup>(*)</sup>
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital	-	
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier		
I Capital (-)		
Amount Exceeding the 15% Threshold of Tier I Capital as per the Article 2, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	
Exceeding Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Mortgage Servicing Rights not deducted (-)	-	
Excess Amount arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences (-)	-	
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)	-	
Deductions from Tier I Capital in cases where there are no adequate Additional Tier I or Tier II Capitals (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	19.774	
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	11.403.271	
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL	1.357.680	
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity Tier I Capital and the Related Share Premiums	-	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	1.357.680	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	1.357.680	
Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital	-	
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Core Capital (-)	-	
Investments in Equity Instruments Issued by Banks or Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's		
Additional Tier I Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 7 of the Regulation	-	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the		
10% Threshold of above Tier 1 Capital (-)	-	
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier 1 Capital of		
Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital (-)	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	
Items to be Deducted from Tier 1 Capital during the Transition Period	-	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

	Current Period Amount	Amount as per the regulation before 1/1/2014 (*)
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes not deducted from Tier 1 Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks (-)	-	
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Additional Tier I Capital	1.357.680	
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)	12.760.951	
TIER II CAPITAL	3.383.632	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	2.901.759	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	
Provisions (Amounts explained in the first paragraph of the article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital)	481.873	
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	3.383.632	
Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	
Investments in Equity Instruments Issued by Banks and Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Tier II Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 8 of the Regulation	_	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	_	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	_	
Total Tier II Capital	3.383.632	
Total Equity (Total Tier I and Tier II Capital)	16.144.583	
The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital (Total Capital)	16.144.583	
Loans Granted against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law (-)	-	
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovable's Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57,		
Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale		
but Retained more than Five Years (-)	_	
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)	-	
Items to be Deducted from the Sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital (Capital) During the		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks	-	
and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the		
issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be deducted		
from the Common Equity, Additional Tier I Capital, Tier II Capital as per the 1st clause of the		
Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks. (-)	-	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

	Current Period Amount	Amount as per the regulation before 1/1/2014 <sup>(*)</sup>
Portion of the total of net long positions of direct or indirect investments made in Additional Tier I and Tier II Capital items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be deducted from the Additional Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital as per the 1st clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks. (-)	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital, deferred tax assets based on temporary differences and mortgage servicing rights not deducted from Common Equity as per the 1st and 2nd Paragraph of the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks (-)	-	
CAPITAL	16.144.583	
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	16.144.583	
Total Risk Weighted Assets	80.656.129	
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Common Equity Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	14,14	
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	15,82	
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	20,02	
BUFFERS	<b>2</b> -0	
Bank-specific total Common Equity Tier I Capital Ratio	2,50	
Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2,50	
Bank systematic countercyclical buffer requirement (%)		
Systemically important bank buffer requirement (%)	_	
Additional Common Equity Tier I Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the Article 4 of Capital Conservation and Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation	9,64	
Amounts Lower Than Excesses as per Deduction Rules	95.532	
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	95.532	
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks	75.552	
and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	-	
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences	-	
Limits for Provisions Used in Tier II Capital Calculation		
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach (before limit of one hundred and twenty five per ten thousand)	481.873	
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach Limited by 1.25% of Risk Weighted		
Assets	481.873	
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited by 0.6% Risk Weighted		
Assets  Debt Instruments Covered by Temporary Article 4	_	
(effective between 1 January 2018-1 January 2022)		
-		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier I Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4		
Amount of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier II Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4	-	
Amount of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit	-	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

	Prior Period	Amounts related to treatment before 1/1/2014 <sup>(*)</sup>
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL	9.073.102	
Paid in Capital to be Entitled for compensation after all Creditors	7.160.000	
Share Premium	-	
Legal Reserves	427.232	
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	77.657	
Profit	1.431.635	
Net Current Period Profit	1.431.635	
Prior Years' Profit	-	
Bonus shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	-	
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	9.096.524	
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital	23.422	
Common Equity as per the 1st clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity of		
Banks	-	
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS	6.507	
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases	- 0.507	
Goodwill and Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Tax Liabilities	_	
Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	7.122	
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary	7.122	
differences (net of related tax liability)	-	
Differences not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow		
risk		
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	-	
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	
Net defined benefit plan assets	9.793	
Investments in own common equity	-	
Shares obtained against Article 56, Paragraph 4 of the Banking Law	-	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and		
Financial institutions where the Banks does not own 10% or less of the Issued share Capital		
Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier 1 Capital  Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and	-	
Financial institutions where the Banks does not own 10% or less of the Issued share Capital		
Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier 1 Capital	-	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

	Prior Period	Amounts related to treatment before 1/1/2014 <sup>(*)</sup>
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier 1 Capital	-	
Net Deferred tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier 1 Capital		
Amount Exceeding the 15% Threshold of Tier 1 Capital as per the Article 2, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks		
The Portion of Net Portion of the Investments in Equity of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank own 10% or more of the Issues Share Capital Not Deducted from Tier I Capital	-	
Mortgage Servicing Rights not deductions	-	
Excess Amount arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences	-	
Other Items to be Defined by the BRSA	-	
Deductions from Tier 1 Capital in cases where there are no adequate Additional Tier 1 or Tier II Capitals	-	
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	23.422	
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	9.073.102	
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL	998.220	
Preferred Stock not Included in Tier I Capital and the related Share Premiums	-	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	998.220	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	998.220	
Deductions from Additional Tier 1 Capital	-	
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Core Capital	-	
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial institutions with compatible with Article 7.	_	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in the Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital		
Total of Net Long Positions of the Direct and Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks of Financial Institutions where the Banks owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital		
Other Items to be Defined by the BRSA		
Items to be Deducted from Tier 1 Capital during the Transition Period	-	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

		Amounts related
	Prior Period	to treatment before 1/1/2014 <sup>(*)</sup>
Goodwill and other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred taxes not deducted from Tier I		
Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Rations of Banks		
Net Deferred Tax Assets/Liabilities not deducted from Tier 1 Capital as per the Temporary	-	
Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy		
Rations of Banks	-	
Deductions from Additional Core Capital in cases where there are no adequate Tier II Capital	-	
Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Additional Tier I Capital	998.220	
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I		
Capital)	10.071.322	
TIER II CAPITAL	3.080.681	
Debts Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	2.901.759	
Debts Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Temporary Article		
4)	-	
General Provisions (Amounts stated in the first paragraph of article 8 of the Regulation on	170.022	
Equities of Banks)	178.922	
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	3.080.681	
Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by		
financial institutions with the conditions declared in Article 8  Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and	-	
Financial Institutions where the Bank own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the		
10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	_	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank own 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the		
10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Other Items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	
Total Tier II Capital	3.080.681	
Total Equity (Total Tier I and Tier II Capital)	13.152.003	
The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital (Total Capital)	13.152.003	
Loans Granted against the Article 50 and 51 of the Banking Law	-	
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57,		
Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for		
sale but Retained more than Five Years	_	
Other Items to be Defined by the BRSA	-	
Items to be Deducted from the Sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital (Capital) During the Transition Period		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks	-	
and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of		
the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be		
deducted from the Common Equity, Additional Tier I Capital, Tier II Capital as per the 1st		
clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks. (-)	-	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

		Amounts related
	Prior Period	to treatment before 1/1/2014 <sup>(*)</sup>
Portion of the total of net long positions of direct or indirect investments made in Additional Tier I	Prior Perioa	Defore 1/1/2014 V
and Tier II Capital items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where		
the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank not to be deducted from the Additional Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital as per the 1st		
clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks. (-)	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Common Equity items of banks and		
financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital, deferred tax assets based on temporary differences and mortgage		
servicing rights not deducted from Common Equity as per the 1 <sup>st</sup> and 2nd Paragraph of the 2nd		
clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks (-)	_	
CAPITAL	13.152.003	
Total capital	13.152.003	
Total risk weighted items	69.016.764	
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	13,15	
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	14,59	
Capital Adequacy Standard Ratio (%)	19,06	
BUFFERS		
Total buffer requirement	2,50	
Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2,50	
Bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement (%)	-	
Systemically important bank buffer requirement (%)	-	
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital		
buffers to Risk Weighted Assets (%)	8,65	
Amounts Lower then Excesses as per Deduction Rules	37.822	
Remaining Total of the Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	37.822	
Remaining Total of the Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated	31.822	
Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital	-	
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences	-	
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation)	178.922	
Up to 1,25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard	450.000	
approach used  Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based	178.922	
Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0,6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount		
of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation		
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4		
(to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022)	-	
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4		
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of direct or indirect investments made in Additional Tier I and Tier II Capital items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where		
the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity		
of the Bank not to be deducted from the Additional Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital as per the 1st		
clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks. (-)	-	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

Information about the instruments to be included in the capit	al adequacy calculation:
Issuer	Türkiye İhracat Kredi Bankası AŞ
Instrument code (CUSIP, ISIN etc.)	TRSEXIM92818
Legislation to which the instrument is subject to	BRSA ve CMB Legislation
Estimated status in equity calculation	4
Since 1 January 2015, being subjected to consideration by reducing it by 10%	No
Eligible at unconsolidated / consolidated	Consolidated and unconsolidated basis is taken into account.
Type of instrument	Private Sector Bond
Amount considered in equity calculation (As of the latest reporting date – TL Million)	2.902
Nominal value of the instrument (TL Million)	2.902
Account number in trial balance	3460110
Date of issue of the instrument	27 September 2018
The maturity structure of the instrument (Demand / Forward)	Forward
Starting maturity of the instrument	27 September 2018
Whether the issuer has the right of reimbursement due to BRSA approval	Has an early redemption option at the end of the fifth year
Reimbursement option date, contingent repayment options and refundable amount	The Bank will be able to use the early redemption option based on BRSA approval, five years after the date of issue.
Subsequent reimbursement option dates	-
Interest/dividend payments	
Fixed or variable interest/dividend payments	Fixed Coupon
Interest rate and index value for interest rate	12,5449%
Whether there are any restrictions that stop the payment of dividends	None.
Fully optional, partially optional or mandatory	None.
Whether there is an element that will encourage repayment, such as increase in the interest rate	None.
Being cumulative or noncumulative	None.
The ability to be converted into share	S
Triggering events / events that can cause a conversion if converted to a stock	None.
Full or partial conversion if convertible	None.
If convertible, conversion rate	None.
If convertible, mandatory convertible or optionally convertible	None.
Convertible instrument types if converted to stock	None.
Issuer of the debt instrument to be converted if it can be converted into a stock	None.
Value reduction feature	Tions
Trigger events / events that will cause a reduction if it has a value reduction feature	None.
Total or partial value reduction if value reduction is available	None.
Temporary or permanent if it has a value reduction feature	None.
Value increment if the value can be temporarily reduced	None.
In which order in terms of the right to take in the case of liquidation (Instrument just above this instrument)	After borrowings before additional Tier-1 capital
Whether subject to requirements of Articles 7 and 8 of the Regulation on Equity of Banks	It has the requirements of article 8 of the Regulation.
Define if subject to requirements of Articles 7 and 8 of the Regulation on Equity of Banks	It does not have the requirements of article 7 of the Regulation.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

Information about the instruments to be included in the capit	al adequacy calculation:
Issuer	Türkiye İhracat Kredi Bankası A.Ş.
Instrument code (CUSIP, ISIN etc.)	-
Legislation to which the instrument is subject to	BRSA Legislation
Estimated status in equity calculation	
Since 1 January 2015, being subjected to consideration by reducing it by 10%	No
Since 1 suitating 2013, soing subjected to consideration by reducing it by 10%	Consolidated and unconsolidated basis is
Eligible at unconsolidated / consolidated	taken into account.
Type of instrument	Loan that can be Included in Additional Tier I Capital Calculation
Amount considered in equity calculation (As of the latest reporting date - Million	
TL)	1.357,7
Nominal value of the instrument (Million TL)	1.357,7
Account number in trial balance	34700010
Date of issue of the instrument	24 April 2019
The maturity structure of the instrument (Demand / Forward)	Forward
Starting maturity of the instrument	24 April 2019
Whether the issuer has the right of reimbursement due to BRSA approval	Has an early redemption option at the end of the fifth year
	The Bank will be able to use the early redemption option based on BRSA
Reimbursement option date, contingent repayment options and refundable amount	approval, five years after the date of issue.
Subsequent reimbursement option dates	_
Interest/dividend payments	
Fixed or variable interest/dividend payments	Fixed Coupon
Interest rate and index value for interest rate	4,61% (Compound)
Whether there are any restrictions that stop the payment of dividends	None.
Fully optional, partially optional or mandatory	None.
Whether there is an element that will encourage repayment, such as increase in the interest rate	None.
Being cumulative or noncumulative	None.
The ability to be converted into share	S
Triggering events / events that can cause a conversion if converted to a stock	None.
Full or partial conversion if convertible	None.
If convertible, conversion rate	None.
If convertible, mandatory convertible or optionally convertible	None.
Convertible instrument types if converted to stock	None.
Issuer of the debt instrument to be converted if it can be converted into a stock	None.
Value reduction feature	
	Capital adequacy ratio or Consolidated Capital adequacy rate to fall below 5,125
Trigger events / events that will cause a reduction if it has a value reduction feature	percent
Total or partial value reduction if value reduction is available	Totally or partially
Temporary or permanent if it has a value reduction feature	Temporary
Value increment if the value can be temporarily reduced	None
In which order in terms of the right to take in the case of liquidation (Instrument just above this instrument)	After borrowings before additional Tier-1 capital
Whether subject to requirements of Articles 7 and 8 of the Regulation on Equity of Banks	It has the requirements of article 7 of the Regulation.
Define if subject to requirements of Articles 7 and 8 of the Regulation on Equity of Banks	It has the requirements of article 7 of the Regulation.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

### II. Explanations on credit risk

As the Bank does not accept deposits, it is not subject to the provisions of Article 77 of the Banking Act No. 5411. However, the Bank applies general loan restrictions stated in the 54<sup>th</sup> article of the Banking Law.

Limit controls on the basis of the company and bank, financial statements provided for the related credits, profit and loss statements as the appendix of these statements, along with cash/non-cash guarantees given for the relevant transactions are regularly inspected by the Internal Control and Monitoring Unit. Credit ratings for the credits and other receivables are followed by the Risk Analysis and Evaluation Division together with the Credit and Risk Assessment Directorate.

In accordance with the collateral policy, domestic short, medium and long term loans are based on risk of bank.

The cash and non-cash limits of domestic banks for short, medium and long-term credits are approved by the Board of Directors.

The Bank's Board of Directors authorized loan extensions to real and corporate persons in the scope of the Article 5 of the Regulation for Banks' Loan Transactions ("Loan Transactions Regulation") and these authorization levels were determined as restricted by loans made available with certain collateral mentioned in the Article 5 of the Loan Transactions Regulation.

The risk limits of the foreign country loans are determined by annual programs which are approved by the SCLGC within the foreign economic policy.

Country loans are granted with the approval of the Board of Directors and the approval of the President of the Republic, Minister and the Council of Ministers, according to article 10 of Act number 4749 dated 28 March 2002 related to the regulation of Public Finance and Debt Management.

The fundamental collateral of the foreign country loans are the government guarantees of the counter country and the guarantees of banks that the Bank accepts as accredited.

The limit of a country is restricted by both the maximum limit that can be undertaken and the maximum amount that can be used annually which are determined by the Bank's Annual Program.

Each year, 60% of risks that emerge in the Short Term Export Insurance Program is transferred to international reinsurance companies under renewed agreements.

According to article 4/C of Act number 3332 that was appended by Act number 3659 and the Act number 4749 regarding the regulation of Public Financing and Debt Management dated 28 March 2002, the losses incurred by the Bank in its credit, guarantee and insurance transactions as a result of political risks are covered by the Turkish Ministry of Treasury and Finance.

The Bank reviews reports of OECD country risk groupings, reports of the members of the International Union of Credit (Berne - Union) and Investment Insurers, reports of independent credit rating institutions and the financial statements of the banks during the assessment and review of loans granted. At the same time, the Bank benefits from the reports prepared in-house related with the country loans and short-term country risk groupings.

Risks and limits of the banks and companies are monitored daily and weekly by the responsible departments.

The cash and non-cash limits of the Bank for transactions in terms of foreign currency and the other financial instruments are approved by the Board of Directors.

Business and geographic distribution of the loan risks run parallel with the export composition of Turkey and this is followed up by the Bank regularly.

Non-cash loans turned into cash loans are classified under follow-up accounts with the approval of the Loan Committee. Uncollected non-cash loans are subject to the same risk weights as cash loans and classified under the relevant follow-up accounts.

The Bank provides expected credit loss for loans and other receivables in accordance with TFRS 9.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### II. Explanations on credit risk (Continued)

In accordance with article 4/C, which was added to the Law No. 3332 regulating the establishment of Türk Eximbank by the Law No. 3659, with the Article 10 of the Law on the Regulation of Public Finance and Debt Management numbered 4749, and pursuant to the Council of Ministers Decree No. 2009/15198, amended by the Council of Ministers Decision no 2013/5148; Receivables arising from the political risks of Turk Eximbank due to credit, insurance and guarantee activities and debts related to debt deferment are reported to the Ministry of Treasury and Finance by the end of September each year.

As of 31 December 2020, the Bank has restructured loans amounted TL 2.785.260 from standard loans and loans under close monitoring and TL 1.265 from non-performing loans which have been subject to changes in contract conditions.

Although the Bank has an exception of provision practices in accordance within the Article 21 entitled "Exceptions", "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Determination of Classifications of Loans Provisions to be Set Aside (Regulation)" published in the Official Gazette no. 29750 and dated 22 June 2016 which says "specific and general provision rates for transactions made in accordance with Law No: 3332 dated 25 March 1987 are considered as zero percent", the Bank calculates impairment and expected loss provision within the framework of TFRS 9.

The proportion of the Bank's top 100 cash loan balances (whose risk belongs to the Bank) in total cash loans portfolio is 54% and 54% as of 31 December 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The proportion of the Bank's top 200 cash loan balances (whose risk belongs to the Bank) in total cash loans portfolio is 68% and 68% as of 31 December 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The proportion of the Bank's top 100 non-cash loan balances (whose risk belongs to the Bank) in total non-cash loans portfolio is 56% and 52% as of 31 December 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The proportion of the Bank's top 200 non-cash loan balances (whose risk belongs to the Bank) in total non-cash loans portfolio is 69% and 65% as of 31 December 2020 and 2019, respectively.

As of 31 December 2020, the share of cash and non-cash receivable amounts belonging to its top 100 and 200 credit customers in the total cash and non-cash loans are 54% and 68%, respectively (31 December 2019: 54% and 68%).

The Bank grants loans only to corporate customers in line with its mandate and follows its credit portfolio under categories specified below:

	Current P	eriod	Personnel loans         Corporate           13.235         139.975.615           -         2.869.508           89         504.733			
	Corporate		Corporate	Personnel loans		
Standard loans	174.649.919	13.235	139.975.615	10.039		
Loans under close monitoring	3.881.856	-	2.869.508	_		
Loans under follow-up	489.937	89	504.733	20		
Gross	179.021.712	13.324	143.349.856	10.059		
Expected credit loss	(779.505)	(89)	(466.877)	(20)		
Net	178.242.207	13.235	142.882.979	10.039		

As of 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, there is not any past due loans classified under standard loans and the details of the loans under close monitoring are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Past due up to 30 days	3.125.648	2.352.354
Past due 31-60 days	288.568	359.690
Past due 61-90 days	174.473	157.464
Past due 90-180 days <sup>(*)</sup>	293.167	-
Total	3.881.856	2.869.508

<sup>(\*)</sup> The 90-day delay period for the non-performing loan classification was allowed to be applied as 180 days until 31 December 2020 for the loans classified in the First and Second Groups as of the date of the Board Decision on 17 March 2020. The relevant matter will be valid until 30 June 2021 according to the decision of the BRSA dated 8 December 2020 and numbered 9312. In this context, receivables that cannot be collected for up to 180 days can be classified in the Second Group.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### II. Explanations on credit risk (Continued)

#### Loan rating policy of the Bank

Risk evaluation of banks and other financial institutions:

The Bank requests independent auditor's report (financial statements and notes) and net foreign currency position from banks and other financial institutions on a quarterly basis.

Financial statement information derived from the independent audit or review reports of banks and other financial institutions is recorded to a database into a standard format and percentage changes and ratios related with capital adequacy, asset quality, liquidity and profitability of banks and other financial institutions are calculated. In addition, the standard ratio percentages for capital adequacy, asset quality, liquidity and profitability ratios are redefined periodically considering the operations of the banking groups and acceptable intervals for standards ratios are defined.

In relation with the standard ratios, the financial analysis groups are defined by assigning grades from 1 to 4 to banks and other financial institutions. Group with grade 1 consists of the lowest risk profile of banks and financial institutions and group with grade 4 consists of the highest risk profile of banks and financial institutions.

Based on financial analysis groups of banks and other financial institutions, evaluation of some subjective criteria such as shareholding structure, firms of the group if they belong to a group, developments related to the center in foreign bank status, notes received from international rating agencies, management quality and information obtained from media ultimate risk groups are determined.

	Lo	Provisions							
	Impaired	Impaired (TFRS 9)							
Key Sectors / Counterparties	Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	Non-performing loans (Stage 3)							
Agriculture	1.876	13.330	13.331						
Farming and Stockbreeding	1.876	7.992	7.993						
Forestry	-	5.322	5.322						
Fishery	-	16	16						
Manufacturing	2.823.251	401.887	444.456						
Mining and Quarrying	16.719	3.330	3.401						
Production	2.805.502	398.557	441.054						
Electricity, Gas and Water	1.030	-	1						
Construction	522.570	23.168	182707						
Services	534.159	51.551	53.776						
Wholesale and Retail Trade	99.577	30.965	32.998						
Accommodation and Dining	206.712	19.648	19.691						
Transportation and Telecom.	23.189	18	22						
Financial Institutions	-	292	292						
Real Estate and Rental Services	-	-	_						
Professional Services	13.477	256	391						
Educational Services	-	-	-						
Health and Social Services	191.204	372	382						
Other	-	90	90						
Total	3.881.856	490.026	694.360						

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### II. Explanations on credit risk (Continued)

As of 31 December 2020, loans granted by the Bank to domestic banks and other financial institutions amount to TL 12.980.432 (31 December 2019: TL 12.253.033). The concentration levels of the loans to Banks and other financial institutions in accordance with the defined financial analysis groups of the Bank are as follows:

		Current Period	Prior Period
		Concentration Level	Concentration Level
	Rating Class	(%)	(%)
Low	1-2	%85	%52
Medium	3	%14	%45
High	4	%1	%3

#### The risk evaluation of companies:

In the risk evaluation of the companies, the Bank obtains financial and organizational information both from the companies and also from various sources (such as CBRT records, Trade Registry Gazette, Chamber of Trade records, information obtained from the Undersecretariat of Foreign Trade, Banks, companies operating in the same sector) and uses comprehensive investigation and verification methods. In addition to the analysis of last three year financial statements of companies, the Bank also analyzes the current status of the sectors in which the companies operate, economic and political changes affecting the target sectors in the international markets, the advantages and disadvantages of the companies compared to their rival companies operating in or outside Turkey. In case the company is a member of a group of companies not organized as holding companies, the developments that affect the group's operations are monitored and outstanding bank debts of group are also assessed and company analysis reports are prepared taking into account the group risk as well. The Bank does not utilize a separate rating system regarding the risk assessment of the companies.

The Bank's maximum exposure to credit risk as of 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	4.988.113	2.667.466
Interbank money market placements	1.688.243	_
Loans to domestic banks and other financial institutions	12.980.432	12.253.033
Loans to foreign banks and other financial institutions	6.209.649	5.525.873
Loans to companies and individuals	159.844.955	125.581.009
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	805.309	37.822
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	153.454	-
Trading derivative financial assets	26.224	6.328
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	10.639.077	7.090.482
Other assets <sup>(*)</sup>	2.657.686	2.861.105
Credit risk exposures relating to off-balance sheet items:		
Financial guarantees	11.990.878	10.891.326
Commitments	-	-
Total	211.984.020	166.914.444

<sup>(\*)</sup> Intangible assets and expected credit losses are not included.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

### INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

### II. Explanations on credit risk (Continued)

The Risk Profile According to Substantial Regions

								Risk	Groups <sup>(*)</sup>										
		Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from Central Administrations or Central Banks	Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from Regional Administrations or Local Administrations	Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from Administrative Units and Non- commercial Ventures	Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from Multi- lateral Development Banks	Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from International Organizations	Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from Banks and Intermediary Institutions	Conditional and Unconditional Corporate Receivables	Conditional and Unconditional Retail Receivables	Conditional and Unconditional Receivables Collateralized with Real Estate	Non- performing Receivables	Receivables determined to have high levels of risk by the Board	Securities with Mortgage Guarantees	Securitization Positions	Current Receivables from Banks and Intermediary Institutions and Current Corporate Receivables	Investments in the Nature of Collective Investment Organization	Shares	Other Receivables (net)	Total
	Current Period											*							
1	Domestic	16.941.924	-	-	-	-	53.541.352	171.609.950	6.171.818	122.743	204	-	-	-	-	-	95.532	2.170.709	250.654.232
	European Union Countries	-	-	-	-	-	1.076.316	3.687.070	678.063	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		5.441.449
3	OECD Countries	-	-	-	-	-	612	1.261.567	209.877	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1.472.056
	Offshore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-	_	224 522	139.859	22.892	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		162.751
	USA, Canada	5 424 120	-	<u> </u>	-	-	226.532	572.836	69.668	-	<u></u>	-	-	-	ļ	-	-		869.036
7	Other Countries Affiliate, Subsidiary and Jointly Controlled Partnerships	5.434.138	-	-	-	-	258.813	2.567.844	319.915	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		8.580.710
	Undistributed Assets/Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_
9	Total	22,376,062	-	-	-	-	55.103.625	179.839.126	7.472.233	122,743	204	-		-	-	-	95.532	2.170.709	267.180.234

<sup>(\*)</sup> EU countries, OECD countries except USA and Canada

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

### INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

### II. Explanations on credit risk (Continued)

The Risk Profile According to Substantial Regions (Continued)

							Ris	k Groups <sup>(*)</sup>										
	Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from Central Administrations or Central Banks	Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from Regional Administrations or Local Administrations	Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from Administrative Units and Non- commercial Ventures	Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from Multi-lateral Development Banks	Unconditional Receivables from International		Conditional and Unconditional Corporate Receivables	Conditional and Unconditional Retail	Conditional and Unconditional Receivables Collateralized with Real Estate	Non-performing Receivables	Receivables determined to have high levels of risk by the Board	Securities with Mortgage Guarantees	Securitization Positions		Investments in the Nature of Collective Investment Organization	Shares	Other Receivables (net)	Total
Prior Period																		
1 Domestic	14.453.934	-	-	-	-	39.513.296	142.067.837	6.421.195	259.970	83.293	-	-	-	-	-	37.822	1.456.151	204.293.498
European Union     Countries	-	-	-	-	-	2.421.953	4.410.199	866.661	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		7.698.813
3 OECD Countries	-	-	-	-	-	1.324	640.936	101.058	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		743.318
4 Offshore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-	-	-	271.279	58.516	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		329.795
5 USA, Canada	-	-	-	-	-	102.376	464.906	73.316	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		640.598
6 Other Countries	5.114.970	-	-	-	-	110.903	2.352.833	309.551	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		7.888.257
7 Affiliate, Subsidiary and Jointly Controlled Partnerships	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-		_
8 Undistributed Assets/Liabilities	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-		_
9 Total	19.568.904	-	-	-	-	42.149.852	150.207.990	7.830.297	259.970	83.293	-	-	-	-	-	37.822	1.456.151	221.594.279

<sup>(\*)</sup> EU countries, OECD countries except USA and Canada

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

### II. Explanations on credit risk (Continued)

### The Risk Profile According to Sector or Third Party

		Conditional or	Conditional or Unconditional	Conditional or Unconditional	Conditional or		Conditional or								Current Receivables						
		Unconditional	Receivables from	Receivables from	Unconditional	Conditional or	Unconditional			Conditional and		Receivables			from Banks and	Investments in					İ
		Receivables from Central		Administrative Units and Non-	Receivables from	Unconditional Receivables from	Receivables from Banks and	Conditional and Unconditional	Conditional and Unconditional	Unconditional Receivables		determined to have high levels	Securities		Intermediary Institutions and	the Nature of Collective		Other			1
	Sectors and third	Administrations or	or Local	commercial	Development	International	Intermediary	Corporate	Retail	Collateralized with	Non-performing	of risk by the	Mortgage	Securitization		Investment		Receivables			
L	parties	Central Banks	Administrations	Ventures	Banks	Organizations	Institutions	Receivables	Receivables	Real Estate	Receivables	Board	Guarantees	Positions	Receivables	Organization	Shares	(net)	TL	FC	Total
1	Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	1.170.430	15.765.203	567.381	11.388	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.620.658	15.893.763	17.514.421
1.1	Farming and Livestock	-	-	-	-	-	803.731	10.825.915	389.619	7.820		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.112.901	10.914.197	12.027.098
1.2	Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	198.216	2.669.892	96.088	1.929		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	274.464	2.691.664	2.966.128
1.3	Fishery	-	-	-	-	-	168.483	2.269.396	81.674	1.639		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	233.293	2.287.902	2.521.195
2	Industry	-	-	-	-	-	6.000.612	80.825.739	2.908.871	58.388	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.308.864	81.484.843	89.793.707
2.1	Mining and Quarry Sector	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Manufacturing Industry	-	-	-	-	-	5.527.465	74.452.645	2.679.508	53.784	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.653.712	75.059.779	82.713.491
2.3	Electric, Gas and Water	-	-	-	-	-	473.147	6.373.094	229.363	4.604	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	655.152	6.425.064	7.080.216
3	Construction	5.434.138	-	-	-	-	1.077.380	14.511.854	522.274	10.483	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.491.815	20.064.331	21.556.146
4	Services	-	-	-	-	-	42.775.487	44.708.385	1.609.029	32.297	54	-	-	-	-	-	95.532	-	10.415.797	78.804.987	89.220.784
	Wholesale and retail																				1
4.1	trade	-	-	-	-	-	922.265	12.422.528	447.080	8.974	15	-	-	-	-	-	-		1.277.033	12.523.829	13.800.862
1.2	Hotel and Restaurant Services																				İ
4.4	Transportation and	_																			t
4.3	Communications	-	-	-	-	-	2.335.704	31.460.962	1.132.262	22.727	38	-	-	-		-	-	-	3.234.180	31.717.513	34.951.693
4.4	Financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	39.456.277	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95.532	-	5.819.786	33.732.023	39.551.809
	Real Estate and Leasing																				
4.5	Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- [	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		<u> </u>
4.6	Professional Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	<u> </u>
4.7	Training Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		<u> </u>
4.8	Health and Social Services	-	-	-	-	-	61.241	824.895	29.687	596	1	-	-	-		-	-	-	84.798	831.622	916.420
5	Other	16.941.924	-	-	-	-	4.079.716	24.027.945	1.864.678	10.187	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.170.709	5.833.801	43.261.375	49.095.176
6	Total	22.376.062	-	-	-	-	55.103.625	179.839.126	7.472.233	122.743	204	-	-	-	-	-	95.532	2.170.709	27.670.935	239.509.299	267.180.234

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

### II. Explanations on credit risk (Continued)

Distribution of the Risks related to Maturity by Remaining Periods to Maturity

	Remaining Period to Maturity								
Risk Groups	1 month			6-12 months	More than 1 year				
Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from									
Central Administrations or Central Banks	4.439.613	841.838	-	2.480.608	14.614.003				
Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from									
Regional Administrations or Local Administrations	-	-	-	-	-				
Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from									
Administrative Units and Non-commercial Ventures	-	-	-	-	-				
Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from Multi-									
lateral Development Banks	-	_	-	-	-				
Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from									
International Organizations	-		-	-	-				
Conditional or Unconditional Receivables from Banks									
and Intermediary Institutions	40.169.504	1.024.398	1.422.238	6.674.483	5.813.002				
Conditional and Unconditional Corporate Receivables	38.509.172	14.699.877	20.967.898	46.309.918	59.352.261				
Conditional and Unconditional Retail Receivables	2.517.188	600.141	537.797	2.545.357	1.271.750				
Conditional and Unconditional Receivables									
Guaranteed with Real Estate Mortgages	5.745	2.488	5.568	4.990	103.952				
Non-performing Receivables (Net)	204	-	-	-	-				
Receivables determined to have high levels of risk by									
the Board	-	-	-	-	-				
Securities with Mortgage Guarantees	-	-	-	-	-				
Securitization Positions	-	-	-	-	-				
Current Receivables from Banks and Intermediary									
Institutions and Current Corporate Receivables	-	-	-	-	-				
Investments in the Nature of Collective Investment									
Organization	-	-	-	-	-				
Shares	95.532								
Other Receivables(net)	2.170.709	-	-	-	-				

There are not any credit rating company or export credit agency assigned.

### Risk Amounts by Risk Weights

Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	Mitigation in Shareholders' Equity
The amount before credit risk										
mitigation	110.150.256	-	3.246.631	-	8.601.434	3.660.911	73.001.727	-	-	19.774
The amount after credit risk										
mitigation	111.627.148	-	3.246.631	10.402	12.595.583	2.155.705	69.025.490	-	-	19.774

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

### III. Explanations on currency risk

## 1. If the parent bank is subject to the exchange risk, the effects of such occurrence are estimated and the Board of Directors determines the limits regarding the positions monitored daily

The Bank's foreign exchange position is followed daily and the transactions are performed in accordance with the expectations in the market and within the limits determined by the Risk Management Principles approved by the Board of Directors of the Bank.

# 2. The scale of the hedging performed through hedge-oriented derivatives for debt instruments in foreign currency and net foreign currency investments

The basic principle for foreign currency assets and liabilities is to secure a balance between currency type, maturity and interest type. For this purpose, borrowing strategies are determined in accordance with the Bank's asset structure to the extent possible. When this determination is not possible, the Bank aims to change the asset structure or utilize derivative instruments such as swap, forward, option. The majority of the Bank's foreign currency assets are denominated in US Dollars and Euros, and their funding is realized in US Dollar and Euro borrowings.

	TL	USD	GBP	EURO	JPY	Total
	112	USD	GDI	EURO	JF 1	Total
TRADING DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	709.566	2.651.341	59.407	2.053.005	737	5.474.056
Forward Transactions	46.352	40.374	2,613			89.339
	21.814	20.187	2.613	-	-	44.614
Forward Foreign Exchange Purchase Transactions			2.013	-	-	
Forward Foreign Exchange Sell Transactions	24.538	20.187	-	2.052.005	-	44.725
Swap Transactions	663.214	2.610.967	56.794	2.053.005	737	5.384.717
Swap Money Purchase Transactions FC - TL	172.345	478.706	- 11.500	-	-	651.051
Swap Money Purchase Transactions FC-FC		1.984.967	11.560			1.996.527
Swap Money Sale Transactions FC-TL	490.869	147294				638.163
Swap Money Sale Transactions FC-FC			45.234	2.053.005	737	2.098.976
Swap Interest Purchase Transactions FC-FC	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swap Interest Sale Transactions FC-FC		-	-	-	-	
Option Purchase Transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Purchase of Options	-	-	-	-	-	_
Money Sale of Options		-	-	-		-
HEDGING DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	_	34.273.422	-	20.683.815	-	54.957.237
Forward Transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward Foreign Exchange Purchase Transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward Foreign Exchange Sell Transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swap Transactions	-	34.273.422	-	20.683.815	-	54.957.237
Swap Money Purchase Transactions		19.544.022				19.544.022
Swap Money Sale Transactions				20.683.815		20.683.815
Swap Interest Purchase Transactions		7.364.700				7.364.700
Swap Interest Sale Transactions		7.364.700				7.364.700
TOTAL	709,566	36.924.763	59.407	22.736.820	737	60.431.293

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### II. Explanations on currency risk (Continued)

# 2. The scale of the hedging performed through hedge-oriented debt instruments in foreign currency and net foreign currency investments (Continued)

#### Fair value hedge accounting

TFRS 9 permits to defer application of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continue to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 as a policy choice. Accordingly, the Bank continue to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 in this context.

The Bank uses "Fair Value Hedge Accounting" as of the balance sheet date starting from 1 January 2013.

Financial derivatives which are used for Fair Value Hedge Accounting are cross currency and interest swap transactions.

	3	31 December 2020			
	Principal <sup>(1)</sup>	Asset	Liability		
Derivative Financial Instruments					
Swaps	40.242.242	448.560	7.301		
Total	40.242.242	448.560	7.301		

<sup>(1)</sup> Sum of purchase and sale.

The method of derivatives' fair value measurement shown above is explained in the accounting policy in Section Three Note III.

- The Bank has subjected the bond with the amount of USD 500 million, issued in September 2017 with a maturity of five years and a fixed interest payment rate of 4,25% per six months, to hedge accounting by cross currency swap transactions in September 2017.
- The bond with the amount of USD 500 million, issued in September 2014 with a maturity of seven years and a fixed interest payment rate of 5% per six months, is subjected to hedge accounting by cross currency swap transactions in April 2018.
- The bond with the amount of USD 500 million issued in May 2018 with a maturity of six years and a fixed interest payment rate of 6,125% per six months, is subjected to hedge accounting by cross currency swap transactions in May 2018. The Bank has signed a partial termination agreement dated 28 February 2020 and 13 May 2020 and has subjected USD 250 million and USD 50 million of this cross currency swap subject to hedge accounting to partial termination, respectively.
- The bond with the amount of USD 500 million, issued in January 2019 with a fixed interest payment rate of 8,250% per six months, is subjected hedge accounting by cross currency swap transactions in January 2019.

Also, changes in fair value of USD debt securities, issued in February 2016 and in October 2016 amounting to USD 500 million, with 5 years and 7 years maturities, respectively, with 5% and 5,375% fixed interest rates, arising from fluctuation in Libor interest rates are hedged by applying fair value hedge accounting with interest rate swap transactions.

The impact of fair value hedge accounting is summarized below:

31 December 2020					
Hedging instrument	Hedged items	Hedged risk	1	ue of hedged ms	Amount of hedge funds
			Asset	Liability	
	Issued securities				
	denominated in USD	Fixed interest rate			
Interest rate swaps	with fixed interest rate	risk	167.620	-	-
Cross Currency Swap	Fixed interest rate US	Currency and			
Transactions	dollar debt securities	interest rate risk	280.940	7.301	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Co

ntinued)

### III. Explanations on currency risk (Continued)

2. The scale of the hedging performed through hedge-oriented derivatives for debt instruments in foreign currency and net foreign currency investments (Continued)

#### Fair value hedge accounting (Continued)

The Bank evaluates the effectiveness of the hedge accounting at initial date and at every reporting period. Effectiveness test is performed by using "Dollar off-set method".

Changes in fair values of derivative transactions determined as hedge for fair value are recorded in profit or loss together with changes in hedging asset or liability. The difference in current values of derivative transactions subject to fair value hedge is shown in "Profit/Losses from Derivative Financial Transactions" account. In the balance sheet, change in fair value of hedge asset or liability during the hedge accounting to be effective is shown with the related asset or liability. If the underlying hedge does not conform to the hedge accounting requirements, according to the adjustments made to the carrying value (amortized cost) of the hedged item, for which the risk is hedged by a portfolio hedge, which are amortized with the straight line method within the time to maturity and recognized under "Profit/Losses from Derivative Financial Transaction" account in the statement of profit or loss.

At the inception date, the Bank documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items required by the fair value hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 and its own risk management policies and principles. Every individual relationship is approved and documented in the same way in accordance with the Bank's risk management policies. Effectiveness tests were chosen among methods allowed within the context of TAS 39 in accordance with the Bank's risk management policies. The Bank's assumptions, which used for determining fair values of derivative instruments, were used while calculating fair value of hedged items on the effectiveness tests. The effectiveness tests are performed and effectiveness of risk relations are measured on a monthly basis. The effectiveness tests are performed rewardingly at the beginning of risk relations. If the management voluntarily decides to discontinue the hedging relation or the hedging instrument is sold or closed before its maturity, in the context of the fair value hedge, adjustments on the carrying value of the hedged item is reflected on the on "Profit/Losses from Derivative Financial Transactions" account by using straight line method of amortization.

#### Cash flow hedge accounting

Starting from 13 August 2015, the Bank applies "Cash Flow Hedge" accounting.

Financial derivatives which are used for Cash Flow Hedge Accounting are cross currency swaps.

		31 December 2020				
	Principal <sup>(1)</sup>	Asset	Liability			
Derivative Financial Instruments						
Cross Currency Swap Interest Transactions	14.714.995	17.553	668.898			
Total	14.714.995	17.553	668.898			

<sup>(1)</sup> Sum of purchase and sale.

The method for cash flow hedge presented above is explained in the accounting policies mentioned in Section Three, Note III.

The impact of cash flow hedge accounting is summarized below:

31 December 2020					
Hedging Instrument	Hedged Asset and Liability	Hedged Risk	Fair value of hedging instrument		Amount at hedging account
			Asset	Liability	
Cross Currency Swap	Fixed interest rate US	Currency and			
Transactions	Dollar debt securities	Interest Rate Risk	17.553	668.898	33.017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### III. Explanations on currency risk (Continued)

# 2. The scale of the hedging performed through hedge-oriented derivatives for debt instruments in foreign currency and net foreign currency investments (Continued)

#### **Cash flow accounting (Continued)**

At the inception date, the Bank documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items required by the cash flow hedge accounting application in accordance with TAS 39 and its own risk management policies and principles. Every individual relationship is approved and documented in the same way. In accordance with the Bank's risk management policies. The effectiveness tests are performed on a monthly basis. If the management voluntarily decides to discontinue the hedging relation or the hedging instrument is sold or closed before its maturity, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument that has been recognized in other comprehensive income from the period when the hedge was effective shall remain separately in equity until the forecast transaction occurs or is no longer expected to occur the net cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from other comprehensive income to "Profit/Losses from Derivative Financial Transactions" account in profit or loss.

There is no reclassified amount from equity to profit or loss statement from discontinued hedging transactions in the current period.

### 3. Policy on foreign currency risk management

The Bank has followed a balanced policy of assets and liabilities with respect to currency risk during the period. As of 31 December 2020, the Net Foreign Currency Position/Shareholders' Equity ratio is 0,68 percent and as of 31 December 2019 the ratio is 0,42 percent. Foreign currency position is followed daily by the type of foreign currency. The Bank monitors the changes in the market conditions and their effect over the activities and positions of the Bank and make decisions in line with the strategies of the Bank.

# 4. Approach adopted under internal capital adequacy assessment process for monitoring the adequacy of internal capital for current and future activities

Fully paid capital by the Turkish Republic Treasury, the Bank's legal capital is evaluated prospectively, in order to protect capital adequacy under some stress scenarios like rapid and largescale currency and interest rate changes the Bank calculates capital requirement. First pillar credit for calculation of legal capital adequacy, adding to market and operational risk, interest rate risk in the banking book ("IRRBB") and concentration risk are considered.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

### III. Explanations on currency risk (Continued)

# 5. The Bank's foreign exchange bid rates as of the date of the financial statements and for the last five days prior to that date are presented below

	25 December	28 December	29 December	30 December	31 December
DATE	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020
USD	7,5502	7,4896	7,4272	7,3314	7,3647
AUD	5,7389	5,7048	5,6402	5,6107	5,676
DKK	1,23685	1,2313	1,22254	1,20867	1,21708
SEK	0,91165	0, 9078	0,8991	0,8939	0,89794
CHF	8,47	8,4219	8,3781	8,2981	8,3614
100 JPY	7,2853	7,2381	7,1607	7,0927	7,1401
CAD	5,8606	5,8371	5,793	5,7286	5,7762
NOK	0,87298	0, 86834	0,86178	0,85331	0,86203
GBP	10,209	10,158	10,031	9,9165	10,052
SAR	2,01167	1,99552	1,97885	1,95384	1,96287
EUR	9,2014	9,1598	9,0902	8,989	9,0512
KWD	24,706	24,516	24,304	24,022	24,178
XDR	10,875	10,787	10,697	10,559	10,607
BGN	4,6986	4,6548	4,6388	4,5968	4,6275
100 IRR	0,01798	0,01783	0,01768	0,01746	0,01754
RON	1,8875	1,87907	1,86398	1,84354	1,85865
RUB	0,10249	0,10176	0,10081	0, 09905	0,09844
CNH	1,15749	1,14648	1,13679	1,12199	1,12719

6. The simple arithmetic averages of the Bank's foreign exchange bid rates for the last thirty days preceding the balance sheet date are presented in the table below

Currency	Average December 2020
USD	7,70688
AUD	5,80247
DKK	1,25996
SEK	0,9209
CHF	8,66804
100 JPY	7,42375
CAD	6,01203
NOK	0,88451
GBP	10,355
SAR	2,0542
EUR	9,37493
KWD	25,259
XDR	11,081
BGN	4,78476
100 IRR	0,01835
RON	1,92387
RUB	0,10392
CNH	1,17817

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

## III. Explanations on currency risk (Continued)

### 7. Information related to Bank's Currency Risk

Current Period	EURO	USD	Other FC	Total
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Effectives, Cash in Transit, Cheques				
Purchased)	5.005.314	_	-	5.005.314
Banks	3.452.324	239.003	21.943	3.713.270
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	-	153.454	_	153.454
Interbank Money Market Placements	_	_	_	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other				
Comprehensive Income	-	709.777	_	709.777
Loans	102.180.789	60.165.734	329.819	162.676.342
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	-	-	_	-
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	5.111.369	2.536.597	-	7.647.966
Derivative Financial Assets for Hedging Purposes (*)	_	167.621	_	167.621
Tangible Assets	_	_	_	-
Intangible Assets	-	-	_	-
Other Assets (*)	125.835	712.874	1.024	839.733
Total Assets	115.875.631	64.685.060	352.786	180.913.477
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Deposits	-	-	-	-
Funds from Interbank Money Market	-	1.375.566	-	1.375.566
Funds Borrowed from Other Financial Institutions (**)	92.096.827	61.916.630	313.270	154.326.727
Marketable Securities Issued (*)	-	22.083.268	-	22.083.268
Miscellaneous Payables	779.795	658.644	7.436	1.445.875
Derivative Financial Liabilities for Hedging Purposes (*)	_	_	-	-
Other Liabilities (*)	195.911	506.751	512	703.174
Total Liabilities	93.072.533	86.540.859	321.218	179.934.610
Net Balance Sheet Position	22.803.098	(21.855.799)	31.568	978.867
N. OMP. I. G. A. P. M.	(22 =24 020)	24.060.404	(24 500)	(000 015)
Net Off Balance Sheet Position	(22.736.820)	21.860.401	(31.798)	(908.217)
Derivative Assets		29.392.582	14.173	29.406.755
Derivative Liabilities	22.736.820	7.532.181	45.971	30.314.972
Non-Cash Loans (***)	2.599.154	9.085.749	168.354	11.853.257
Prior Period				
Total Assets	95.224.999	53.240.245	319.163	148.784.407
Total Liabilities	73.706.616	75.758.808	217.244	149.682.668
Net On Balance Sheet Position	21.518.383	(22.518.563)	101.919	(898.261)
Net Off Balance Sheet Position	(21.453.035)	22.509.213	(102.769)	953.409
Derivative Assets	1.241.121	31.117.287	_	32.358.408
Derivative Liabilities	22.694.156	8.608.074	102.769	31.404.999
Non-Cash Loans	204.100	10.687.226	-	10.891.326

<sup>(\*)</sup> In accordance with the provisions of the "Regulation on Calculation and Application of Foreign Currency Net General Position / Equity Standard Ratio on a Consolidated and Unconsolidated Basis by Banks Foreign Currency Income Accruals of Derivative Financial Instrument, and hedge accounting records for these accruals (298.587 TL in total) and Foreign Currency Expense Accruals of Derivative Financial Instrument (779.685 TL in total) and hedge accounting records for these accruals (606.988 TL in total for Securities Issued and 33.016 TL reflected in equity in the statement of financial position) and Prepaid Expenses (323 TL) were not taken into account in the currency risk calculation.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Subordinated Debt Instruments are included in the Funds From Other Financial Institutions line.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Not included in the net off-balance sheet position.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### III. Explanation on currency risk (Continued)

### 7. Information related to Bank's Currency Risk (Continued)

The effect of the Bank's currency positions as of 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 on net profit and equity under the assumption of devaluation of TL against other currencies by 10% with all other variables held constant is as follows:

	Current	Period	Prior Period			
	Gain/(Loss) Effect		Gain/(Loss) Effect	Effect on Equity <sup>(1)</sup>		
USD	3.727	460	(935)	(935)		
EUR	6.628	6.628	6.535	6.535		
Other foreign currency	(23)	(23)	(85)	(85)		
Total	10.332	7.065	5.515	<b>5.515</b>		

<sup>(1)</sup> Effects on equity also include the effects on the profit or loss statement.

As of 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, the effect of the appreciation of TL by 10% against other currencies with all other variables held constant on net profit and equity of the Bank is the same as the total amount with a negative sign as presented in the above table.

### IV. Explanation on interest rate risk

The Bank estimates the effects of the changes in interest rates over the profitability of the Bank by analyzing TL and foreign currency denominated interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities considering both their interest components as being fixed rate or variable rate and also analyzing their weights among the Bank's total assets and liabilities. Long or short positions (gapping report) arising from interest rate risk are determined by currency types at the related maturity intervals (1 month, 1-3 months, 3-12 months, 1-5 years and over 5 years) as of the period remaining to reprising date, considering the reprising of TL and foreign currency-denominated "interest sensitive" assets and liabilities at maturity date (for fixed rate) or at interest payment dates (for floating rate). By classifying interest sensitive assets and liabilities according to their reprising dates, Bank's exposure to possible variations in market interest rates are determined.

Since the tables showing the weighted average days to maturity of foreign currency denominated (separate for each currency and their total USD equivalent) and TL assets and liabilities are prepared periodically, the maturity differences between assets and liabilities (mismatch) are determined.

According to the Risk Management Policy approved by the Board of Directors, the Bank emphasizes the matching of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities with fixed and floating interest rates. The Bank also pays special attention to the level of maturity mismatch of assets and liability with floating and fixed interests in order to restrict negative effects of interest rate changes on the Bank's profitability.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

### IV. Explanation on interest rate risk (Continued)

### 1. Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items

(Periods remaining to repricing dates)

Current Period	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over 5 Year	Non-Interest Bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Effectives, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	5.005.582	5.005.582
Banks	4.893.649	-	-	-	-	94.464	4.988.113
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss	-	-	-	78.554	74.900	-	153.454
Money Market Placements	1.688.243	-	-	-	-	-	1.688.243
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Reported in Other Comprehensive Income	2.755	37.156	40.839	309.081	322.700	92.778	805.309
Loans	14.162.007	36.703.998	95.808.083	31.870.924	-	490.024	179.035.036
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	-	909.292	2.791.413	2.762.505	4.175.867	-	10.639.077
Other Assets <sup>(2)</sup>	60.687	157.054	274.596	-	-	1.420.123	1.912.460
Total Assets	20.807.341	37.807.500	98.914.931	35.021.064	4.573.467	7.102.971	204,227,274
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Market Funds	-	-	1.375.566	-	-	-	1.375.566
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	30.844	-	-	1.531.421	1.562.265
Securities Issued	-	3.990.064	3.625.951	15.337.245	-	-	22.953.260
Other Funds	9.959.343	14.344.634	105.608.589	30.718.128	-	-	160.630.694
Other Liabilities <sup>(1)</sup>	98.350	349.865	381.194	1.517.630	2.937.898	12.420.552	17.705.489
Total Liabilities	10.057.693	18.684.563	111.022.144	47.573.003	2.937.898	13.951.973	204.227.274
On Balance Sheet Long Position	10.749.648	19.122.937	_	-	1.635.569	_	31.508.154
On Balance Sheet Short Position	-	-	(12.107.213)	(12.551.939)	-	(6.849.002)	(31.508.154)
Off-balance Sheet Long Position	5.966.114	14.648.464	8.986.339	-	-	-	29.600.917
Off-balance Sheet Short Position	(6.307.891)	(15.106.395)	(9.416.090)	-	-	-	(30.830.376)
Total Position	10.407.871	18.665.006	-12.536.964	-12.551.939	1.635.569	-6.849.002	-1.229.459

<sup>(1)</sup> In other liabilities line the "non-interest bearing" column amounting TL 12.420.552 TL includes equity amounting to TL 11.413.457 and provisions amounting to TL 3.29.341

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<sup>(2)</sup> In other assets line the "non-interest bearing" column amounting TL 1.420.123 TL includes expected loss provisions amounting to TL (809.542)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

### IV. Explanation on interest rate risk (Continued)

### 1. Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (Continued)

(Periods remaining to reprising dates)

Prior Period	Up to 1	1-3 Months	3 -12 Months	1-5 Years	Over 5 Year	Non-Interest Bearing	Total
Assets	111011111	1-5 141011113	3 -12 Wolling	1-5 Tears	Over 5 Tear	Dearing	1001
Cash (Cash in Vault, Effectives,							
Cash in Transit, Cheques							
Purchased) and CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	7.320.852	7.320.852
Banks	2.569.054	-	-	_	_	98.412	2.667.466
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss	-	_	-	-	-	-	_
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Reported in Other Comprehensive Income	_	_	_	_	_	37.822	37.822
Loans	15.989.166	40.470.246	85.908.922	476.235	8.750	506.596	143.359.915
Financial Assets Measured at	13.767.100	40.470.240	65.706.722	470.233	6.750	300.370	143.337.713
Amortised Cost	-	-	-	3.392.552	3.697.930	-	7.090.482
Other Assets	239.589	636.099	508.680	13.231	14.158	994.818	2.406.575
Total Assets	18.797.809	41.106.345	86.417.602	3.882.018	3.720.838	8.958.500	162.883.112
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Market Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	14.699	14.699	-	2.375.876	2.405.274
Securities Issued	-	263.654	-	18.527.877	-	-	18.791.531
Other Funds	12.373.897	20.101.866	95.108.779	_	-	-	127.584.542
Other Liabilities <sup>(1)</sup>	43.370	38.113	52.045	1.086.217	2.948.631	9.933.389	14.101.765
Total Liabilities	12.417.267	20.403.633	95.175.523	19.628.793	2.948.631	12.309.265	162.883.112
On Balance Sheet Long Position	6.380.542	20.702.712	_	_	772.207	_	27.855.461
On Balance Sheet Short Position	0.500.542		(8.757.921)	(15.746.775)	,,2.207	(3.350.765)	(27.855.461)
Off-balance Sheet Long Position	3.372.885	294.065	4.683.756	19.901.345	4.106.357	(3.330.703)	32.358.408
Off-balance Sheet Short Position	(3.379.382)	(294.065)	(4.612.943)	(19.215.116)	(4.136.508)		(31.638.014)
Total Pozisyon	6.374.045	20.702.712	(8.687.108)	(15.060.546)	742.056	(3.350.765)	720.394

<sup>(1)</sup> In other liabilities line the "non-interest bearing" column amounting TL 9.933.390 TL includes equity amounting to TL 9.080.224 and provisions amounting to TL 263.359.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

## IV. Explanation on interest rate risk (Continued)

### 2. Average interest rates for monetary financial instruments

As of 31 December 2020, average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments are shown below;

	EUR	USD	GBP	JPY	TL
Current Period					
Assets					
Cash (Cash in Vault, Effectives, Cash in Transit,					
Cheques Purchased) and CBRT	-	-	-	-	-
Banks	1,33	0,10	-	-	17,77
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through					
Profit/Loss	-	6,18	-	-	-
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-	17,40
Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI	-	6,35	-	-	-
Loans	1,17	2,11	1,77	1,26	9,11
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1,08	4,91	-	-	9,81
Liabilities					
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Money Market Funds	-	2,50	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	-	5,82	-	-	9,25
Other Funds	0,42	1,39	0,06	0,36	12,54

As of 31 December 2019, average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments are shown below;

	EUR	USD	GBP	JPY	TL
Prior Period					
Assets					
Cash (Cash in Vault, Effectives, Cash in Transit,					
Cheques Purchased) and CBRT	-	-	-	-	-
Banks	2,48	2,21	-	-	17,43
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss	-	-	-	-	-
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI	-	-	-	-	-
Loans	1,44	3,54	2,07	1,41	13,73
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	4,40	6,14	-	-	10,29
Liabilities					
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Due to Money Markets	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-	-
Securities Issued	-	3,31	-	-	-
Other Funds	0,42	1,34	-	-	12,35

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

- V. Explanations on position risk of equity securities
- 1. Assumptions, factors affecting valuation, significant changes and general information about valuation methods and accounting methods used and separation of risks according to purpose including strategic reasons and relationship between earnings presented in equity

The Bank owns 9,78% of the Garanti Faktoring A.Ş shares. At the end of the month shares are valued with the stock market value and the fair value difference is monitored in financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Bank has participated in Credit Guarantee Fund ("CGF") shares with its 1,49% shares.

In the framework of provision in the Capital Markets Law No.6362 Articles of Associations' which express four percent of capital is transferred without charge subsequent to registration and announcement of articles of association, 15.971.094 units BIST group (C) shares, each one of BIST group C shares being worth 1 Kuruş, total amounting to TL 160 were transferred to the Bank without charge.

As of 17 January 2020, the Bank has participated in JCR Avrasya Derecelendirme A.Ş. with a share of 2,86%. Related transaction is monitored at cost.

2. Comparison with market price if the balance sheet value, the fair value and market value for publicly traded is significantly different

None.

3. Types and amounts of positions traded, private equity investments in sufficiently diversified portfolios and other risks

None.

4. Cumulative realized gains and losses resulting from the sales and liquidations during the period

There are no cumulative realized gains or losses arising from sales and liquidations made during the period.

5. Total unrealized gains and losses, total revaluation value increases and their amounts included in core and supplementary capital

		Realized	Revaluation value increases			Unrealized gains	s/losses
	Portfolio	gains/losses Included in supplementary period Total capital		Total	Included in the core capital	Included in supplementary capital	
1	Private equity investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Shares quoted to the stock market	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Other shares	54.955	74.757	-	-	-	-
4	Total	54.955	74.757	-	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

- V. Explanations on position risk of equity securities (Continued)
- 6. The bank has chosen a capital requirement calculation method as stated in the official statements concerning credit risk standard qualifications and internal-based rating approach to credit risk total has affected the stock investments diffraction

The Bank does not have investment in associates or subsidiaries quoted on BIST. According to credit positions in banking accounts standard approach, stock investments amounting to TL 95.532 thousand are 100% risk weighted (31 December 2019: Stock investments amounting to TL 37.882 are 100% risk weighted).

#### VI. Explanations on liquidity risk and liquidity coverage ratio

- a) The Bank's risk capacity is the legal limits stipulated by the BRSA Regulation on the Measurement and Evaluation of Liquidity Adequacy of Banks. General policy of the Bank's liquidity risk, cost-effective in amounts that can meet the needs of potential cash flow under various operational conditions are based on maintaining a liquidity level. For this purpose, the existing loan stock and move weekly from existing cash balances, including the monthly and annual basis, debt payment obligations, estimated disbursements, credit collections, taking into account the political risk of loss compensation with potential capital inflows Turkish lira and foreign currency denominated cash flow statements are prepared separately and the need for additional resources from the movement and timing of cash flows results are determined. The Bank's cash flows, credit collections and additional fundings can be found, are designed under optimistic, neutral and pessimistic scenarios in terms of liquidity management mechanisms. As well as liquidity ratios, liquidity management, other balance sheet ratios, liquid assets in the amount and maturity structure and rules relating to the diversification of funding sources are taken into account.
- b) The Bank's sole shareholder is the Republic of Turkey Undersecretariat of Treasury. Therefore, another shareholding structure is not available. In terms of liquidity, share of resources that has original maturity longer than 1 year, cannot exceed 20% share in total resources of future repayments.
- c) The Bank maintains its short term liquidity needs through short term loans from international and domestic banks and long term liquidity needs through capital markets funds such as medium and long term loans and bonds issued by international institutions such as the World Bank and the European Investment Bank. The Bank tries to fund short-term loans from short-term, medium-long-term loans from medium-long-term sources, and tries to reduce the inconsistency in this issue as much as possible.
- ç) The Bank's main funding is denominated in USD and EUR and TL denominated loans are financed with equity on the liabilities side and in order to avoid to foreign currency risk USD and EUR denominated loans are granted.
- d) In terms of liquidity, the Bank prefers to use borrowing limits from Central Bank, Foreign Exchange markets and other domestic and foreign sources only in emergency situations. In addition, due to the status of the Bank's as an investment and development bank, the risk of sudden absence of deposits and draws are eliminated, which is a significant contribution to the reduction of liquidity risk. In addition, the bank's fundamental liquidity risk reduction techniques are finding the fund first and then providing credit facilities and before amortization of external obligations such as syndicated loans etc., repaying a debt by accumulating money. Additionaly, In order to meet the urgent liquidity need as specified in the Liquidity Action Plan, liquid asset (Asset in Article 5 of the Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Banks' Liquidity Adequacy) which is a minimum of 1 percent of the asset size of the Bank is held to be determined by the Assistant General Manager responsible for the Treasury, in addition to "The Ratio to be taken as a basis in Measuring Liquidity Risk".
- e) Stress tests are made by the end of the year and sent to BRSA within the frame of the Regulation on Internal Systems of Banks and Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process and BRSA good practice guideline until the end of March of the following year. Our Bank's the results of stress tests are reported to top management and considered on internal bank decisions.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### VI. Explanations on liquidity risk and liquidity coverage ratio (Continued)

f) The first measure for unexpected liquidity needs that may arise, having more short-term assets with a high liquidity rather than short term greater amount of liabilities. In this context:

- Increasing the level of liquid assets and/or
- Trying to extend the maturity of existing debt and/or,
- Limited new loan demand is covered and/or,
- Maturity of the loans be shortened and/or,
- Limits of traded financial institutions are constantly reviewed and/or,
- Part of the securities turn into more liquid form through outright sale or repurchase.

#### 1. Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%) Max and Minimum Weeks

In accordance with the "Regulation on Calculation of Bank's Liquidity Coverage Ratio", published in Official Gazette no. 28948, dated 21 March 2014, the weeks in which the highest and the lowest liquidity coverage ratio is calculated over the last three months are presented below.

	Current Period										
WeekTL+FCWeekTL+FCWeekFCWeekFCInfo(Max)Info(Min)Info(Max)Info(Min)											
27 December		1 November		27 December		1 November					
2020	1732,40	2020	327,70	2020	1507,69	2020	250,89				

Prior Period										
WeekTL+FCWeekTL+FCWeekFCWeekFCInfo(Max)Info(Min)Info(Max)Info(Min)										
22 December		06 October		22 December		13 October				
2019	808,64	2019	529,49	2019	665,29	2019	419,05			

According to the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency's 7123 numbered and 12 December 2016 dated decision, unless otherwise stated, the consolidated and non-consolidated total money and foreign money liquidation rates shall be considered zero for development and investment banks. The aforementioned rates are still being reported to the BRSA. On the other hand, in March, when the COVID epidemic started to spread, it was decided by the BRSA that banks would be exempted from their obligations to meet the legal ratios of Liquidity Adequacy Ratios and Liquidity Coverage Ratio until the end of the year within the scope of strengthening the capital and liquidity conditions of the banking system.

In addition, Eximbank is subject to the liquidity coverage ratio outlined in Regulation Considering the Calculation and Assessment of Bank Liquidity Coverage Ratio and the Bank is keeping these ratios above the stated limit.

In this period, liquidity coverage rates have increased considerably due to the increase in high quality liquid asset stocks. However, the fact that Türk Eximbank has a mission to support exports should not be kept out of sight. Within this framework and within the scope of BRSA's facility for investment and development banks, the focus is on export support aim rather than compliance with the related ratios.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

## VI. Explanations on liquidity risk and liquidity coverage ratio (Continued)

## 2. Liquidity Coverage Ratio

		Total Unweight	ed Value (*)	Total Weighte	ed Value (*)
Cu	rrent Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
Hiş	gh-Quality Liquid Assets				
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)			14.255.329	11.789.874
Cas	sh Outflows	-	-	-	-
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	_	_	_	-
3	Stable deposits	-	-	-	_
4	Less stable deposits	-	-	-	_
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	15.174.491	15.174.491	7.680.006	7.680.006
6	Operational deposits	_	-	-	_
7	Non-operational deposits	-	-	-	_
8	Unsecured funding	15.174.491	15.174.491	7.680.006	7.680.006
9	Secured wholesale funding				
10	Other cash outflows of which:	1.755.106	1.737.570	1.010.548	1.002.352
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	514.178	512.209	514.177	512.208
12	Outflows related to restructured financial instruments	-	-	-	-
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	1.240.928	1.225.361	496.371	490.144
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	_	_	_	
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	10.896.351	10.896.351	544.817	544.817
16	Total Cash Outflows			9.235.371	9.227.175
Cas	sh Inflows				
17	Secured receivables	_	-	-	_
18	Unsecured receivables	18.745.490	15.200.064	11.910.832	8.512.980
19	Other cash inflows	26.197	2.610	26.197	2.609
20	Total Cash Inflows	18.771.687	15.202.674	11.937.029	8.515.589
				Upper limit	applied value
21	Total HQLA			14.255.329	11.789.874
22	Total Net Cash Outflows			2.325.107	2.497.747
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			613,10	472,02

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{tabular}{l} (*) Simple arithmetic average calculated for the last three months by using the amounts calculated based on weekly simple arithmetic averages. \\ \end{tabular}$ 

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

### VI. Explanations on liquidity risk and liquidity coverage ratio (Continued)

2. Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

1	undity coverage Ratio (continued)	Total Unweight	ted Value (*)	Total Weighte	ed Value (*)
Pric	or Period	TL+FC	TL+FC	TL+FC	YP
Hig	h-Quality Liquid Assets				
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)			12.822.753	10.416.284
Cas	h Outflows				
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of				
	which:	-	-	-	-
3	Stable deposits	-	-	-	-
4	Less stable deposits	-	-	-	-
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	11.511.921	11.511.921	5.265.822	5.265.822
6	Operational deposits	_	-	-	
7	Non-operational deposits	_	-	-	_
8	Unsecured funding	11.511.921	11.511.921	5.265.822	5.265.822
9	Secured wholesale funding				
10	Other cash outflows of which:	2.124.143	1.917.923	1.805.726	1.722.678
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral				
	requirements	1.593.451	1.592.517	1.593.450	1.592.516
12	Outflows related to restructured financial instruments	-	-	-	_
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet				
	commitments granted for debts to financial markets	530.692	325.406	212.276	130.162
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual				
	obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet				
	obligations	10.026.974	10.026.974	501.348	501.348
16				7.572.896	7.489.848
	h Inflows				
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	15.556.953	13.682.976	10.029.648	8.332.096
19	Other cash inflows	7.801	6.011	7.801	6.010
20	Total Cash Inflows	15.564.754	13.688.987	10.037.449	8.338.106
				······	t applied value
21	Total HQLA			12.822.753	10.416.284
22	Total Net Cash Outflows			1.898.419	1.877.657
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			675,44	554,75

<sup>(\*)</sup> Simple arithmetic average calculated for the last three months by using the amounts calculated based on weekly simple arithmetic averages.

### Explanations on liquidity coverage ratio:

- a) Due to the low level of complexity of the Bank, cash inflows and outflows have not shown significant fluctuations during the period and cash inflows have been realized above the cash outflows throughout the period.
- b) The most important items of high quality liquid assets of the Bank, which does not accept deposits due to being a Development and Investment Bank, are the Turkish Lira and foreign currency securities issued by the Treasury of the Republic of Turkey.
- c) Main funding sources of the Bank are funds from CBRT rediscount loans, short-term loans from domestic and overseas banks, medium and long-term funds borrowed from international organizations like World Bank, European Investment Bank and funds obtained from capital market transactions by issuing debt securities.
- ç) Most of the derivative instruments used for hedging purposes are swap transactions within the scope of currency and interest rate risk.
- d) The Bank distributes funding sources between CBRT, domestic banks and international development and investment banks carefully and in a balanced manner. The Bank's principle to take first quality collaterals such as letters of guarantee. To prevent concentration risk, the Bank monitors the breakdown of the collaterals taken from banks and made policy limit controls to keep the risk up to 20% of each banks' total cash and non-cash loans.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

- VI. Explanations on liquidity risk and liquidity coverage ratio (Continued)
- 2. Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)
  - e) Taking into account the legal and operational liquidity transfer inhibiting factors, the needed funds and the liquidity risk exposure based on the Bank itself, the branches in foreign countries and consolidated partnerships:

None.

f) Taken in the calculation of liquidity coverage ratio but not included in the disclosure template in the second paragraph and the information regarding the other cash inflows and cash outflows items which are thought to be related to the Bank's liquidity profile:

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

### VI. Explanations on liquidity risk and liquidity coverage ratio (Continued)

### 3. Groupings of assets and liabilities on the remaining period to maturity

		Up to 1				Over 5		
	Demand	Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Years	Unallocated <sup>(1)</sup>	Total
Current Period								
Assets								
Cash (Cash on Hand in Transit, Purchased Cheques) and								
Balances with the Central Bank	5.005.582	_	_	_	_	_	_	5.005.582
Banks	94.464	4.893.649	_	_	_	_	_	4.988.113
Financial Assets Measured at	74.404	4.075.047						4.700.113
Fair Value through Profit or								
Loss	-	_	-	-	78.554	74.900	_	153.454
Money Market Placements	-	1.688.243	-	-	-	-	-	1.688.243
Financial Assets Measured at								
Fair Value Through Other								
Comprehensive Income	-	2.755	37.156	40.839	309.081	322.700	92.778	805.309
Loans	-	8.745.386	19.706.742	87.325.335	57.887.860	4.879.689	490.024	179.035.036
Financial Assets Measured at								
Amortised Cost	-	_	909.292	2.791.413	2.762.505	4.175.867	-	10.639.077
Other Assets	-	25.466	20.157	345.841	83.321	17.552	1.420.123	1.912.460
Total Assets	5.100.046	15.355.499	20.673.347	90.503.428	61.121.321	9.470.708	2.002.925	204,227,274
Liabilities								
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Funds	-	5.876.524	6.133.628	89.304.390	51.153.029	8.163.123	-	160.630.694
Money Market Funds	-	-	-	1.055.618	319.948	-	-	1.375.566
Securities Issued	-	_	3.990.064	3.625.951	15.337.245	-	-	22.953.260
Miscellaneous Payables	-	_	-	30.844	-	-	1.531.421	1.562.265
Other Liabilities <sup>(2,3,4)</sup>	-	29.338	8.613	115.259	1.751.688	3.380.039	12.420.552	17.705.489
Total Liabilities	-	5.905.862	10.132.305	94.132.062	68.561.910	11.543.162	13.951.973	204.227.274
Liquidity Gap	5.100.046	9.449.637	10.541.042	(3.628.634)	(7.440.589)	(2.072.454)	(11.949.048)	_
Net Off Balance Sheet Position	-	12.037	(130)	(644.873)	(135.436)	(461.057)	-	(1.229.459)
Derivative Financial Assets	-	1.554.658	3.703.793	15.097.635	4.798.441	4.446.390	-	29.600.917
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	1.542.621	3.703.923	15.742.508	4.933.877	4.907.447	-	30.830.376
Non-Cash Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.990.878	11.990.878
Prior Period								
Total Assets	7.457.086	12.567.726	29.769.544	76.866.134	26.798.015	7.923.193	1.501.414	162.883.112
Total Liabilities	-	8.568.561	13.479.040	85.104.686	33.377.759	10.043.800	12.309.266	162.883.112
Liquidity Gap	7.457.086	3.999.165	16.290.504	(8.238.552)	(6.579.744)	(2.120.607)	(10.807.852)	_
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	_	(6.497)	_	70.813	686,229	(30.151)	_	720,394
Derivative Financial Assets	-	3.372.885	294.065	4.683.756	19.901.345	4.106.357	-	32.358.408
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	3.379.382	294.065	4.612.943	19.215.116	4.136.508	-	31.638.014
Non-Cash Loans				-	,		10.891.326	10.891.326

<sup>(1)</sup> Assets such as tangible and intangible assets, investments, subsidiaries, office supply inventory, prepaid expenses, miscellaneous receivables and other assets are classified in this column.

<sup>(2)</sup> Liabilities that are necessary for banking activities and that cannot be liquidated in the short-term, such as equity, provisions, miscellaneous payables are classified in this column.

<sup>(3)</sup> In other liabilities, the amount of TL 12.420.552 at the "unallocated" column, includes the shareholders' equity amounting to TL 11.413.457, unearned revenue amounting to TL, 610.018, provisions amounting to TL 329.341 and other liabilities amounting to TL 67.736.

<sup>(4)</sup> In other liabilities "over 5 years" line, the amount of TL 3.380.039 includes subordinated debt instrument amounting to TL 2.937.898.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

- VI. Explanations on liquidity risk and liquidity coverage ratio (Continued)
- 4. The undiscounted cash flows of liabilities based on the remaining period to maturity dates are as follows:

Current Period	Book Value	Demand and up to 1 Month		3-12 Months		Over 5 Years	Unallocated	Total
Liabilities								
Bank deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Funds borrowed from other								
financial institutions	160.630.694	5.900.254	14.247.111	81.586.951	51.035.907	9.587.424	-	162.357.647
Funds borrowed from								
Interbank money market	1.375.566	-	-	1.076.331	336.117	- [	-	1.412.448
Marketable securities issued	22.953.260	151.897	3.963.376	4.439.975	16.884.982	-	-	25.440.230
Miscellaneous payables	1.562.264	-	-	30.844	-	-	1.531.420	1.562.264
Other liabilities	5.500.905	17.700	183.527	238.455	3.159.132	3.990.843	2.487.335	10.076.992
Total liabilities	192.022.689	6.069.851	18.394.014	87.372.556	71.416.138	13.578.267	4.018.755	200.849.581

Daire Baried	Daala Walaa	Demand and up to		3-12	1 5 W	Over 5	TIU4-J	Т-4-1
Prior Period	Book Value	1 Monu	1-3 Months	Months	1-5 Years	<b>1</b> еагѕ	Unallocated	Total
Liabilities								
Bank deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds borrowed from other	107 594 540	9 600 622	26 619 550	72 460 129	14.330.322	0.070.050		120 106 400
financial institutions	127.384.342	8.099.032	20.018.339	72.469.128	14.330.322	8.078.858	-	130.196.499
Funds borrowed from Interbank money market	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Marketable securities issued	18.791.531	122.527	293.296	757.555	23.807.375	-	-	24.980.753
Miscellaneous payables	2.405.274	-	-	29.398	-	-	2.375.876	2.405.274
Other liabilities	4.914.591	18.611	182.484	218.771	1.651.492	4.353.869	820.588	7.245.815
Total liabilities	153.695.938	8.840.770	27.094.339	73.474.852	39.789.189	12.432.727	3.196.464	164.828.341

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

## VI. Explanations on liquidity risk and liquidity coverage ratio (Continued)

### 5. The undiscounted cash inflows and outflows of derivatives of the Bank

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	
Current Period	Month	Months	Months	Years	Years	Total
D						
Derivatives held for trading						
Foreign exchange derivatives						
- Outflow	1.544.597	21.573	1.226.603	-	-	2.792.773
- Inflow	1.558.310	24.445	1.123.957	-	-	2.706.712
Interest rate derivatives						
- Outflow	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Inflow	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivatives held for hedging						
Foreign exchange derivatives						
- Outflow	93.580	165.812	4.645.698	20.039.273	848.747	25.793.110
- Inflow	151.897	269.055	5.019.006	20.005.974	801.204	26.247.136
Interest rate derivatives						
- Outflow	-	3.761.649	147.285	3.980.687	-	7.889.621
- Inflow	-	3.781.314	197.926	4.078.202	-	8.057.442
Total outflow	1.638.177	3.949.034	6.019.586	24.019.960	848.747	36.475.504
Total inflow	1.710.207	4.074.814	6.340.889	24.084.176	801.204	37.011.290

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	
Prior Period	Month	Months	Months	Years	Years	Total
Derivatives held for trading						
Foreign exchange derivatives						
- Outflow	3.260.569	-	-	-	-	3.260.569
- Inflow	3.254.070	-	-	-	-	3.254.070
Interest rate derivatives						
- Outflow	137.299	308.263	3.554.899	-	-	4.000.461
- Inflow	125.382	319.159	3.537.098	-	-	3.981.639
Derivatives held for hedging						
Foreign exchange derivatives						
- Outflow	68.342	125.997	1.815.629	16.452.233	1.468.144	19.930.345
- Inflow	122.527	233.054	2.322.132	18.410.530	1.516.988	22.605.231
Interest rate derivatives						
- Outflow	-	92.415	256.595	6.512.428	-	6.861.438
- Inflow	-	79.828	239.484	6.499.496	-	6.818.808
Total outflow	3.466.210	526.675	5.627.123	22.964.661	1.468.144	34.052.813
Total inflow	3.501.979	632.041	6.098.714	24.910.026	1.516.988	36.659.748

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

### INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

### VII. Explanations on leverage ratio

### a) Explanations on Differences between Current and Prior Years' Leverage Ratios

The leverage ratio decreased compared to the prior period. The reason is the main capital of the bank grows slower than the related risks, which are the subject of the leverage ratio. Total risk arises from the increase of the foreign currency and the debt that made in the period.

# b) Comparison of the total amount of assets and the total amount of risk included in the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with TAS

The Bank has unconsolidated financial reporting however, there is no consolidated financial reporting since there is no subsidiaries or associates.

#### c) The leverage ratio table is presented below:

	Current Period <sup>(*)</sup>	Prior Period <sup>(*)</sup>
On-Balance Sheet Items		
On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral)	212.888.487	159.764.556
Assets amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital	(18.917)	(11.512)
Total on balance sheet exposures	212.869.570	159.753.044
Derivative exposures and credit derivatives		
Replacement cost associated with derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	2.860	34.035
The potential amount of credit risk with derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	1.055.994	1.492.894
The total amount of risk on derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	1.058.854	1.526.929
Investment securities or commodity collateral financing transactions		
The amount of risk investment securities or commodity collateral financing transactions		
(Excluding on balance sheet items)	392.506	-
Risk amount of exchange brokerage operations	_	-
Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions	392.506	_
Off -Balance Sheet Items		
Gross notional amount of off-balance sheet items	83.053.365	58.232.915
Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	(62.319.590)	(42.922.471)
The total risk of off-balance sheet items	20.733.775	15.310.444
Capital and Total Exposures		
Tier 1 capital	12.182.779	9.913.583
Total exposures	235.054.705	176.590.417
Leverage Ratio		
Leverage ratio	%5,18	5,61%

<sup>(\*)</sup> Three-month average of the amounts in Leverage Ratio table.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### VIII. Presentation of financial assets and liabilities at their fair values

	Carrying	Value	Fair Value		
	<b>Current Period</b>	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	
Financial Assets					
Due from interbank money market	1.688.243	-	1.688.243	-	
Banks	5.005.582	2.667.466	5.005.582	2.667.466	
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	95.532	7.818	95.532	7.818	
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	10.639.077	7.090.482	10.293.862	6.883.891	
Loans	179.035.036	143.359.915	186.062.386	149.569.981	
Financial Liabilities					
Bank deposits	-	-	-	-	
Other deposits	-	_	-	-	
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	160.630.694	127.584.542	166.418.626	133.909.273	
Issued marketable securities <sup>(1)</sup>	22.953.260	18.527.877	22.886.387	19.186.352	
Miscellaneous payables	1.562.264	2.405.274	1.562.264	2.405.274	

<sup>(1)</sup> Securities traded in the markets are taken into consideration.

The fair values of financial assets measured at amortized cost are determined as Level 1 for presentation purposes.

The fair values of the loans and funds provided from other financial institutions for presentation purposes have been determined as Level 2.

### Fair value measurement classification

In the table below, valuation method of financial instruments valued by fair value is given. Valuation methods according to the levels are defined as follows:

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurements using inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Current Period	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	153.454	-	-	153.454
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income <sup>(1)</sup>	794.736	-	-	794.736
Derivative financial Assets held for fair value hedges	-	26.224	-	26.224
Derivative Financial Assets for Hedging Purposes	-	466.113	-	466.113
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities held for trading	-	114.929	-	114.929
Derivative financial assets held for fair value hedges	-	676.200	-	676.200

<sup>(1)</sup> Refers to the balance of financial assets traded in stock exchanges and monitored within financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

# INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### IX. Presentation of financial assets and liabilities at their fair values

Prior Period	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income <sup>(1)</sup>	30.004	-	-	30.004
Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	-	6.327	-	6.327
Derivative financial assets held for fair value hedges	-	1.405.430	-	1.405.430
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities held for trading	-	31.766	-	31.766
Derivative financial liabilities held for fair value hedges	-	75.183	-	75.183

### IX. Explanations on activities carried out on behalf and account of other parties

The Bank does not carry out transactions on behalf of and account of others and there are not any trust transactions.

### X. Information on risk management

#### 1. The Bank's risk management policy

Eximbank, as Turkey's official Export Support Organization, provides export sector with credit, guarantee and insurance programs. While the Bank is not primarily engaged in profit-making activities, it maintains the level of risk that it must undertake when it fulfills its legal functions of "providing financial support to the export sector" with an approach that does not weaken the financial power and conforms to generally accepted banking and investment policies.

Eximbank supports exporters, export oriented manufacturers and exporters with contractors, entrepreneurs and foreign exchange earning companies operating with short, medium and long term cash / non-cash loans, insurance and guarantee programs. The bank applies the principle of obtaining a first quality guarantee such as a guarantee letter from a commercial bank for loans the Bank is using. Cash, non-cash credit and treasury transaction limits for guarantee letters and warranties issued by the banks to constitute the guarantees of the credits granted by the banks through Türk Eximbank and the loans granted directly to the firm are determined and monitored within the framework of financial analysis and risk assessment studies of domestic banks. In order to avoid the risk of concentration, the bank-based distribution of collateral is monitored closely and the policy of undertaking risk up to 20% of total cash and non-cash total credit risk, except treasury transactions for a single bank, is followed by limit controls. In order to carry out the activities at the optimum level, a risk appetite framework integrated with the budget process has been established considering the risk capacity of the Bank by the Board of Directors of the Bank and thus, it was ensured that the right risk position was taken.

The risk management process, which is organized within the framework of risk management regulations and serves to create a common risk culture across the organization; Is a structure in which risks are defined in line with international regulations, and measurement, analysis, monitoring and reporting activities are carried out in this framework. Risk management activities are structured under the responsibility of Audit Committee. In this context, the Risk Management Department develops the necessary systems to carry out its activities, monitors the compliance of the risks with the policies and standards and the Bank limits, and continues to work on compliance with the relevant legal regulations and Basel criteria. In addition to the standard approaches used for statutory reporting, reporting risk measures are also developed through internal models and are supported by applied stress tests.

Limit checks on both company and bank basis, cash and non-cash collaterals for such loans, account status documents provided for the financial analysis / allocation process and profit / loss statements as a proxy are supervised by the Inspection Board Presidency and the Internal Control Presidency over the selected files. Credit ratings of loans and other receivables are followed up by Credit Monitoring and Follow-up Department. Firms and banks' risks and limits are monitored on a daily and weekly basis, with the units responsible for issuing loans and without risk monitoring. Risk assessment methodologies for domestic and foreign banks used by the Department of Financial Institutions were revised in 2020 and entered into force after being approved by the Board of Directors.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

#### INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### XI. Information on risk management

The capital adequacy standard ratio is calculated by distributing risk weighted assets and non-cash loans according to the risk weight ratios in the relevant legislation. The standard method for credit and market risk and the basic indicator approach for operational risk are calculated. While calculating the Liquidity Coverage Ratio from the liquidity metrics, the action plans prepared within the Liquidity Action Plan are also taken into account for monitoring the Bank's medium-long term liquidity balance. In addition, daily liquidity is monitored by Risk Management, taking into account the cash inflows and outflows from all product segments.

The risk management process, which is organized within the framework of risk management regulations and serves to create a common risk culture across the organization; Analysis, monitoring, reporting, and auditing activities are carried out in accordance with the principles of independence of interdependence of executive units and internal supervision and supervision units, which take the risk of "good corporate governance" in the foreground, in harmony with international regulations. Internal systems are responsible for coordinating the dissemination of the institutional culture necessary to ensure that operational risks are managed by the risk-taking staff. The procedures for threshold increases and risk definitions are included in risk policies.

The Risk Assessment Report and the overall risk are regularly reported to the top management. Moreover, risks arising from treasury transactions, Bank's direct and indirect total risks are monitored daily by the relevant units and reported to the management. Risk Analysis Report is being prepared according to the "Regulation on Banks to Receive Support Services" published in the Official Gazette dated 5 November 2011 and numbered 28106, sets out the general policies and principles of the services that are included/will be included in the support service that the Bank receives and it is presented to the Board of Directors through the Audit Committee once a year.

The stress tests, the Regulation on Internal Systems of Banks and the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process text, and the BRSA Good Practice Guidelines, are made at the end of the year and sent to the BRSA until the end of March of the following year. The results of the stress test at the Bank are also reported to the upper management and are taken into account in the bank's internal decisions. Within the scope of ICAAP, credit risk, market risk and operational risk as well as interest rate risk arising from banking accounts, reinvestment risk, non-repayment risk, optionality risk, duration-convexity, value-at-risk analysis, concentration risk on the basis of country and bank accepted as collateral within the scope of credit risk and liquidity risk assessments are included in the calculation of legal capital requirement.

The Bank issuing the loans with the guarantee of the commercial banks in Turkey (guarantee letter, warranty etc.) is not subject to any risk arising from the companies. On the other hand, a systemic risk that may be experienced in the banking sector is monitored closely and the intention and controls are used to prevent concentration on the bank basis. Credit policies are based on improving asset quality, supporting effective risk management and compliance with legal practices.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

## X. Information on risk management

## 2. Overview of risk weighted amounts

		1	eighted ount	Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current	Prior	
		Period	Period	Current Period
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	76.735.319	\$	6.138.826
2	Of which standardized approach (SA)	76.735.319	66.392.064	6.138.826
3	Of which internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	857.708	724.172	68.617
5	Of which standardized approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	857.708	724.172	68.617
6	Of which internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Equity positions in banking book under basic risk weighting or internal rating-based approach	-	-	-
8	Equity investments in funds – look-through approach	-	-	-
9	Equity investments in funds – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Equity investments in funds – 1250% weighted risk approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization positions in banking accounts	-	-	-
13	Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	Of which IRB Supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	525.675	142.963	42.054
17	Of which standardized approach (SA)	525.675	142.963	42.054
18	Of which internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational Risk	2.537.427	1.757.565	202.994
20	Of which Basic Indicator Approach	2.537.427	1.757.565	202.994
21	Of which Standardized approach (SA)	-	-	-
22	Of which Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	The amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital (subject to a $250\%$ risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	80.656.129	69.016.764	6.452.491

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

- X. Information on risk management (Continued)
- 3. Linkages between Financial Statements and Risk Amounts

Differences and matching between asset and liabilities' carrying values in financial statements and risk amounts in capital adequacy calculation

		Carrying v	values of items in	Turkish A	ccounting Standards	
	Carrying values in financial statements prepared as per TAS	Subject to credit risk	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Securitization Positions	Subject to market risk	Not subject to capital requirements or subject to deduction from capital
Assets						
Cash and CBRT	5.005.582	5.005.582	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss	4.987.605	4.988.113	-	-	-	(508)
Banks	1.688.243	1.688.243	-	-	-	-
Money market placements	153.454	-	-	-	286.840	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	805.309	1.168.958	-	-	-	-
Loans	178.253.907	178.545.215	-	-	-	(291.308)
Factoring receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	10.639.077	10.639.077	-	-	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in associates	-	-	-	-	-	-
Joint ventures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets held for risk management	492.337	-	492.337	-	-	-
Tangible assets	16.761	16.761	-	-	-	-
Intangible assets	10.187	-	-	-	-	10.187
Investment property	2.111	2.111	-	-	-	-
Tax asset	-	-	_			
Assets held for sale and discontinued operations	_		_	-	-	_
Other assets	2.172.701	2.200.606	_			(27.905)
Total assets	204.227.274	204.254.666	492.337		286.840	(309.534)
Liabilities						· · ·
Deposits	-	-	_			
Funds borrowed	160.630.694	-	_			160.630.694
Money market funds	1.375.566	-	1.375.566	-	-	-
Securities issued (net)	22.953.260	-	-	-	-	22.953.260
Funds	13	-	-	-	-	13
Derivative financial liabilities	791.128		791.128			
Factoring payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease payables	12.533	-	-	-	-	12.533
Provisions	329.341	-	-	-		329.341
Current tax liability	17.700	-	-	-	-	17.700
Liabilities for tangible assets held for sale and related to discontinued operations	_	-	-	-	-	_
Subordinated loans	4.463.576		_		_	4.463.576
Other liabilities	2.240.006					2.240.006
Shareholders' equity	11.413.457		_	_	-	11.413.457
Total liabilities	204.227.274		2.166.694		_	202.060.580

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

#### INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

- X. Information on risk management (Continued)
- 4. Linkages Between Financial Statements and Risk Amounts

The main sources of the differences between the risk amounts and the amounts assessed in accordance with TAS in the financial statements

		Total	Credit Risk	Securitization Positions	Counterparty credit risk	Market risk	Not Subject to Capital Requirements or Deducted from Capital
1	Asset carrying value amount						
	under regulatory in financial statement	204.227.274	204.254.666	-	492.337	286.840	(309.534)
	Liabilities carrying value amount under regulatory in financial statement	204.227.274			_		-
3	Total net amount scope of financial statement	-	-	-	-	1	-
4	Off-balance sheet amounts	6.001.512	6.001.512	-	-	-	-
5	Differences in valuations	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Differences due to different netting rules	-	-	-	-	_	-
7	Differences due to consideration of provisions	_	_	_	-		-
8	Differences due to prudential filters	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Risk Amounts	210.228.786	210.256.178	-	492.337	286.840	(309.534)

- a) The scope of the Bank's accounting consolidation and legal consolidation is exactly the same and there is no difference.
- b) According to TAS, there is no difference between the Bank's risk assessed amounts and risk amounts.
- c) According to the prudent valuation principles and bases in Annex-3 attached to the Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks, banks define systems and controls to ensure the prudence and reliability of valuation estimates. Descriptions include the following.
- Valuation methodologies including a description of the use of market value and model value methodologies.
- Definition of independent price approval processes
- Processes for valuation adjustments or differences. (Includes definition of process and methodology for valuation of trading positions according to the type of financial instrument.)

Bank position transactions are all kinds of money market, capital market, foreign exchange market and derivative market transactions (excluding transactions for purchases and sales) made by the Treasury Department for the management of currency, interest rate and liquidity risk.

For the purpose of hedging against the market risk that the Bank may be exposed to through the trading portfolio, all trading securities portfolio, trading / foreign currency and foreign currency / Turkish currency transactions are evaluated on a daily basis with the current market rates.

In order to limit possible loss that may arise from market risk, the maximum amounts that can be carried per day, the maximum amount of transactions and the limit of termination of damages shall be applied within the limits set by the Board of Directors for all Turkish Currency and Foreign Exchange transactions for trading purposes. In other words, these limitations are determined on a product basis and are also subject to limitations according to the duties and authorities of the traders, and compliance with these limits is automatically made by the system.

Financial assets measured at amortised costs are valued by internal rate of return.

#### 5. Public Disclosures on Credit Risk

The Bank applies the principle which is accepting first group guarantee like letter of guarantee from commercial banks, warranty etc. for its loans. For this reason, the "institutional receivables" risk category is largely transformed into "receivables from banks and intermediary institutions".

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

#### INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### X. Information on risk management (Continued)

#### 5. Public Disclosures on Credit Risk (Continued)

In order to avoid the risk of concentration, the bank-based distribution of collateral is monitored closely and the policy of undertaking risk up to 20% of total cash and non-cash credit risk, except treasury transactions for a single bank, is followed by limit controls. In addition, credit limits to be used by a single company are determined by the Credit Committee within the limits of the Board of Directors and legal limits.

In order to ensure that credits are in line with company and bank limits, there are controls on the system that prevent limit overruns. These checks are periodically tested by the Internal Control unit. The limits of the banks that receive guarantees are monitored daily by the Financial Institutions Department. Limit change requirements are regularly monitored and necessary updates are made by the Board of Directors.

Limit checks on both company and bank basis, cash and non-cash collaterals for such loans, account status documents provided for the financial analysis / allocation process, and profit / loss statements as an annex are selected and audited by the Inspection Board Presidency and Internal Control Presidency. Credit ratings of loans and other receivables are followed up by Credit Monitoring and Follow-up Department. Firms and banks' risks and limits are monitored on a daily and weekly basis, by the units responsible from issuing loans and risk monitoring.

The Risk Assessment Report prepared by the Risk Management Department and senior management and board of directors lending programs are periodically informed on the basis of total risks and problem loans. The Financial Institutions Department monitors the existing risks on an intermediary bank basis on a daily basis.

#### 5.1. Credit quality of assets

	Gross Carrying V States Prepared in Accord Accounting Sta	ments lance with Turkish	Allowances/ amortization and	
	Defaulted	Non-defaulted	impairments	Net Values
1 Loans	490.026	164.050.981	779.596	163.761.411
2 Debt Securities	-	11.233.625	1.962	11.231.663
3 Off-balance sheet exposures	-	11.280.818	163.063	11.117.755
4 Total	490.026	186.565.424	944.621	186.110.829

#### 5.2. Changes in stock of default loans and debt securities

1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting period	506.596
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	351.148
3	Receivables back to non-defaulted status	-
4	Amounts written off	(1.416)
5	Other changes	(366.302)
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period (1+2-3-4±5)	490.026

#### 5.3. Additional Explanation about the Credit Quality of Asset

#### Additional qualitative disclosures about the credit quality of assets

Due to the fact that loan debt is not performed or cannot be paid by the debtor in the loan repayment period, the loans that are not paid in due period are considered as overdue receivables in terms of accounting practices.

With the transition to TFRS 9, the impairment model and expected loss provision calculation methodology used by the Bank in determining the provisions for its financial assets and overdue receivables are explained in the Section III Note VII.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

#### INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

#### X. Information on risk management (Continued)

#### 5.3 Public Explanations on Credit Risk (Continued)

#### Additional Explanation about the Credit Quality of Asset (Continued)

Loans and other receivables restructured or rescheduled in order to provide liquidity to the borrower and to collect the receivables of the borrower pursuant to the related provisions of the regulation are followed by debt to the relevant loan accounts after the conditions specified in the said Regulation are fulfilled. As of 31 December 2020, there are restructured or rescheduled loans among the standard loans and loans in close follow-up with a total amount of TL 2.785.260 and there are restructured or rescheduled loans and receivables with a total amount of TL 1.265 among the non-performing loans.

## Additional quantitative disclosures about the credit quality of assets

**a)** According to the geographical area of the receivables, according to the sector and according to the remaining maturity.

Explanations about the breakdown of receivables according to geographical regions, sectors and residuals are included in the "Explanations on Credit Risk" section.

**b**) Amounts of receivables that are provisioned on geographical regions and sector basis and related provisions and amounts deleted from assets

Current Period	Non-Performing Loans <sup>(*)</sup>	Specific Provision
Domestic	4.143.975	466.453
EU Countries	110.797	110.797
OECD Countries	19.807	19.807
Off-shore Banking Regions	-	-
USA, Canada	4.623	4.623
Other Countries	92.680	92.680
Total	4.371.882	694.360

<b>Current Period</b>	Non-Performing Loans (*)	Specific Provision
Agriculture	15.206	13.331
Farming and Stockbreeding	9.868	7.993
Forestry	5.322	5.322
Fishery	16	16
Manufacturing	3.225.138	444.456
Mining and Quarrying	20.049	3.401
Production	3.204.059	441.054
Electricity, Gas and Water	1.030	1
Construction	545.738	182.707
Services	585.710	53.776
Wholesale and Retail Trade	130.542	32.998
Hotel, Food and Beverage services	226.360	19.691
Transportation and Telecom	23.207	22
Financial Institutions	292	292
Real Estate and Rental Services	-	-
Self-employment Services	13.733	391
Educational Services	-	-
Health and Social Services	191.576	382
Other	90	90
Total		
	4.371.882	694.360

<sup>(\*)</sup> Non-performing loans include non-performing loans and loans under close monitoring.

As of 31 December 2020, the total of non-performing loans written off from assets is amounting to TL 1.416.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

#### INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

- X. Information on risk management (Continued)
- 5. Public Explanations on Credit Risk (Continued)
- 5.3. Additional Explanation about the Credit Quality of Asset (Continued)
  - c) Aging analysis for overdue receivables

Current Period	Past due items (*)
Up to 3 months	3.601.139
3-12 months	227.704
1-5 years	457.019
5 years and over	86.020
Total	4.371.882

<sup>(\*)</sup> Non-performing receivables include non-performing loans and loans under close monitoring.

#### d) Analysis of restructured loans according to making provision

	Restructured	Specific
Current Period	Receivables	<b>Provisions</b>
Restructured Standard Loans and Other Receivables	-	-
Loans and Other Receivables Under Close Monitoring	2.785.260	4.560
Restructured Non-performing Loans	1.265	1.265
Total	2.786.525	5.825

#### 5.4. Credit risk mitigation techniques

#### 5.4.1. Politics and processes of offsetting balance sheet and off-balance sheet items

The Bank does not make balance sheet and off-balance sheet offsetting as risk mitigation technique.

#### 5.4.2 Basic characteristics of policies and processes related to the assessment and management of collateral

The Bank receives letters of guarantee for all cash loans granted by the banks in Turkey and abroad. Within this scope, the limits given to the banks are checked regularly and amendments are made with the decision of the Board of Directors when necessary.

#### 5.4.3 Intensification of market and credit risk arising from credit risk mitigation tools used

Cash and non-cash loan and treasury transaction limits for guarantee letters and avors issued by the banks to constitute the guarantee of the credits granted by the banks through Eximbank and the loans granted directly to the firm are determined and monitored within the framework of financial analysis and risk assessment studies of domestic banks. In order to avoid the risk of concentration, the bank-based distribution of collateral is monitored closely and the policy of undertaking risk up to 20% of total cash and non-cash credit risk, except treasury transactions for a single bank, is followed by limit controls. Concentration risk measurements are made on the basis of banks that give collateral and loan customers by applying Herfindahl-Hirschman method in the stress test report sent to the BRSA every year.

#### 5.4.4 Risk Decreasing Techniques – General Overview

	Exposures unsecured	Exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by collateral, of which: secured amount	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	guarantees, of which: secured	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Exposures secured by credit derivatives, of which: secured amount
1 Loans	13.376	163.748.035	163.292.053	-	-	-	-
2 Debt securities	11.231.663	ı	-	-	-	-	-
3 Total	11.245.039	163.748.035	163.292.053	-	-	-	-
4 Of which defaulted	-	204	-	-	-	-	-

According to the Regulation on the Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks, the external rating grades of the counterparties of Fitch Ratings International Rating Agency are used in determining the risk weights for the entire risk class from central government or central banks. There has been no change in the rating agency used during the period.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

- X. Information on risk management (Continued)
- 5. Public Explanations on Credit Risk (Continued)
- 5.4. Credit risk mitigation techniques (Continued)
- 5.4.5. Standard approach Exposure credit risk and credit risk mitigation effects

		Exposures b		Exposures post-CCF and					
		and C		CRM		RWA and	RWA density		
	Risk Groups	On-balance sheet amount	Off- balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet Amount	Off- balance sheet amount	Risk- weighted amount	Risk-weighted amount density (%)		
1	Exposures to sovereigns and	amount	amount	Amount	amount	amount	defisity (70)		
1	their central banks	20.449.008	_	17.908.511	_	14.917.140	83,30		
2	Exposures to regional and	2011131000		1715 001011		1117171110	32,23		
_	local governments	_	-	-	-	_	_		
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-		
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-		
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-		
6	Exposures to banks and								
	securities firms	19.271.666	32.799.152	165.975.148	526	52.603.231	31,69		
7	Exposures to corporates	141.551.438	38.287.688	235.598	5.036.443	5.272.041	100		
8	Retail exposures	4.328.120	3.144.115	1.480.975	674.707	1.616.762	75		
9	Exposures secured by residential property	10.402	-	10.402	1	3.641	35		
10	Exposures secured by commercial property	112.341	1	112.341	ı	56.170	50		
11	Past-due loans	204	-	204	1	102	50		
12	Exposures in higher-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-		
13	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-		
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-		
15	Equity investments in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-		
16	Other exposures	2.170.709	-	2.170.709	_	2.170.699	100		
17	Equity investments	95.532		95.532		95.532	100		
18	Total	187.989.420	74.230.955	187.989.420	5.711.676	76.735.318	39,62		

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

#### INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

- X. Information on risk management (Continued)
- 5. Public Explanations on Credit Risk (Continued)
- 5.4. Credit risk mitigation techniques (Continued)
- 5.4.6. Standard Approach Receivables according to risk classes and risk weights

	Risk Groups/ Risk Weights	0%	10%	20%	35% <sup>(1)</sup>	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	Others	Total risk amount (2)
1	Exposures to sovereigns and their	2 001 250						14015141				
_	central banks	2.991.370	-	-		-	-	14.917.141	-	-	-	17.908.511
2	Exposures to regional and local governments	-	-	-	_	1	-	-	-	1	1	-
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	ı	-
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	_	1	-	-	-	1	1	-
6	Exposures to banks and securities											
	firms	105.400.573	-	3.231.192	-	10.773.833	-	46.570.076	-	-	-	165.975.674
7	Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.272.041	-	-	-	5.272.041
8	Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	2.155.682	-		-	-	2.155.682
9	Exposures secured by residential											
	property	-	-	-	10.402	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.402
10	Exposures secured by commercial property	-	_	-	_	112.341	-	-	_	-	_	112.341
11	Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	204	-	-			-	204
12	Exposures in higher-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Equity investments in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
16	Equity investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	95.532	-	-		95.532
17	Other exposures	10	-	-	-	-	-	2.170.699	-	-	-	2.170.709
18	Total	108.391.953	-	3.231.192	10.402	10.886.378	2.155.682	69.025.489		-	-	193.701.096

<sup>(1)</sup> Secured by residential property

#### 6. Explanations on counterparty credit risk

### 6.1. Qualitative Explanations on Counterparty credit risk

For transactions made with foreign banks, the amount and the maturity limit are established by the resolution of the Board of Directors. Limits are checked by Treasury Department. The majority of transactions that create counterparty risk in the Bank are money, interest swaps and forward transactions intended for hedging purposes. Fair value appraisal method is used in determining the amount subject to counterparty risk in accordance with the principles stated in Appendix-2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks. There is no reverse trend risk due to counterparty credit risk policies. The Central Counterparty Risk is calculated by taking into account the tables which are revised by Takasbank if repo transactions are performed and containing the values that the banks will use in calculating the capital liability for the risks related to the qualified transactions they have made with the Central Counterparties.

<sup>(2)</sup> Exposures post-CCR and CRM

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

- X. Information on risk management (Continued)
- **6.** Explanations on counterparty credit risk (Continued)
- 6.2. Counterparty credit risk (CCR) approach analysis

		Replacement Cost	Potential Credit Risk	ЕЕРЕ	Alpha used for computing regulatory EAD	Exposure after Credit Risk Mitigation	Risk Weighted Amounts
1	Standardized Approach -CCR (for derivatives)	1.609	1.025.536		1,40	1.027.145	509.541
3	Internal Model Method (for derivative financial instruments, repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)  Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or			_	-	-	_
	borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)					1.927.055	331.604
4						26.105	13.053
6	Value-at-Risk (VaR) for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions					-	- 854.198

## 6.3 Credit valuation adjustment (CVA) for capital obligation

		Risk Amounts (After use of credit risk mitigation techniques)	Risk Weighted Amounts
	Total portfolio value with comprehensive approach CVA capital		
	adequacy		
1	(i) Value at Risk component (including the 3*multiplier)		-
2	(ii) Stressed Value at Risk component (including the		
	3*multiplier)		-
3	Total portfolio value with standardized approach CVA capital		
	charge	28.179.823	-
4	Total subject to the CVA capital charge	6.234	3.115

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

- X. Information on risk management (Continued)
- **6.** Explanations on counterparty credit risk (Continued)
- 6.4. CCR Exposures by Risk Class and Risk Weights

Risk Weights	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	Total Credit Risk
Risk Groups									
Conditional and unconditional									
exposures to sovereigns and their									
central banks	1.927.055	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditional and unconditional									
exposures to regional and local									
governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditional and unconditional									
exposures to administrative bodies									
and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditional and unconditional									
exposures to multilateral									
development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditional and unconditional									
exposures to international									
organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditional and unconditional									
exposures to banks and securities									
firms	1.263.846	-	13.464	1.709.205	23	-	-	-	857.313
Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	ı	ı	-	-	-
Exposures secured by residential									
property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures secured by commercial									
property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in high-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of bonds									
secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securitization pozitions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term exposures to banks,									
brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
Equity investments in the form of									
collective investment undertakings	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
Equity investments	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Exposures	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3.190.901	-	13,464	1.709.205	23	-	-	_	857.313

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

# SECTION FOUR (Continued) INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

- X. Information on risk management (Continued)
- 6. Explanations on counterparty credit risk (Continued)
- 6.5. Collateral for CCR

		Collateral used in derivative transactions				Collateral used in other transactions	
	Collater	al received	Posted	collateral	Collateral	Posted	
	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	received	collateral	
Cash-domestic currency	-	-	-	-	-	50.000	
Cash-foreign currency	-	-	-	-	73	-	
Domestic sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	1.309.134	-	
Government agency debts	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Corporate debts	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	-	-	-	1.309.207	50.000	

#### **6.6.** Exposures to central counterparties

		Risk Amount After CCF	RWA
1	Total risks arising from transactions with qualified central counterparty		395
2	Regarding the risks arising from transactions in the Central counterpart (excluding the initial		
	guarantee and guarantee fund amount)	-	395
3	(I) Derivative financial instruments	1.975	395
4	(II) Other derivative financial instruments	-	-
5	<ul><li>(III) Repo-reverse and repo transactions, credit securities transactions and securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions</li></ul>		
6	(IV) Netting groups to which cross product netting is applied	-	
7	Supervised initial coverage	-	-
8	Unsupervised initial coverage  Unsupervised initial coverage	-	
9	Amount of paid guarantee funds	<del>-</del>	_
10	Undeclared guarantee fund commitment	-	_
11	Total risks arising from non-qualified central counterpart transactions	_	
12	Related to the risks arising from the transactions in the central counterpart (excluding the initial		
12	guarantee and guarantee fund amount)	_	-
13	(I) Derivative financial instruments	-	-
14	(II) Other derivative financial instruments	-	-
15	<ul><li>(III) Repo-reverse and repo transactions, credit securities transactions and securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions</li></ul>	-	-
16	(IV) Netting groups to which cross product netting is applied	-	-
17	Supervised initial coverage	-	
18	Unsupervised initial coverage	-	-
19	Amount of paid guarantee funds	-	-
20	Undeclared guarantee fund commitment	-	-

#### 6.7. Counterparty credit risk based on risk class and probability of default

None.

6.8. Counterparty credit risk based on credit variety

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

#### INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

- X. Information on risk management (Continued)
- 7. Change Table of Risk Weighted Amounts Based on Internal Rating (IRB) Approach

None.

7.1. Internal Rating (IRB) Portfolio and Default Probability credit risk amounts based on interval

None.

7.2. Effect of Credit Derivatives Used as Internal Rating (IRB) Credit Risk Mitigation Technique on Risk Weighted Amount

None.

7.3. Specialized loans based on Internal Rating (IRB) and stock investments subject to simple risk weighting approach

None.

7.4. Risk Weighted Assets within Internal Model Methodology

None.

- 8. Market Risk Disclosures
- 8.1. Qualitative information to be disclosed to the public regarding market risk

Market risk refers to the possibility of loss that may arise due to interest, exchange rate and price changes arising from fluctuations in the financial markets in the positions of the Bank on its balance sheet and off-balance sheet accounts and consequent changes in the Bank income/expense item and equity profitability. In order to hedge against the market risk that the Bank may be exposed to as a result of financial activities, all Turkish Lira (TL) and foreign currency securities portfolio for trading purposes are evaluated on a daily basis with the current rates in the market. In order to limit the possible loss that may arise from market risk, the maximum amount of transactions that can be carried per day, including securities transactions, the maximum amount of transactions and the limit for termination of damages are applied within the limits set by the Board of Directors for all trading transactions. "Exchange Rate" and "Interest Rate" are calculated based on the "Standard Method and Market Risk Measurement Method" published by the BRSA in the calculation of the market risk exposed to the Bank in the Capital Adequacy Analysis Form. Also, Value at Risk (VAR) calculations are performed as part of the internal control mechanism other than statutory reporting and adapting to international studies.

Derivative transactions are initially measured at fair value and transaction costs that are attributable to them are recognized in profit or loss as they are incurred. They are valued with their fair values in subsequent periods. This valuation result is reflected in the financial statements as a single asset or liability on a contract basis by netting off the receivables and payables arising from each contract within their fair values. The method of accounting for the resulting profit or loss varies depending on whether the derivative is intended for hedging or not and the content of the hedged asset.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

- X. Information on risk management (Continued)
- 8. Market Risk Explanations (Continued)
- 8.2. Standardized Approach

		Risk Weighted Amounts
	Outright Products	
1	Interest rate risk (general and specific)	417.837
2	Equity risk (general and specific)	-
3	Foreign exchange risk	107.838
4	Commodity risk	-
	Options	
5	Simplified approach	-
6	Delta-plus method	-
7	Scenario approach	-
8	Securitizations	-
9	Total	525.675

#### 8.3. Internal model approach for trading account

None.

### 8.4. Comparison of Risk Exposure Value (VAR) estimates with profit / loss

None.

## 9. Explanations on Operational Risk

Calculation of the operational risk capital requirement is measured using the Basic Indicator Approach once a year in parallel with domestic regulations.

The information contained in the following table when using the basic indicator method:

	2 PP	1 PP	CP Amount	Total/No. of Years	Rate (%)	Total
	Amount	Amount		of Positive Gross		
Gross Income	939.479	1.195.959	1.924.446	1.353.294	15	202.994
Value at operational risk						
(Total*12.5)						2.537.427

## 10. The interest rate risk of the banking book items

The interest rate risk ratio of the banking book items are conducted on a monthly basis and reported to BRSA.

				Revenue/Shareholders'
		Applied Shock		Equity – Loss/
	Currency	(+/- x basis point)	Revenue/ Loss	Shareholders' Equity
1	TL	500	13.971	%0,09
	TL	(400)	(68.928)	%(0,43)
2	EUR	200	71.571	%0,44
	EUR	(200)	(43.591)	%(0,27)
3	USD	200	(26.296)	%(0,16)
	USD	(200)	38.238	%0,24
	Total (for Negative Shocks)		(74.281)	%(0,46)
	Total (for Positive Shocks)		59.246	%0,37

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

## XI. Explanations on securitization

1. Securitization pozitions on banking accounts

None.

2. Securitization positions in trading accounts

None.

3. Securitization positions in banking accounts and related capital requirement

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

## XII. Explanations on operating segments

Information regarding operating segments as of 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 has been given in the following table:

Current Period	Corporate Banking	Investment Banking	Undistributed	Total Operations of the Bank
Interest income	4.240.601	770.898	-	5.011.499
Interest income on loans	4.229.188	-	-	4.229.188
Interest received from banks	-	126.794	-	126.794
Interest received from money market transactions	-	72.387	-	72.387
Interest received from marketable securities	-	571.717	-	571.717
Other interest income	11.413	-	-	11.413
Interest expense	(2.103.454)	(1.682.619)	(2.481)	(3.788.554)
Interest on loans borrowed	(2.084.517)	-	-	(2.084.517)
Interest paid for money market transactions	-	(151)	-	(151)
Interest on securities issued	-	(1.682.468)	-	(1.682.468)
Lease interest espenses			(2.481)	(2.481)
Other interest expenses	(18.937)	-	-	(18.937)
Net fees and commissions income	252.352	(44.917)	16.981	224.416
Fees and commissions received	556.904	-	17.062	573.966
Fees and commissions paid	(304.552)	(44.917)	(81)	(349.550)
Trade profit/ loss (net)	-	(1.539.815)	2.384.657	844.842
Profit/ loss on capital market transactions	_	10.003	_10011007	10.003
Profit /loss on derivative financial transactions	-	(1.549.818)	-	(1.549.818)
Foreign exchange profit/ loss	_		2.384.657	2.384.657
Other operating income	14.766	89	2.301.037	14.855
Provision for impairment of loan and other receivables	(367.359)	(2.110)	_	(369.469)
Other provisions	(07.002)	(=====)	(14.281)	(14.281)
Other operating expenses	_		(411.920)	(411.920)
Net period profit	2.036.906	(2.498.474)	1.972.956	1.511.388
Total segment assets	178.255.442	23.770.072	2.201.760	204.227.274
Banks and money market placements	170:255:442	11.681.430	2.201.700	11.681.430
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	_	153.454	-	153.454
Financial assets measured at fair value through other		155.454		133,434
comprehensive income	_	805.309	-	805.309
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	10.639.077	-	10.639.077
Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through				
profit/loss	-	474.784	-	474.784
Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	-	17.553	-	17.553
Loans	179.035.036	-	-	179.035.036
Tangible assets (net)	-	-	18.872	18.872
Intangible assets (net)	-	-	10.187	10.187
Other assets	-	-	2.172.701	2.172.701
Loan loss provision	(779.594)	(1.535)	-	(781.129)
Total segment liabilities	160.792.859	29.583.530	13.850.885	204.227.274
Funds borrowed and funds	160.630.707	-	-	160.630.707
Borrowings from money markets	-	1.375.566	-	1.375.566
Securities issued	-	22.953.260	-	22.953.260
Subordinated loans	-	4.463.576	-	4.463.576
Derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through				
profit/loss	-	122.230	-	122.230
Derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through		660,000		660,000
other comprehensive income	160.150	668.898	1.67.100	668.898
Provisions	162.152	-	167.189	329.341
Shareholders' equity	-	-	11.413.457	11.413.457
Other liabilities	-	- [	2.270.239	2.270.239

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FOUR (Continued)**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK (Continued)

## XII. Explanations on operating segments (Continued)

Prior Period	Corporate Banking	Investment Banking	Undistributed	Total Operations of the Bank
Interest income	4.344.978	511.181	-	4.856.159
Interest income on loans	4.341.340	-	-	4.341.340
Interest received from banks	- 1	158.958	-	158.958
Interest received from money market transactions	- 1	3.407	-	3.407
Interest received from marketable securities	- 1	348.816	-	348.816
Other interest income	3.638	-	_	3.638
Interest expense	(2.285.542)	(1.453.043)	(3.024)	(3.741.609)
Interest on loans borrowed	(2.255.608)		- (0.0 = 1)	(2.255.608)
Interest paid for money market transactions	(2.200.000)	(2.083)	-	(2.083)
Interest on securities issued	_	(1.450.960)	_	(1.450.960)
Lease interest espenses	_	(1.150.500)	(3.024)	(3.024)
Other interest expenses	(29.934)	_	(3.024)	(29.934)
Net fees and commissions income	199.932	(31.099)	6.329	175.162
Fees and commissions received	421.056	(31.099)	7.430	428.486
Fees and commissions paid		(31.099)	(1.101)	(253.324)
Trade profit/ loss (net)	(221.124)	1.133.402	(506.373)	(233.324) <b>627.029</b>
		······································		
Profit/ loss on capital market transactions	-	38	-	1 122 264
Profit /loss on derivative financial transactions	-	1.133.364	(50.6.252)	1.133.364
Foreign exchange profit/ loss		-	(506.373)	(506.373)
Other operating income	7.789	70	-	7.859
Provision for impairment of loan and other receivables	(131.863)	(1.134)	-	(132.997)
Other provisions	-	-	(422)	(422)
Other operating expenses	-	-	(359.546)	(359.546)
Net period profit	2.135.294	159.377	(863.036)	1.431.635
Total segment assets	142.893.018	18.527.296	1.462.798	162.883.112
Banks and money market placements	-	9.988.218	-	9.988.218
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	-	37.822	-	37.822
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	7.090.482	-	7.090.482
Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through				
profit/loss	-	1.264.616	-	1.264.616
Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	-	147.141	-	147.141
Loans	143.359.915	-	-	143.359.915
Tangible assets (net)	- [	-	23.531	23.531
Intangible assets (net)	-	-	7.122	7.122
Other assets	-	-	1.432.145	1.432.145
Loan loss provision	(466.897)	(983)	-	(467.880)
Total segment liabilities	127.718.346	22.924.334	12.240.432	162.883.112
Funds borrowed and funds	127.584.555	-	-	127.584.555
Borrowings from money markets	-	-	-	-
Securities issued	-	18.791.531	-	18.791.531
Subordinated loans	-	4.025.854	-	4.025.854
Derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through				
profit/loss	-	77.040	-	77.040
Derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through				
other comprehensive income	-	29.909	-	29.909
Provisions	133.791	-	129.568	263.359
Shareholders' equity	-	-	9.080.224	9.080.224
Other liabilities	-	-	3.030.640	3.030.640

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE**

#### EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- I. Explanations and notes related to assets
- 1. Cash equivalents and the account of CBRT

	Current	Period	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Cash/Foreign currency	10	-	21	-	
CBRT	258	5.005.314	551	7.320.280	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total	268	5.005.314	572	7.320.280	

#### Account of CBRT

	Current	Period	Prior 1	Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted Demand Deposits	258	5.005.314	551	7.320.280
Unrestricted Time Deposits	-	-	-	-
Restricted Time Deposits	-	-	-	-
Total	258	5.005.314	551	7.320.280

2. With their net values and comparison, information on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss subject to repo transactions and given as collateral/blocked

Einensiel Assatz at Esia Valenthusush Dustit/I ass	Curren	Current Period		Prior Period	
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Financial Assets Subject to Repo Transaction	-	74.901	-	-	
Financial Assets Given / Blocked as Collateral	-	_	-	-	
Total	-	74.901	-	-	

- 3. Derivative financial assets
- 3.1. Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss
- 3.1.1. Derivative financial assets held for trading

	Curren	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forward Transactions	761	-	-	-	
Swap Transactions	25.368	95	5.506	821	
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-	
Options	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total	26.129	95	5.506	821	

## 3.1.2. Derivative financial instruments held for risk management

	Current Period		Prior Period		
Derivative financial instruments held for risk management	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Fair value hedges	-	448.560	-	1.258.289	
Cash flow hedges	-		-	-	
Net foreign investment hedges	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	448,560	-	1.258.289	

- 3.2. Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income
- 3.2.1. Derivative financial assets held for trading

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)
- 3. Derivative financial assets (Continued)
- 3.2. Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (Continued)
- 3.2.2. Derivative financial instruments held for risk management

	Current Period		Prior Period	
Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Risk Management	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedges	-	-	-	-
Cash Flow Hedges	-	17.553	-	147.141
Net Foreign Investment Hedges	-	-	-	-
Total	-	17.553	-	147.141

#### 4. Information on banks and foreign bank accounts

	Curren	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Banks					
Domestic banks	1.274.843	3.428.548	339.005	1.270.720	
Foreign banks	-	284.722	-	1.057.741	
Foreign head offices and branches	-	_	-	-	
Total	1.274.843	3.713.270	339.005	2.328.461	

#### Foreign Bank Account

	Unrestricted	Amount	Restricted Amount		
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	
European Union Countries	46.029	954.040	-	-	
USA, Canada	238.027	102.377	-	-	
OECD Countries <sup>(1)</sup>	666	1.324	-	-	
Off-shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total	284.722	1.057.741	-	-	

<sup>(1)</sup> OECD countries except EU countries, USA and Canada.

# 5. With net values and comparison, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repo transactions and given as collateral/blocked

Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through	ncial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Current Period		Prior Period	
Other Comprehensive Income	Tl	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets Subject to Repo Transaction	-	439.424	-	-
Financial Assets Given / Blocked as Collateral	-	-	-	-
Total	-	439.424	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)

#### 6. Information related financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities		
Quoted to Stock Exchange	709.824	-
Not Quoted	-	-
Share Certificates		
Quoted to Stock Exchange	-	-
Not Quoted	95.532	37.822
Impairment Provision (-)	47	-
Total	805.309	37.822

As of 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income of the Bank consist of Garanti Faktoring A.Ş. and Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. with the shareholding percentages of 9,78% and 1,49%, respectively.

In addition, the Bank classifies the Borsa Istanbul A.Ş. (BIST) shares included in its portfolio under Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income.

#### 7. Information related to loans

#### 7.1. Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank:

	Current Period		Pri	or Period
	Cash	Non-Cash Loans	Cash	Non-Cash Loans
Direct Lendings to Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Corporates	-	-	-	-
Individuals	-	-	-	-
Indirect Lendings to Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Loans to Employees	13.324	-	10.059	-
Total	13.324	-	10.059	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)
- 7. Information related to loans (Continued)
- 7.2. Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including loans that have been restructured or rescheduled

		Loans Under Close Monitoring				
				Restructured		
Cash Loans Standard Loans Subj	Loans not Subject to Restructuring	The ones whose payment plans have changed	Refinancing			
Non-specialized Loans	173.792.950	1.096.596	2.367.600	-		
Working capital loans	22.684.473	69.394	1.185.966	-		
Export loans	118.967.526	1.013.651	988.019	-		
Import loans	-	-	-	-		
Loans granted to financial sector	12.980.432	-	-	-		
Consumer loans	13.324	-	-	-		
Credit cards	-	-	-	-		
Other	19.147.195	13.551	193.615	-		
Specialized loans	870.204	-	417.660	-		
Other receivables	-	-	-	-		
Total	174.663.154	1.096.596	2.785.260	-		

	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring
12 months expected credit loss	85.234	-
Increase in credit risk	-	204.538

# 7.3. Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including loans that have been restructured or rescheduled

Number of Amendments Related to the Extension of the Payment Plan	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring
Extended for 1 or 2 Times	3.251	889.567
Extended for 3, 4 or 5 Times	481	1.643.791
Extended for More than 5 Times	57	236.952

The Time Extended via the Amendment on Payment Plan	Standard Loans	<b>Loans Under Close Monitoring</b>
0-6 Months	3.039	524.758
6-12 months	331	875.987
1-2 Years	208	444.298
2-5 Years	211	510.638
5 Years and More	-	414.629

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)
- 7. Information related to loans (Continued)
- 7.4. Distribution of loans by maturity structure

		Loans Under Close Monitoring		
Current Period	Standart Loans	Loans and Other Receivables	Restructured Loans	
Short-term Loans	124.506.403	266.115	861.803	
Medium and Long-term				
Loans	50.156.751	830.481	1.923.457	
Total	174.663.154	1.096.596	2.785.260	

		<b>Loans Under Close Monitoring</b>		
Prior Period	Standart Loans	Loans and Other Receivables	Restructured Loans	
Short-term Loans	100.539.368	260.058	529.579	
Medium and Long-term				
Loans	39.446.286	352.879	1.726.992	
Total	139.985.654	612.937	2.256.571	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)
- 7. Information related to loans (Continued)
- 7.6. Information on consumer loans, personal credit cards, personnel loans and personnel credit cards

There are not any consumer loans, consumer credit cards and personnel credit cards.

As of 31 December 2020, the Bank has personnel loans amounting to TL 13.324.

	Short-term Medium and Long-term		Total
Consumer Loans-TL	-	-	-
Mortgage Loans	_	-	-
Automotive Loans	_	-	-
Consumer Loans		-	-
Other		-	-
Consumer Loans- Indexed to FC	_	-	_
Mortgage Loans	-	_	_
Automotive Loans			
Consumer Loans			
Other		-	
Consumer Loans-FC			
Mortgage Loans	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Automotive Loans		-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Retail Credit Cards – TL	-	-	-
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
Retail Credit Cards – FC	-	-	-
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	- 240	12.094	12 224
Personel Loans-TP	240	13.084	13.324
Housing Loans Automobile Loans	-	-	-
	-	-	-
General Purpose Loans Others	240	12.094	12 224
Personnel Loans - FC-indexed	240	13.084	13.324
Housing Loans	-		-
Automobile Loans			-
General Purpose Loans	-	-	-
Others			-
Personel Loans-YP		-	
Housing Loans	<u>-</u>	-	-
Automobile Loans			
General Purpose Loans		_	_
Others	-	-	_
Personel Credit Cards -TP	_	-	-
With Installment	_	_	_
Without Installment	-	-	-
Personel Credit Cards-YP	-	-	-
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
Deposit Accounts- TL (Real Persons)	-	-	-
Deposit Accounts – FC (Real Persons)	_	-	_
Total	240	13.084	13.324

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)
- 7. Information related to loans (Continued)

## 7.7. Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards

None.

#### 7.8. Distribution of domestic and foreign loans

	Current Period <sup>(*)</sup>	Prior Period
Public	10.607.683	9.993.125
Private	167.937.327	132.860.194
Total	178.545.010	142.853.319

<sup>(\*)</sup> Non-performing loans and non-performing loans' accrual amounts are not included.

## 7.9. Distribution of domestic and foreign loans according to borrowers based on the following table

	Current Period <sup>(*)</sup>	Prior Period <sup>(*)</sup>
Domestic Loans	172.335.361	137.493.949
Foreign Loans	6.209.649	5.359.370
Total	178.545.010	142.853.319

#### 7.10. Loans granted to investments in associates and subsidiaries

None.

## 7.11. Information on provisions allocated for defaults (stage three)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans with Limited Collectability	11.566	40.202
Loans Doubtful Collectability	4.538	5.737
Uncollectible Loans	473.718	377.364
Total	489.822	423.303

### 7.12. Information on non-performing loans (Net)

## 7.12.1 Information on non-performing loans and other receivables that are restructured or rescheduled

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Current Period			
Gross Amounts Before Provisions	_	-	1.265
Restructured Loans	_	-	1.265
Prior Period			
Gross Amounts Before Provisions	_	-	5.513
Restructured Loans	-	-	5.513

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)
- 7.12. Information on non-performing loans (Net) (Continued)
- 7.12.2 Information on the movement of total non-performing loans

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other	Loans and Other	Uncollectible Loans
	Receivables with	Receivables with	and Other
	Limited Collectability	Doubtful Collectability	Receivables
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	99.434	27.978	377.341
Additions During the Period	256.729	6	94.413
Transfers from Non-performing Loans Accounts	_	38.664	15.997
Transfers to Other Non-Performing Loans Accounts	(54.661)	-	-
Collections During the Period	(289.732)	(62.110)	(12.617)
Write-offs	-	-	(1.416)
Sold	-	-	-
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Credit cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	11.770	4.538	473.718
Provisions	(11.566)	(4.538)	(473.718)
Net Balance Sheet Amount	204	-	-

## 7.12.3 Information on non-performing loans that are granted as foreign currency loans

_	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Current Period			
Balance at the End of the Period	11.700	4.538	453.486
Provisions	(11.496)	(4.538)	(453.486)
Net Balance Sheet Amount	204	_	-
Prior Period			
Balance at the End of the Period	98.875	26.161	356.752
Provisions	(39.907)	(5.685)	(356.752)
Net Balance Sheet Amount	58,968	20.476	_

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)
- 7. Information related to loans (Continued)
- 7.12. Information on non-performing loans (Net) (Continued)
- 7.12.4. Information on the gross and net amounts of the non-performing loans according to types of borrowers

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Current Period (Net)			
Loans Granted to Real Persons and Corporate Entities (Gross)	11.770	4.538	473.426
Specific Provision Amount	(11.566)	(4.538)	(473.426)
Loans Granted to Real Persons and Corporate Entities (Net)	204	-	-
Banks (Gross)	-	-	292
Specific Provision Amount	-	-	(292)
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific Provision Amount	-	-	-
Other Loans (Net)	_	-	-
Prior Period (Net)			
Loans Granted to Real Persons and Corporate Entities (Gross)	99.434	27.978	377.051
Specific Provision Amount	(40.202)	(5.737)	(377.072)
Loans Granted to Real Persons and Corporate Entities (Net)	59.232	22.241	(21)
Banks (Gross)	-	-	292
Specific Provision Amount	-	-	(292)
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific Provision Amount	-	-	-
Other Loans and Receivables (Net)	-	-	-

# 7.12.5. Information on interest accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences and their equivalents calculated by banks allocating expected credit loss according to TFRS 9

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Current Period (Net)	-	-	-
Interest Accruals and Rediscounts and Valuation Differences	-	-	-
Provision Amount (-)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net)	598	1.243	_
Interest Accruals and Rediscounts and Valuation Differences	598	1.243	-
Provision Amount (-)	-	-	_

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)
- 7. Information related to loans (Continued)

#### 7.12.6. The main features of the collection policy for the uncollectible loans and other receivables

In order to liquidate the problematic receivables, all possible alternatives are assessed to be able to collect the maximum amount in line with the current legislation. In case the receivable is not collected within the allowed period, the receivable is collected by compensating the collateral. In case the collateral is not adequate for liquidating the receivable, negotiations with the debtors are attempted. The legal process commences for the receivables for which collection, settlement or rescheduling is not possible.

The Bank obtains Current Account Letter of Undertaking of the Debtor for loans granted to financial sector and obtains Letter of Undertaking of the Company for loans granted to companies to secure the repayment of the loans granted. The Bank attempts to liquidate the receivables from banks who acted as an intermediary for loans granted and whose banking licenses are cancelled upon application to the Savings Insurance and Deposit Fund.

#### 7.12.7. Explanations on the write-off policy

Where sound indicators exist that would suggest that the collection of the Bank's foreign compensation receivables is almost impossible or that the costs to be incurred for the collection of the receivable amount would be higher than the amount of the receivable, the receivable amount is written-off from the assets upon the decision of the Executive Committee.

Write-off of the non-performing loans and receivables is considered, during the legal follow-up process concerning the collection of receivables.

### 8. Explanations on financial assets measured at amortized cost

As of 31 December 2020, all of the marketable securities classified as financial asset measured at amortized cost are formed of government bonds, foreign currency bonds that are issued domestically and abroad by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance and lease certificates issued by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance.

# 8.1. Information on net values and comparative figures, which are subject to repo transactions and given / blocked as collateral

i) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Financial assets measured at amortized cost subject to repo transactions

	Current Period		Prior 1	Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Bonds and Similar Securities	-	1.519.521	-	-
Total	-	1.519.521	-	-

Financial assets measured at amortized cost given as collateral/blocked

	Current	Period	Prior I	Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Bonds and Similar Securities	559.151	454.646	601.480	-
Total	559.151	454.646	601.480	-

There are not any financial assets measured at amortised cost held for structured position.

	Current	t Period	Prior Pe	riod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Government Bonds	2.991.111	6.885.677	2.989.880	4.100.602
Treasury Bonds	-	-	-	_
Other Public Borrowing Bonds	-	762.289	-	_
Total	2.991.111	7.647.966	2.989.880	4.100.602

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)

## 8.2 Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost government debt securities

	Current Pe	riod	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Debt Securities	2.991.111	7.647.966	2.989.880	4.100.602	
Traded on the Stock Exchange	2.991.111	7.647.966	2.989.880	4.100.602	
Not Traded on the Stock Exchange	-	-	-	-	
Impairment Provision (-)	-	-	-	-	
Total	2.991.111	7.647.966	2.989.880	4.100.602	

#### 8.4 The movement of financial assets measured at amortised cost

i) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	7.090.482	3.249.722
Foreign exchange differences on monetary assets	1.715.963	32.550
Purchases during the year	1.724.460	4.032.405
Disposals through sales and redemptions	-	(271.492)
Increase/Decrease in value impairment provision <sup>(1)</sup>	108.172	47.297
Balance at the end of the period	10.639.077	7.090.482

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes changes in interest accruals, TL 1.535 amounting of expected loss provision not included.

## 9. Following information investments in associates account (net)

There is no any associates.

#### 10. Information on subsidiaries (net)

There is no any subsidiary.

#### 11. Information related to the jointly controlled partnerships

None.

#### 12. Information on lease receivables (net)

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)

## 13. Explanations on tangible assets

	Immovables <sup>(1)</sup>	Financial Leased Assets	Vahieles	Other Tangibles	Leasehold Improvements	Total
Cost	IIIIIIOVADICS	Leaseu Assets	venicles	rangibles	Improvements	Total
1 January 2020	22.354	31	4.330	15.440	14.257	56.412
Additions	861	-	-	3.427	-	4.288
Disposals	-	-	-	(15)	-	(15)
Transfers	-	(31)	31	-	-	-
31 December 2020	23.215	-	4.361	18.852	14.257	60.685
Accumulated Depreciation						
1 January 2020	6.948	31	3.339	10.352	14.257	34.927
Current year depreciation	6.460	-	276	2.271	-	9.007
Disposals	-	-	_	(10)	-	(10)
Transfers	-	(31)	31	_	-	-
31 December 2020	13.408	-	3.646	12.613	14.257	43.924
Net book value 31 December 2020	9.807	-	715	6.239	-	16.761

	Immovables	Financial Leased Assets	Vehicles	Other Tangibles	Leasehold Improvements	Total
Cost	Inniovables	Deugeu 11ggets	Vemeres	Tungines	Improvements	10441
1 January 2019	1.330	127	3.379	15.411	14.257	34.504
Additions	21.024	-	951	2.129	-	24.104
Disposals	-	(96)	-	(2.100)	-	(2.196)
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-
31 December 2019	22.354	31	4.330	15.440	14.257	56.412
Accumulated Depreciation						
1 January 2019	829	127	3.075	10.409	14.257	28.697
Current year depreciation	6.119	-	264	1.886	-	8.269
Disposals	-	(96)	-	(1.943)	-	(2.039)
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-
31 December 2019	6.948	31	3.339	10.352	14.257	34.927
Net book value 31 December 2019	15.406	-	991	5.088	-	21.485

As of 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, there is not any impairment in tangible assets.

In the Immovables column, all of the amounts acquired in 2020 and 2019 are due to the inclusion of the right of use of the rented immovables in the balance sheet within the scope of TFRS 16 application

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### I. Explanations and notes related to assets (Continued)

#### 14. Explanations on intangible assets

The Bank classified computer software licenses under intangible assets.

a) Cost and accumulated amortization at the beginning and end of the period:

As of 31 December 2020, gross book value and accumulated amortization of intangible assets are TL 18.821 and TL 8.634, respectively; at the beginning of the period, the gross book value and the accumulated amortization are TL 14.254 and TL 7.132 respectively.

b) Reconciliation of movements for the current period and the prior period:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Net Book Value at the Beginning of the Period	7.122	7.006
Internally Generated Amounts	-	-
Additions due to Mergers, Transfers and Acquisitions	4.566	1.531
Sales and Write-Off	-	-
Amounts Recorded under Revaluation Fund for Increase or Decrease in Value	-	-
Recorded Impairments in the Statement of Profit or Loss	-	-
Cancelled Impairments from Statement of Profit or Loss	-	-
Amortization Expense (-)	(1.501)	(1.415)
Net Currency Translation Differences of Foreign Subsidiaries		
Other Changes in the Book Value		
End of the Period	10.187	7.122

## 15. Information on investment properties

The former Istanbul service building, which had been included in the tangible fixed assets of the Bank, has been leased to the Prime Ministry Investment Support and Promotion Agency and classified as investment property in accordance with TAS 40.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Cost	4.727	4.566
Depreciation Expense	(2.616)	(2.520)
Net Value at the end of the Period	2.111	2.046

### 16. Information on deferred tax asset

As stated at Section 3 Note XVII, the Bank is exempt from corporate tax, and accordingly, no deferred tax asset or liability is recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

#### 17. Explanations on assets held for sale and explanations related to discontinued operations

None

# 18. If the other assets' items in the balance sheet exceed 10% of the total of the balance sheet, excluding the off-balance sheet commitments, the sub-accounts constituting at least 20% of these accounts

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### II. Explanations and notes on liabilities

#### 1. Information on deposits/funds received

The Bank does not accept deposits.

#### 2. Derivative financial liabilities

## 2.1. Explanations on derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

## 2.1.1. Information on trading derivative financial liabilities

Trading Derivative Financial Liabilities	Current I	Period	Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	825	-	-	-
Swap Agreements	10.618	103.486	-	31.766
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	11.443	103.486	-	31.766

#### 2.1.2. Information on derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes

	Curren	Current Period		Prior Period	
Derivative Financial Liabilities for Hedge	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Fair Value Hedge	-	7.301	-	45.274	
Cash Flow Hedge	-	-	-	-	
Net Investment in Foreign Operations Hedge	-	-	-	_	
Total	-	7.301	-	45.274	

## 2.2. Information on derivative financial liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income

## 2.2.1. Information on derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes

	Current Period		Prior Period	
Derivative Financial Liabilities for Hedge	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair Value Hedge	-	-	-	-
Cash Flow Hedge	-	668.898	-	29.909
Net Investment in Foreign Operations Hedge	-	-	-	-
Total	-	668.898	-	29.909

#### 3. Information on banks and other financial institutions

#### 3.1 General information on banks and other financial institutions

	Curren	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Borrowings from CBRT	7.769.415	107.738.177	-	89.645.623	
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	-	5.835.364	-	5.277.228	
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	-	39.287.738	-	32.661.691	
Total	7.769.415	152.861.279	-	127.584.542	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and notes on liabilities (Continued)
- 3. Information on banks and other financial institutions (Continued)
- 3.2 Information on maturity structure of borrowings

	Currei	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Short-Term	7.769.415	120.795.983	-	99.010.274	
Medium and Long-Term (*)	-	33.530.744	-	29.603.993	
Total	7.769.415	154.326.727	-	128.614.267	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Medium and long-term loans include subordinated loans amounting to TL 1.357.680 (31 December 2019: TL 998.220) and interest accruals of these loans amounting to TL 107.768 (31 December 2019: TL 31.505).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and notes on liabilities (Continued)
- 3. Information on banks and other financial institutions (Continued)

### 3.3 Additional explanations over areas of concentration of the liabilities of the Bank

As of 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, the main liabilities of the Bank are presented in the table below on the bases of the sources of the funds:

	Current	
Funds borrowed	Period <sup>(*)</sup>	Prior Period(*)
CBRT	115.507.591	89.645.623
Syndicated loans	26.592.608	19.463.345
World Bank	3.644.021	3.001.196
European Investment Bank	3.135.900	3.151.172
ICBC Macau Ltd.	2.585.905	2.089.623
Islamic Development Bank	2.065.365	1.548.772
ICBC Turkey AŞ	1.814.751	1.491.052
Council of Europe Development Bank	1.510.419	1.375.325
Subordinated loans	1.465.448	1.029.725
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Dubai	638.631	294.767
ING DIBA	614.572	527.168
Intesa Sanpaolo İstanbul Şubesi	502.754	674.837
Standard Chartered Bank	391.338	585.041
Citibank Dublin	366.410	295.053
NCB - National Commercial Bank of Saudi Arabia	365.952	-
MUFG Bank	292.820	223.317
Black Sea Trade and Development Bank	226.352	334.710
KT Bank AG	182.746	-
Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd	180.999	598.581
Turk Bankası LTD	11.560	-
China Development Bank	-	1.189.150
ING European Financial Services	-	667.551
Türkiye Vakıflar Bankası TAO	-	328.180
Bank ABC	-	100.079
Total(**)	162.096.142	128.614.267

<sup>(\*)</sup> Includes credit principal balances and related rediscount amounts.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> The total amount of funds borrowed from financial institutions includes subordinated loans amounting to TL 1.357.680 (31 December 2019: 998.220) and interest accruals of TL 107.768 (31 December 2019: 31.505) related to these loans.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and notes on liabilities (Continued)
- 3. Information on banks and other financial institutions (Continued)
- 3.3 Additional explanations over areas of concentration of the liabilities of the Bank (Continued)

The Bank performed the following repayments during the year 2020:

Funds borrowed	Repayment Amount- USD	Repayment Amount- EUR	Repayment Date
MUFG Bank	36.630	-	3 January 2020
European Investment Bank	-	10.000	6 January 2020
European Investment Bank	1.915	-	13 January 2020
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	20.000	-	22 January 2020
European Investment Bank	-	2.375	27 January 2020
European Investment Bank	2.841	-	27 January 2020
Societe Generale Bank	-	93.250	3 February 2020
Council of Europe Development Bank	-	8.333	10 February 2020
European Investment Bank	1.903	-	10 February 2020
World Bank	4.148	-	2 March 2020
World Bank	-	1.110	2 March 2020
Citibank	49.500	-	5 March 2020
Syndication loans	-	5.556	30 March 2020
Syndication loans	10.417	-	30 March 2020
Syndication loans	17.500	-	3 April 2020
Syndication loans		61.250	3 April 2020
Syndication loans	-	61.250	3 April 2020
Syndication loans	17.500	-	3 April 2020
European Investment Bank	-	1.471	3 April 2020
Islamic Development Bank	12.096	-	14 April 2020
Syndication loans	133.900	-	21 April 2020
Syndication loans	_	368.500	21 April 2020
Council of Europe Development Bank	-	5.000	27 April 2020
Syndication loans	-	7.143	7 May 2020
Syndication loans	2.143	-	7 May 2020
ING European Financial Services	-	50.000	11 May 2020
Intesa SPA Turkey	-	100.000	12 May 2020
Council of Europe Development Bank	-	5.000	18 May 2020
ING DIBA	-	5.653	4 June 2020
Standard Chartered Bank	_	44.000	4 June 2020
European Investment Bank	-	1.471	17 June 2020
European Investment Bank	-	10.000	19 June 2020
European Investment Bank	-	10.000	22 June 2020
European Investment Bank	-	5.000	22 June 2020
European Investment Bank	_	10.000	22 June 2020
Syndication loans	37.500	-	29 June 2020
Syndication loans	-	14.286	29 June 2020
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	29.500	-	30 June 2020
European Investment Bank	-	5.000	30 June 2020
Standard Chartered Bank	_	43.000	6 July 2020
European Investment Bank	_	10.000	6 July 2020
European Investment Bank	1.915	-	13 July 2020
Mizuho Bank	100.000	-	14 July 2020
European Investment Bank	2.841		27 July 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and notes on liabilities (Continued)
- 3. Information on banks and other financial institutions (Continued)
- 3.4 Additional explanations over areas of concentration of the liabilities of the Bank (Continued)

Funds borrowed	Repayment Amount- USD	Repayment Amount- EUR	Repayment Date
European Investment Bank	-	2.375	27 July 2020
Council of Europe Development Bank	-	8.333	10 August 2020
European Investment Bank	1.903	-	10 August 2020
Council of Europe Development Bank	-	3.125	10 August 2020
Dünya Bankası	4.148	-	1 September 2020
Dünya Bankası	-	1.110	1 September 2020
China Development Bank	200.000	-	21 September 2020
Syndication loans	10.417	-	28 September 2020
Syndication loans	-	5.556	28 September 2020
European Investment Bank	-	1.471	5 October 2020
Syndication loans	50.000	-	9 October 2020
Islamic Development Bank	12.096	-	14 October 2020
Council of Europe Development Bank	-	5.000	26 October 2020
Black Sea Trade and Development Bank	-	50.000	27 October 2020
Syndication loans	-	7.143	9 November 2020
Syndication loans	2.143	-	9 November 2020
ABC International Bank	-	15.000	10 November 2020
ING European Financial Services	-	50.000	11 November 2020
International Islamic Trade Finance Corporation (ITFC)	330.000	-	16 November 2020
Syndication loans	30.755	-	16 November 2020
Council of Europe Development Bank	-	5.000	16 November 2020
Syndication loans	-	472.041	16 November 2020
ING DIBA	-	5.653	4 December 2020
Standard Chartered	-	44.000	15 December 2020
European Investment Bank	-	1.471	17 December 2020
European Investment Bank	-	10.000	21 December 2020
European Investment Bank	-	5.000	21 December 2020
European Investment Bank	-	10.000	22 December 2020
European Investment Bank	-	10.000	22 December 2020
Syndication loans	37.500	-	29 December 2020
Syndication loans	-	14.286	29 December 2020
European Investment Bank	-	5.000	30 December 2020

## 4. Information regarding securities issued

As of 31 December 2020, the liabilities of the Bank resulting from bond issuances is presented as follows:

Information regarding securities issued	Current Period	Prior Period
Securities Issued	21.853.312	18.078.347
Discount on Issuance of Securities (-)	30.528	68.356
Bond Interest Accrual	1.130.476	781.540
Total	22.953.260	18.791.531

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### II. Explanations and notes on liabilities (Continued)

# 5. If the other liabilities items in the balance sheet exceed 10% of the total of the balance sheet, the sub-accounts constituting at least 20% of these (names and amounts)

At least 20% of other liabilites item on Balance Sheet, together with the amounts not to exceed 10% of the total balance sheet is provided below.

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Country Loans- Risk Premiums	-	597.657	-	525.429
Loan Transactions	7.338	48.128	1.233	46.469
Insurance Transactions	5.790	3.548	3.956	69
Political Risk and Loss	-	2.641	-	1.987
Unearned Revenue	-	12.617	-	8.322
Total	13.128	664.591	5.189	582.276

## 6. Information on lease payables (net)

As of 31 December 2020, all lease transactions of the Bank consist of operating lease transactions.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Lease obligation under the contract	14.306	20.801
Deferred interest expense	(1.773)	(3.840)
Total	12.533	16.961

#### 7. Information on provisions

# 7.1. Expected credit losses for non-cash loans that are not indemnified or converted into cash or expexted credit losses for non-cash loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected credit losses (insurance and non-cash loans)	162.152	133.791

As of 31 December 2020, the Bank has a provision amounting to TL 160.393. (31 December 2019: TL 133.791) for the possible future claims due to the export receivables it insures and TL 1.759 (31 December 2019: None) for letter of guarantees.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and notes on liabilities items (Continued)
- 7. Information on provisions

# 7.2. Information on provisions for decrease in foreign exchange differences of foreign currency indexed loans and financial leasing receivables principal amounts

There is not any foreign currency indexed loan of the Bank.

#### 7.3. Information on employee benefits provisions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for employee termination benefits	26.332	30.076
Reserve for success fee	35.000	31.878
Unused vacation	15.995	16.420
Reserve for dividend payment	21.500	17.994
Other	-	528
Total	98.827	96.896

# 7.4. Other provisions, If other provisions exceed 10% of total provisions, the names and amounts of the sub-accounts causing the overdraft

Other provisions consist of TL 230.514 (31 December 2019: TL 166.463), sub-accounts consist of non-cash insurance provisions of TL 162.152 (31 December 2019: TL 133.791), lawsuits and court provisions consist of TL 14.035 and other provisions amounting to TL 54.327 (31 December 2019: TL 32.672).

### 8. Explanations on tax liability

#### 8.1 Explanations on current tax liability

## 8.1.1. Information on provision for taxes

None.

#### 8.1.2. Information on taxes payable

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate Taxes Payable <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-
Taxation on Revenue from Securities	-	-
Property Tax	-	-
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax	5.267	7.616
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	-	-
Value Added Tax Payable	763	678
Other	3.721	3.194
Total	9.751	11.488

<sup>(1)</sup> As stated at Section 3 Note XVII, the Bank is exempt from corporate tax.

## 8.1.3. Information on premium payables

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums – Employee	2.864	2.556
Social Security Premiums – Employer	4.432	3.980
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premiums – Employee	-	-
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premiums – Employer	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fee and Provisions - Employee	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fee and Provisions - Employer	-	-
Unemployment Insurance – Employee	227	205
Unemployment Insurance - Employer	426	382
Other	-	-
Total	7.949	7.123

#### 8.2. Information on deferred tax liability

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and notes on liabilities (Continued)
- 9. Information on subordinated debt instruments

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Debt instruments to be included in the additional capital calculation	_	1.465.448	_	1.029.725
Subordinated Loans	-	1.465.448	-	1.029.725
Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-
Debt instruments to be included in the contribution capital calculation	2.998.128	_	2.996.129	-
Subordinated Loans	-	-	-	-
Subordinated Debt Instruments	2.998.128	-	2.996.129	-
Total	2.998.128	1.465.448	2.996.129	1.029.725

## 10. Information on shareholders' equity

## 10.1. Presentation of paid-in capital

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common Stock	9.270.000	7.160.000
Preferred Stock	_	-

# 10.2 Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applied and if so, amount of registered share capital ceiling

Capital System	Paid-in Capital	Capital Ceiling
Registered Capital System	9.270.000	10.000.000

The Bank has decided to use the capital stock system that is registered on the extraordinary general meeting held on 12 January 2017. The decision has been submitted to the trade register and has been published on Turkey Trade Registry Gazette No. 9252 on 30 January 2017.

#### 10.2.1. Information on share capital increase from revaluation funds during the current period

Increase Date	Increase Amount	Cash	Profit reserves used for increase	Capital reserves used for increase
1 December 2020	2.110.000	750.000	1.360.000	-

### 10.2.2. Information on the portion added from capital reserves to paid-in capital

There is no portion added from capital reserves to the paid-in capital in the current period.

# 10.2.3. Information on capital commitments, the purpose and the sources until the end of the fiscal year and the subsequent interim period

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- II. Explanations and notes on liabilities (Continued)
- 10. Information on shareholders' equity (Continued)
- 10.3. The effects of anticipations based on the financial figures for prior periods regarding the Bank's income, profitability and liquidity, and the anticipations regarding the uncertainty of these indicators on the shareholders' equity

The credit, interest and the foreign currency risk policies of the Bank were determined to minimize the losses that may result from these risks. The Bank aims to obtain a reasonable positive return on equity in real terms in relation with its banking transactions and to protect its equity from the effects of inflation. Accordingly, the Bank does not expect losses that may materially affect its equity. In addition, the free capital of the Bank is high and is getting steadily stronger.

### 10.4. Information on privileges given to shares representing the capital

The common shares of the Bank are owned by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance.

### 10.5. Information on marketable securities value increase fund

	<b>Current Period</b>		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint				
Ventures	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference	83.612	32.668	28.658	-
Foreign Currency Differences	-	-	-	-
Total	83.612	32.668	28.658	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- III. Explanations and notes related to off-balance sheet accounts
- I. Explanations on off-balance sheet commitments
- 1.1 Type and amount of irrevocable commitments

As of 31 December 2020, the Bank has irrevocable commitments amounting to TL 1.147.391 TL (31 December 2019: TL 20.879).

1.2 The structure and amount of probable losses and commitments resulting from off-balance sheet items, including those below:

None.

## 1.2.1 Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letters of credit

	Current Period	Prior Period
Letters of Guarantee	11.040	-
Endorsements	_	-
Guarantees and bails given for export	_	-
Guarantees given for Export Loan Insurance	11.979.838	10.891.326
Total	11.990.878	10.891.326

### 1.2.2 Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies

None.

## 1.3 Total amount of non-cash loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	11.040	
With original maturity of 1 year or less than 1 year	11.040	-
With original maturity of more than 1 year	-	-
Other non-cash loans	11.979.838	10.891.326
Total	11.990.878	10.891.326

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- III. Explanations and notes related to off-balance sheet accounts (Continued)
- 1. Explanations on off-balance sheet commitments (Continued)
- 1.4. Information on sectorial risk concentrations of non-cash loans

		Current Period				Prio	r Period	
	TL	(%)	FC	(%)	TL	(%)	FC	(%)
Agricultural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farming and Raising livestock	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	-	-	840	-	-	-	-	-
Mining and Quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Production	-	-	840	-	-	-	-	-
Electric, Gas and Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	4.676	-	-	-	-	-
Services	-	-	5.524	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale and Retail Trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hotel, Food and Beverage Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and								
Telecommunication	-	-	5.524	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real Estate and Leasing Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Self-employment Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Social Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	137.621	100	11.842.217	100	-	-	10.891.326	100
Total	137.621	100	11.853.257	100	-	-	10.891.326	100

## 1.5. Information on the non-cash loans classified under Group I and Group II

	Group I		Group II	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Non-Cash loans				
Letters of Guarantee	-	11.040	-	-
Bank Acceptances	-	-	-	-
Letters of Credit	-	-	-	-
Endorsements	-	-	-	-
Underwriting Commitments	-	-	-	-
Factoring Guarantees	-	-	-	-
Other Commitments and Contingencies	137.621	11.842.217	-	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### III. Explanations and notes related to off-balance sheet accounts (Continued)

#### 1. Explanations on off-balance sheet commitments (Continued)

#### 1.6. Information on derivative transactions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Types of Trading Transactions		
Foreign Currency Related Derivative Transactions: (I)	5.474.056	6.514.640
Forward Transactions	89.339	-
Swap Transactions	5.384.717	6.514.640
Futures Transactions	-	-
Option Transactions	-	-
Interest Related Derivative Transactions (II)	-	7.816.990
Forward Interest Rate Agreements	-	-
Interest Rate Swaps	-	7.816.990
Interest Rate Options	-	-
Interest Rate Futures	-	-
Other Trading Derivative Transactions: (III)	-	-
A. Total Trading Derivative Transactions (I+II+III)	5.474.056	14.331.630
Types of Hedging Derivative Transactions		
Fair Value Hedges	40.242.242	34.990.664
Cash Flow Hedges	14.714.995	14.674.128
Foreign Currency Investment Hedges	-	-
B. Total Hedging Derivative Transactions (IV)	54.957.237	49.664.792
Total Derivative Transactions (A+B)	60.431.293	63.996.422

#### 1.7. Explanations on credit derivatives and risk of exposure from these derivatives

Derivative transaction is made for hedging the balance sheet risks to the maximum extent by minimizing the inconsistencies between the assets and liabilities of the Bank. As a result of these transactions, the Bank is exposed to the risk of changes in fair value. As a result of these transactions, there are cross currency swaps and interest swaps against the fixed interest rate bonds issued by the Bank.

Except for derivative financial transactions subjected to hedge accounting, the Bank is also preserved from the risk financially, through but also it has financial derivative instruments recorded as trading derivative assets and trading derivative liabilities. For this purpose, the Bank mainly uses foreign currency and interest rate swaps. With these instruments, the Bank aims to prevent the currency risk and interest rate risk

## 1.8. Explanations on contingent assets and liabilities

The Bank recognizes contingent assets if the probability of the inflow of economic benefits is virtually certain. In case the inflow of economic benefits is probable but not virtually certain, such contingent asset is disclosed.

As of 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, there is not any contingent asset.

The Bank recognizes provision for contingent liability when the probability of occurrence is high and the contingent liability can be reliably estimated; if the contingent liability cannot be reliably estimated, the contingent liability is disclosed. When the likelihood of the occurrence of the contingent liability is remote or low, it is disclosed.

In this respect, as of 31 December 2020, there are legal proceedings outstanding against the Bank amounting to TL 21.759, USD 5.288 and EUR 656 as confirmed from the lawyer letter prepared by the legal department of the Bank.

There are legal proceedings outstanding filed by the Bank. These legal proceedings amount to TL 274.667, USD 52.615 and EUR 14.495.

### 1.9. Explanations on services in the name of others

The Bank does not have any custody and deposit activities in the name of real and legal persons.

The Bank also provides insurance to some extent for the export receivables of exporter companies against commercial and political risks under the scope of export loan insurance program.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## IV. Explanations on notes related to statement of profit or loss

## 1. Within the scope of interest income

### 1.1. Information on interest income on loans

	Current Period		Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Interest income on Loans					
Short-term Loans	1.016.730	1.591.495	905.467	1.878.274	
Medium and Long-term Loans	35.154	1.580.860	32.586	1.521.183	
Interest on Loans Under Follow-up	4.644	305	3.830	-	
Premiums Received from Resource Utilization					
Support Fund	-	-	-	-	
Total	1.056.528	3.172.660	941.883	3.399.457	

## 1.2. Information on interest income from banks

	Current Pe	riod	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
CBRT	_	-	6.386	1.408	
Domestic Banks	117.247	5.264	96.128	21.219	
Foreign Banks	-	4.283	25	33.792	
Headquarters and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-	
Total	117.247	9.547	102.539	56.419	

## 1.3 Interest income from securities portfolio

	Current	Current Period		Current Period Prior Perio		Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC		
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	-	20.614	-	-		
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other						
Comprehensive Income	-	25.163	-	-		
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	281.751	244.189	305.157	43.659		
Total	281.751	289.966	305.157	43.659		

#### 1.4 Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries

There is no interest income from associates and subsidiaries.

## 2. Within the scope of interest expense

## 2.1 Information on interest expense on borrowings

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
CBRT	254.942	624.844	-	933.116
Domestic Banks	75	156.212	45	246.655
Foreign Banks	-	972.181	-	1.044.287
Headquarters and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	76.263	-	31.505
Total	255.017	1.829.500	45	2.255.563

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## IV. Explanations and notes related to statement of profit or loss (Continued)

## 2.2. Information on interest expense given to associates and subsidiaries

There is no interest expense given to associates and subsidiaries.

### 2.3. Interest paid to marketable securities issued

	Current Period		Prior	Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interests paid to marketable securities issued	388.066	1.294.402	371.433	1.079.527

#### 2.4. With respect to deposit and participation accounts

### 2.4.1 Maturity structure of the interest expense on deposits

The Bank does not accept deposits.

### 2.4.2 Maturity structure of the share paid of participation accounts

There are no participation accounts.

### 3. Information on trading income/loss (Net)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gain	85.038.322	48.379.526
Trading Gains on Securities	10.003	38
Trading Gains on Derivative Financial Transactions	1.627.465	2.555.968
Foreign Exchange Gains	83.400.854	45.823.520
Loss (-)	84.193.480	47.752.497
Trading Losses on Securities	-	-
Trading Losses from Derivative Financial Transactions	3.177.283	1.422.604
Foreign Exchange Loss	81.016.197	46.329.893

## 4. Information on other operating income

	Current Period	Prior Period
Other Income from International Loans	1.689	2.101
Rent Income	1.367	1.207
Relaesed Provisions	3.311	240
Income from Sales of Assets	-	154
Other	8.399	4.087
Total	14.766	7.789

### 5. Explanations on provisions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected Credit Loss	369.469	132.997
12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	102.969	41.647
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	199.982	3.402
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	66.518	87.948
Marketable Securities Impairment Expense (*)	195	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	195	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost Value Decrease	-	_
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other (*)	14.035	-
Total	383.699	132.997

<sup>(\*)</sup> Marketable securities impairment expenses and litigation and court provisions are classified under other provision expense

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**SECTION FIVE (Continued)** 

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- IV. Explanations and notes related to statement of profit or loss (Continued)
- 6. Information related to other operating expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for Employee Termination Benefits (*)	-	-
Bank Social Aid Provision Fund Deficit Provision	-	-
Vacation Pay Liability, net	51	422
Impairment Expenses of Tangible Fixed Assets	-	-
Depreciation Expenses of Tangible Fixed Assets	9.101	8.362
Impairment Expenses of Intangible Fixed Assets	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Goodwill	-	-
Amortization Expenses of Intangible Assets	1.501	1.415
Impairment Expenses of Equity Participations for which Equity Method is Applied	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Assets Held for Sale	-	-
Depreciation Expenses of Assets Held for Sale	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Non-current Asset Held for Sale and Discounted Operations	-	-
Other Operating Expenses	23.718	20.868
Operational Lease Expenses	-	1
Maintenance Expenses	508	791
Advertisement Expenses	67	11
Other Expenses	23.143	20.065
Loss on Sale of Assets	-	-
Other (**)	116.734	103.329
Total	151.105	134.396

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amount of severance pay and accumulated vacation allowance shown in other provisions that are not included in other operating expenses in the profit or loss statement are also included in this table.

## 7. Explanation on tax provisions for continuing and discontinued operations

None.

### 8. Explanation on net income/loss for the period

8.1. If the nature, size and the reoccurrence rate of the income and expense resulting from the ordinary banking activities are important to explain the performance of the Bank in the current period, the nature and the amount of these transactions

The Bank made a partial termination on 28 February 2020 and 12 May 2020 regarding the cross currency swap transaction performed on 5 May 2018. As a result of the interest valuation related to the swap that terminated early, the Counterparty made a payment amounting to TL 161.000 (26.150 thousand USD) and TL 44.000 (6.250 thousand USD) to Eximbank; the related amount is recognized as income under Income/Losses from Derivative Financial Instruments respectively.

8.2. If the changes in the estimates of the financial statement accounts may affect the profit/loss in the following periods, related periods and the necessary information

None.

8.3. If the other accounts in the income statement exceed 10% of the total of the income statement, the sub-accounts constituting at least 20% of these accounts

	Current Period	Prior Period
Insurance Transactions Commission Income	473.221	355.543
Loan Transactions Commission Income	83.683	65.513
Other	17.062	7.430
Fees and Commissions Received	573.966	428.486
Insurance Transactions Commission Expenses	255.783	173.798
Funds Borrowed Commission Expenses	5.301	4.402
Securities Issued Commission Expenses	13.487	13.658
Other	74.979	61.466
Fees and Commissions Paid	349.550	253.324
Net Fees and Commissions Income	224.416	175.162

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<sup>(\*\*)</sup> The other column under other operating expenses includes BRSA participation share and KOSGEB amounting to TL 82.026

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**SECTION FIVE (Continued)** 

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- V. Explanations and notes related to changes in shareholders' equity
- 1. Information about the adjustment related to the application of Financial Instruments Accounting Standards in the current period
- 1.1. The increase after the revaluation of the Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

The fair value gains of the Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income, other than the hedging instruments, amounting to TL 54.954 are recorded under the "Marketable Securities Value Increase Fund" account under equity.

1.2. Information for the increases in the accounts related to cash flow hedges

	Current Period	Prior Period
Hedging Reserves (Effective portion)	(15.982)	(234)

1.2.1 The reconciliation and confirmation for the cash flow hedges accounts at the beginning and end of the period

Opening Balance	Current Period	Prior Period
Hedging Reserves (Effective portion)	48.999	49.233

Ending Balance	Current Period	Prior Period
Hedging Reserves (Effective portion)	33.017	48.999

1.2.2. Under the cash flow hedges, the current period charge of the income or loss under equity related with a derivative or a non-derivate financial asset and liability designated as cash flow hedge instruments

Under the cash flow hedge, the income or loss are related with a derivative or a non-derivate financial asset and liability designated as cash flow hedge instruments recorded under the hedging reserves amounting to TL 33.017.

1.2.3. Reconciliation of foreign exchange differences at the beginning and end of the period

None.

- 2. Information related to distribution of profit
- 2.1. The amount of dividend declared before the approval date of the financial statements but after the balance
- 2.2. Earnings per share proposed to be distributed to shareholders after the balance sheet date

Profit distributions are approved by the General Assembly of the Bank. As of the report date, no profit distribution decision has been made by the General Assembly for 2020 profit.

3. Amount transferred to legal reserves

	Current Period	Prior Period
Amount Transferred to Legal Reserves under Dividend Distribution	71.582	43.358

- 4. Information on issuance of share certificates
- 4.1 For all share groups; any restrictions, preferential terms and rights for distribution of dividends and payment of share capital.

None.

5. Explanations on other share capital increases

In 2020, the Bank increased its capital amounting to TL 2.110.000 by TL 1.360.000 from internal sources, TL 750.000 TL from cash

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### VI. Explanations and notes related to statement of cash flows

### 1. Information on the cash and cash equivalents

### 1.1. Information on cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period

The components constituting the cash and cash equivalents and the accounting policies used for the determination of these components:

Cash and foreign currency together with demand deposits at banks including the CBRT are defined as "Cash" and interbank money market and time deposits in banks with original maturities of less than three months are defined as "Cash equivalents".

Beginning of the Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Cash	21	29
CBRT and other banks	9.988.297	4.235.444
Money market placements	-	-
Banks accrual	-	(1.540)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	9.988.318	4.233.933

## 1.2. Information on the cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period

	Current Period	<b>Prior Period</b>
Cash	5.005.582	7.320.852
Cash	10	21
Central Bank	5.005.572	7.320.831
Cash Equivalents	6.676.356	2.667.466
Banks and other financial institutions	4.988.113	2.667.466
Money market placements	1.688.243	-
Cash and Banks	11.681.938	9.988.318
Banks Accrual	(11.882)	-
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	11.670.056	9.988.318

# 1.3. Explanations about other cash flows items and the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents

The "Other" item under "Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities" amounting to TL 445.517 (31 December 2019: TL 447.906) mainly consists of fees and commissions paid, foreign exchange losses, other operating income excluding collections from doubtful receivables and other operating expenses excluding personnel expenses.

The "Net increase/decrease in other liabilities" item under "Changes in operating assets and liabilities" amounting to TL 701.140 (31 December 2019: TL 1.003.905) consists mainly of changes in miscellaneous payables, other liabilities and taxes and other duties payable.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FIVE (Continued)**

# EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## VII. Explanations and notes related to the Bank's risk group

In accordance with the paragraph 5 of article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411, the Bank does not have any shareholding which it controls directly or indirectly and with which it constitutes a risk group.

1. Explanations and notes related to the domestic, foreign, off-shore branches or affiliates and foreign representatives of the Bank

Information on the Bank's domestic and foreign branches and foreign representatives of the Bank

	Number	Number of Employees			
Domestic Branch	20	711			
			Country of Incorporation		
Foreign					
Representation Office	-	-	-		Statutomy
				Total Assets	Statutory Share Capital
Foreign branch	-	-	-	-	-
Off-shore Banking					
Region Branches	-	-	-	-	-

2. Information on the Bank's branch or representative office openings, closings, significant changes in the organizational structure

The Bank has opened 3 branches in 2020.

VIII. Explanations and notes related to events after balance sheet

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION SIX**

#### OTHER EXPLANATIONS

## I. Summary information about the Bank's credit ratings from international credit rating agencies

The ratings given by international rating agencies are as follows as of 31 December 2020.

Moody's 15 September 2020		Fitch Ratings 1 September 2020		
Long Term (Foreign and Local Currency) Issuer Rating	B2	Long Term Foreign Currency Issuer Rating	В+	Negative
Foreign Currency Bond Rating	B2	Long Term Local Currency Credit Rating	BB-	Negative
Foreign Currency Bond Rating (Medium Term Issuance Program)	(P)B2	Short Term Foreign Currency Credit Rating	В	
Basic Credit Evaluation Note	b3	Short Term Local Currency Credit Rating	В	
Adjusted Basic Credit Rating	b3	Support Note	4	
Long Term Counterparty (Foreign and Local Currency) Risk Rating	B2	Support Rating Base	В+	
Long Term Counterparty Risk Assessment	B2(cr)	National Long Term Credit Rating	AAA (tur)	Stable
Short Term Issuer Notes (Foreign and Local Currency)	NP			
Other Short Term	(P)NP			
View	Negative			

### SECTION SEVEN

## Independent Auditors' Report

- I. Explanations on the independent auditors' report
- 1. Explanations on auditors' report

The unconsolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2020 have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) and Independent Auditors' Report dated 26 February 2021 is presented before the unconsolidated financial statements.

## II. Explanations and notes prepared by independent auditor

None.